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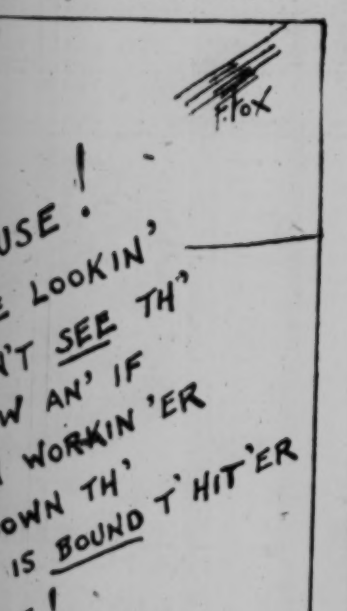
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Chains—By Fontaine Fox.



With Gestures.

Movie Director: How do you ex-  
press surprise?  
Comic Strip Artist: By falling over  
backwards.—New York Sun.Where  
Your  
Tax  
Dollar  
GoesGovernment fails when  
the excess of cost robs  
the people of the way  
to happiness and the  
opportunity to achieve.  
—President Harding

VOL. 74. NO. 122.

## SHIP REPLACEMENT PLAN AND SCRAPPING METHODS ARE READY

### \$6000 IN STOLEN SECURITIES FOUND; 2 ST. LOUISANS HELD

Half of Certificates, Obtained  
From Bank Messenger in  
Cincinnati Holdup, Recovered  
in Chicago.

Six of the 12 United States Treasury certificates for \$1000 each, which were stolen Dec. 10 in the holdup of a messenger for the Hamilton County Bank of Cincinnati, O., have been recovered and two St. Louisans are being held by the United States Secret Service Department in connection with the finding of the securities.

The men under arrest are John Miller, a pawnbroker, of 1222 Chicago street, who was arrested last night at his place of business; and John Hickey, of 3446 Texas avenue, a furniture buyer, who was arrested yesterday in Chicago.

The certificates were recognized by their numbers when they reached the Federal Reserve Bank at Chicago several days ago. They had been turned over by a banking concern which had received them from Benjamin Sandack, a Chicago pawnbroker.

Story of Chicago Man.  
Sandack, when questioned by Secret Service operatives, said he had received the certificates from Miller and Hickey, who, he said, had offered to sell them to him for \$4700. Miller, when confronted with Sandack's statement, said that he and Hickey went to Chicago last Saturday night to spend New Year's day there. He had known Sandack for some time, he said, and invited the latter to take dinner with him and Hickey at the hotel where they were staying. Later in the day, he said, he and Hickey visited Sandack's home. Miller said that he left Chicago Monday night and returned to St. Louis, arriving here yesterday morning. He said he had no knowledge of the certificates.

Requisition for the extradition of Oliver Dougherty, who was identified by the bank messenger as the man who had sold the certificates, was granted by the United States marshal at Chicago. Dougherty's safe deposit box at the Franklin Bank was opened on an attachment writ in search of the stolen certificates. The box contained no certificates, but counsel representing the Hamilton County Bank took charge of \$500 in 120 bills found in the box and \$150 in cash taken from Dougherty when he was arrested.

One of the robbers, who was killed in a revolver fight with policemen following the robbery, was later identified as Edward J. (Ego) Sullivan, a former St. Louis convict.

Naval Committee to Meet,  
Possibly Today or Tomorrow,  
to Study Report of  
Experts—Five Per Cent  
Effective Tariff for China  
Is Decided Upon.

### FRENCH AGREE TO SUBMARINE PROPOSAL

Acceptance Made Contingent  
on Discussion of Language  
of Plan—Tasks of Conference  
Likely to Be Grouped  
for Early Final Plenary  
Session.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—The virtual completion of the report to be submitted by the committee of naval experts to the Naval Committee of the armament conference and agreement of the subcommittee on Chinese tariff on a five per cent effective basis were two important developments today in the conference situation.

The Naval Committee may be called to meet this afternoon or tomorrow, it was said, to receive the report of the experts, which will embody precise definition of the replacement schedules as well as the exact method of scrapping ships which are to be eliminated from the navies of the signatory Powers.

While the rate agreed upon by the subcommittee on Chinese tariff is the same as that provided in existing treaties, the fixing of 5 per cent as the "effective" rate is expected to result in a clear increase of approximately 1 1/2 per cent to the Chinese Government, adverse exchange rates having reduced the existing tariff to about 3 1/2 per cent.

French Accept Submarine Plan.  
An important step toward agreement by the Powers on the American proposal to prohibit use of submarines against merchant vessels was taken yesterday in the acceptance of the proposals by the French delegation subject to a discussion of the precise language of the declaration.

Although acceptance of the proposal requires the full approval of France, and it is believed the delegations possibly will be prepared to resume the matter today at a meeting of the full Naval Committee of the conference.

The exact nature of the reservations attached to the French acceptance, as communicated to Secretary Hughes by Ambassador Jusserand late yesterday, has not been revealed, but it is believed they concern stipulations to govern the conduct of merchantmen under immunity from submarine attack, such as whether they are to be permitted to arm or to run down submarines, and whether it is to be permissible to disguise warships as commercial craft. That phase of the question, if raised, probably will develop other ramifications and might result in an interesting and many-sided discussion.

Balfour Amendment Accepted.  
The French acceptance in principle also embraces the Balfour amendment under which the banning of submarine operations against merchantmen would become effective immediately as between the five Powers and the additional Root declaration defining as an act of piracy, the violation by a submarine commander of the rules of international law.

Hope for an early windup of the Far Eastern negotiations when they are resumed, probably next week, also appears to have been strengthened today by developments in connection with the Shantung issue. Definite results are expected in many quarters from the action of the Chinese delegates in personally approaching Secretary Hughes and Arthur J. Balfour, respective heads of the American and British delegations, in a move to break their deadlock with the Japanese on the Shantung question and to secure more direct employment of the preferred "good offices" of those officials.

## 235 STREET-CAR STOPS ELIMINATED AND 106 MOVED

Changes Made in All Parts  
of City With View to Ex-  
pediting Traffic and Safe-  
guarding Public.

### CHECK OF STOPS MADE LAST AUGUST

Eastbound Cars Discontinue  
Stops on East Side of  
Twelfth and Westbound  
Cars on West Side.

The United Railways Co. has moved 106 car stops, eliminated 235 and added six on the recommendation of a representative of the company and of the city who devoted two weeks last August to a check of the car stops with a view to expediting traffic and safeguarding the public. Some of the changes were recommended by passengers and others by Director of Streets and Sewers Flisk.

The company has approximately 5000 stops and it has been several years since a comprehensive check of them has been made. The changes that have been put into effect do not materially affect schedules.

Among the stops that have been eliminated are those for eastbound Olive cars on the east side of Twelfth; for westbound Olive cars on the west side of Twelfth; and for northbound Grand cars on the south side of Pine, the latter stop being moved to the north side of Pine. The stop of eastbound Taylor cars at Delmar and Taylor has been moved around to the northeast corner of Taylor and Delmar.

Other stops that have been eliminated are as follows:  
Taylor Line—Both ways at Rosalie and Florida, both ways on Union between Rosalie and Carter, both ways on Bessie, both ways at Farlin on Newstead, northbound at Elm-bank on Newstead, both ways at Westland on South, Fifteenth on Washington, westbound at Fourteenth on Washington.

Union Line—Northbound at Vernon on Union, both ways on Union between Ashland and Natural Bridge.  
City Limits Line—Southbound at Julian, northbound at Hamilton terrace, northbound at Bonaire, both ways on Bessie, northbound at Albion, both ways at Atlantic at north end of bridge, northbound at Walnut, both ways at Lucas, southbound at Mills street, northbound at Thomas, both ways at Maiden Lane, both ways at Dodder.

Cherokee Line—Westbound at Menard on Park, eastbound at Dolman on Russell, westbound at Birch on Sidney, eastbound at Gilles, eastbound at Gustine, both ways at Phillips, eastbound at Duane, eastbound at Beethoven, westbound at Neosho, eastbound at Sileg, both ways at Kansas, eastbound at Alma, both ways at Quincy, eastbound at Astoria.

Tower Grove and Fourth Street Lines—Both ways on Fourth at Cedar, both ways on Fourth at Lombard, westbound at Twelfth on Chouteau, both ways at Fourteenth on Chouteau, westbound at Waverly place on Lafayette, eastbound at Texas on Lafayette, westbound at Iowa on Lafayette, both ways on Geyer between McNair and Mississippi, both ways on Geyer between McNair and Missouri, eastbound at Jefferson on Geyer, eastbound at Texas on Geyer, eastbound at Iowa on Geyer, both ways on California between Magnolia and Sidney, eastbound at Virginia on Arsenal, both ways at Tennessee and Arsenal, both ways on Arsenal between Spring and Grand, both ways on Arsenal between Gustine and Spring, westbound on Maurey at Arsenal, both ways on Arsenal between Brannon and Macklin, westbound on Longfellow at Lafayette.

## HAYS CONSIDERING \$150,000 JOB WITH THE MOVIES

Postmaster-General Tells As-  
sociates in Department He  
Will Decide Within 10  
Days Whether or Not to  
Resign From Cabinet.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—Postmaster-General Hays said today he had not decided whether or not to leave the Cabinet and accept the new place he had been offered in the motion picture industry, and would not be likely to make a decision within the next 10 days.

Details of the offer made by the motion picture people are to be discussed Jan. 14, and he had told his assistants in official life here that he intends to hold an open mind until after the conference.

Until yesterday the Postmaster-General had not mentioned the offer to Mr. Harding. Hays told the chief executive that the proposition looked too attractive to dismiss without consideration.

The Postmaster-General is a comparatively poor man and when he entered the Cabinet after devoting all his time for several years to his tasks as national chairman, many of his friends predicted he would stay in the Government service only a year or so and then again take up his law practice.

Published figures to the effect that the motion picture producers have



Will H. Hays.

suggested \$150,000 a year to begin with are said to be somewhat under the sum now in prospect.

Senator Spencer called at the White House today and mentioned to the President the name of Walter S. Dickey, a Kansas City manufacturer, as a possible successor to Hays.

## HAMS CHRISTMAS GIFTS FOR POLICE, STRIKERS ASSERT

Favoritism to East Side Pack-  
ing Plants and Nonunion  
Employees Charged by  
Union Men.

Earl Jimerson, international vice president of the packing-house workers' union, yesterday appeared before the East St. Louis City Council and asked that some action be taken to have the Police Department cease molesting striking packing-house employees and prevent nonresidents of the city being clothed with police authority and permitted to carry revolvers and other weapons.

Jimerson asserted that the police on picket duty are searched repeatedly, while employees of the packing houses who carry butcher knives, revolvers and other weapons are not molested. He said the strike broke out because the pickets and then the pickets are arrested when they find it necessary to defend themselves.

"Hams as Christmas Gifts."  
Some members of the Police Department received Swift hams as a Christmas present, said Jimerson. That is just the same as giving a man \$5, and is liable to cause an officer to lose favor.

Jimerson said that yesterday morning a negro strike breaker drew a revolver on some strikers who were on picket duty, and when a number of the strikers congregated, policemen sought to disperse them, but made no effort to arrest the negro with the revolver. Twenty-five men were arrested, and about 800 of their fellow strikers followed the patrol wagons to police headquarters. He said the men went there to ask for the release of the men arrested, or they were any displaced under arrest. The men arrested were released on bond. The police report of the affair was that the negro was attacked while no policeman was near, and when Police Sgt. O'Flaherty ordered a crowd of about 200 strikers to disperse they refused to do so, and 23 men were arrested. Yesterday afternoon the strikers paraded through the streets. More than 1000 men and women were in line. As they marched in front of police headquarters, several yelled: "Did Chief Mulcahy get his Swift ham?" One of the marchers was arrested on a charge of disorderly conduct.

Statements as to Presents.  
Fred Leber, Commissioner of Public Health and Safety, who has jurisdiction over the police department, said the management of the Swift packing house asked him if there was any objection to an agreement giving hams to members of the department who have been on strike duty and he said there was no objection. He said that he had also given permission to another concern to send cigars to police headquarters.

## SNOW TONIGHT; TEMPERATURE OF 10 ABOVE TOMORROW

THE TEMPERATURES.

1 a. m.	57	Highest yesterday, 55, at 3 p. m.; lowest, 39, at 1 a. m.
3 a. m.	56	
5 a. m.	55	
7 a. m.	54	
9 a. m.	53	
11 a. m.	52	
1 p. m.	51	
3 p. m.	50	
5 p. m.	49	
7 p. m.	48	
9 p. m.	47	
11 p. m.	46	

Official forecast for St. Louis and vicinity: Rain, turning to snow, tonight; much colder, with a cold wave; tomorrow fair and colder; the lowest temperature will be about 10 degrees tomorrow morning.

Missouri: Rain and colder tonight, with a cold wave in west portion; temperature about 10 degrees above tomorrow morning; tomorrow generally fair, colder in east and south portions.

Illinois: Rain and colder tonight, with a cold wave in west portion; temperature about 10 degrees above tomorrow morning; tomorrow generally fair in extreme south portion, snow in north and central portions.

## STORE FRONTS SHATTERED BY STORM AT TULSA, OK.

Power Lines Put Out of Commission;  
Newspaper Unable to Publish Be-  
cause of Damage to Office.

TULSA, Ok., Jan. 4.—Heavy damage was caused here early today by a severe storm which pelted the city with hail and shattered store fronts and littered the streets with debris.

The office of the Tulsa Tribune, an afternoon paper, was unable to operate.

## SCHOOLGIRL BLINDED WHEN MAN SQUIRTS ACID IN HER FACE

By the Associated Press.  
DES MOINES, Ia., Jan. 4.—Acid squirted in the face of Miss Bernice Williamson, 18 years old, a schoolgirl, by an unidentified assailant last night destroyed her eyesight, physicians reported today. No motive has been given for the attack.

Miss Williamson told the police she was on her way home when a man passed her going in the same direction. He turned suddenly, she said, and shot acid in her face from a pistol. Then he fled, she said.

## WITNESS SAYS HE SAW NOOSES IN 3 SOLDIERS' COFFINS

Embalmer With Graves Reg-  
istration Service Testifies  
Masks Were Left on Men  
Hanged.

### ASSERTS HE SAW NO TAGS ON BODIES

Testimony Given at Senate  
Hearings Investigating  
Watson's Charges of  
Hangings in France.

By the Associated Press.  
WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—Rufus P. Hubbard of New York, an embalmer employed by the American Graves Registration Service in preparing bodies of American soldiers for shipment from France, told a Senate committee today that on each of three bodies disinterred, he found a rope around the neck and a black cap over the face.

Called as the first witness at the resumption of the hearings of the committee investigating charges by Senator Watson, Democrat, of Georgia, that American soldiers were hanged without trial in France, Hubbard declared there was nothing in the coffins which the bodies could be identified.

"The bodies were identified by the cross on the outside of the coffin and the black caps were not removed before the bodies were shipped to the United States for burial," Hubbard testified.

Officer to Deny Charges.  
Maj. Hierome Opie of Staunton, Va., a commander of the Third Battalion, 116th Infantry, accused by Henry L. Scott of Kenmore, O., of having shot and killed two soldiers in France, was on hand with counsel to enter formal denial of the charge. "Because some of the witnesses were anxious to testify and return home, there was no early reference to the Opie case," he said.

Describing his work in the field as an assistant embalmer, Hubbard went into great detail, while Chairman Brandegee was attempting to find out what new about charges of illegal hangings.

"You've written a long letter, now tell us in your own way what you know about the hanging charges," Chairman Brandegee insisted.

Tells of Three Bodies.  
"While at a cemetery in France helping to get the bodies ready for shipment home," the witness said, "I saw three bodies brought up with the rope and black cap as they were when the men were hanged. I think two were negroes and one a white man. I think it was a disgrace to the army that the bodies went to the parents without the black caps being removed."

The witness gave the names of several persons who were present at the cemetery with him.

"There was too much hurry in the registration service," he continued, "and many mistakes in identification were made."

"There were no tags on the bodies of the three soldiers," Senator Overman, Democrat, of North Carolina, asked.

"I did not see one," Hubbard replied.

"How did you get the noose off?" Senator Watson went on.

"If I slipped over the head," the witness said, "I saw three bodies brought up with the rope and black cap as they were when the men were hanged. I think two were negroes and one a white man. I think it was a disgrace to the army that the bodies went to the parents without the black caps being removed."

## U. S. DRY OFFICER AND NEW YORK POLITICAL LEADERS IMPLICATED

### DRY AGENTS, UNDER SEALED ORDERS, IN RAID IN WYOMING

41 Deputies Sworn In at Chey-  
enne, Go in Special Car to  
Rock Springs and Make  
66 Arrests.

By the Associated Press.  
WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—Prohibition agents and United States Deputy Marshals, traveling by train under sealed orders, conducted a raid in Sweetwater County, Wyoming, which netted 66 arrests for violation of the prohibition laws, Prohibition Commissioner Haynes was advised today by Federal Prohibition Director Carl Jackson, at Cheyenne.

Similar raids by flying squads of enforcement officers traveling on sealed orders by special cars may take place in other sections of the country, it was said today, the Wyoming raid being viewed as a successful test of the method.

Jackson described Rock Springs in Sweetwater County as "the wettest spot in Wyoming."

"All the search warrants and warrants to arrest," he said, "were prepared in my office in order to keep our destination secret. Forty-one deputies were sworn in as Deputy Sheriffs, but were not informed as to their destination, nor upon what character of a mission they were going. A special Pullman car was chartered and the Special Deputies headed by United States Marshal Patton and accompanied by Agent Wachtel and myself left at 12:35 on the morning of Dec. 28, 1921.

"The car was attached to one of the through trains on the Union Pacific System and was dispatched under sealed orders; not a single member of the train crew or men in the car knew where we were going except the United States Marshal, the United States Attorney, myself and assistant."

Haiders Divided in Groups.  
"A short time before the arrival of this car in Rock Springs, the men were divided in groups of two or three persons each. Each group was given a large envelope containing a Federal search warrant and the warrant for the arrest of the persons connected with the place of business. On the front of the envelope was a diagram showing how the place to be searched could be reached from where the car was parked.

"In less than 30 minutes after the arrival of the train," he added, "the raid had been completed with the result of 66 arrests and the seizure of liquor and raisins in such quantities that it was necessary to charter a special car to remove the seized property."

MRS. E. J. KRAUSE JR.,  
DIES IN GERMANY

Mrs. Ernest J. Krause Jr., formerly of St. Louis, who has been in Europe with her husband, died yesterday at Berlin from pneumonia after 12 days' illness. She was Miss Jeannette M. Huttig, daughter of the late Charles H. Huttig, who was president of the Third National Bank.

Krause, who is a son of Ernest J. Krause of 4540 Lindell boulevard, president of the Willis Coal and Mining Co., was appointed European representative of the Fairbanks Co. of New York several months ago and took Mrs. Krause to Europe with him. They arrived at Berlin Dec. 15. The body will be brought here for burial.

Mr. and Mrs. Krause were married in St. Louis in July, 1919. They have been residing at Kew Gardens, L. I., since Krause's connection with the Fairbanks Co.

Mrs. Krause and her brother, Charles Huttig, inherited an estate of about \$1,000,000 from their parents. Their father died in 1913 and their mother died about two years ago.

SUPPLY OF "PEACE DOLLARS"  
FOR FEDERAL RESERVE BANK

The St. Louis Federal Reserve Bank soon will have some of the "peace dollars," which were placed in circulation today through several hundred thousand being issued by the Philadelphia mint.

## FEDERAL ATTORNEY NAMES OFFICIAL IN CHARGE OF WITHDRAWAL PERMITS, FORMER INSPECTOR NOW WITH JUSTICE DEPARTMENT AND RECENT PROHIBITION DIRECTOR, AS AMONG DEFENDANTS.

### CONSPIRACY TO DEFAUD CHARGED

Alleged Fake Drug Concerns  
Also Accused of Attempt  
to Obtain Liquors in Ex-  
cess of That Called for in  
Permits.

By the Associated Press.  
NEW YORK, Jan. 4.—Harold L. Hart, former Federal Prohibition Director for the State of New York, was among a score of defendants named in the secret indictment recently returned by the Federal Grand Jury investigating enforcement of the Volstead act here.

This announcement was made by United States Attorney Hayward, after the indictment had been unsealed today.

Thomas Reddy, a former post office inspector, now connected with the Department of Justice, and Michael J. Lynch, in charge of the issuance of withdrawal permits at prohibition headquarters, also were indicted, according to Hayward.

Among others named were politicians and a number of alleged fake drug concerns. The secret indictment charged conspiracy to defraud the Government.

Three politicians named by Hayward as indicted were: William A. Orr, who served as secretary to Charles S. Whitman, when he was Governor of New York; Owen B. Murphy, treasurer of the Bronx Democratic County Committee, and Thomas F. Duffy, prominently identified with Bronx politics.

All are charged with conspiracy to defraud the Government through collusion to obtain large quantities of liquor in excess of that called for in basic withdrawal permits.

The drug corporations, the indictment charges, were not for the purpose of engaging in the drug business, but for the illegal handling of wholesale quantities of liquor for beverage purposes.

## FIRE IN THE ROTOGRAVURE PRESSROOM OF POST-DISPATCH

Part of Fifth Floor Flooded by  
Sprinklers When Ink Foun-  
tain Is Ignited.

Fire in the rotogravure pressroom of the Post-Dispatch, on the fifth floor of the Post-Dispatch Building, at 9:15 a. m. today, caused the pressroom to be flooded with water from automatic sprinklers, and temporarily halted the printing of the Post-Dispatch Magazine and Rotogravure section for next Sunday's issue.

The fire, which started in the ink fountain of the magazine press, is believed to have been caused by a static spark, generated by friction of the paper as it unrolled in the process of printing. A similar fire occurred Aug. 23 last. The ink in the fountain contains a large admixture of naphtha, and at the temperature which is reached in the printing process, it gives off a gas. The spark is believed to have ignited this gas, thus setting fire to the ink.

The only damage actually done by the fire was the burning of the ink and of some of the paper which was on the press at the time. The delay caused by the fire will not interfere with the publication of the Sunday Magazine and Rotogravure section on schedule time.

ROOT LOST SCOTCH AND CIDER

NEW YORK, Jan. 4.—Reports of the robbery of his father's wine cellar were somewhat exaggerated, Elihu Root Jr. said yesterday.

"To the best of my memory, there were only two or three bottles of Scotch up there, and a keg of cider," he said.

"By this time it ought to be pretty hard cider—but that was all."

CITY Circulation the daily POST-DISPATCH EXCEEDS the daily Globe-Democrat by approximately 50,000, the daily Star by approximately 60,000, and the Times by approximately 100,000

## DE VALERA WILL TRY TO AMEND TREATY MOTION FOR RATIFICATION

After Distributing Proposal for Pact of Amity and Association Between Ireland, Britain and Other Empire States, Question Arises Whether He Can Get It Before Dail.

VOTE TOMORROW OR NEXT DAY LIKELY

Debate Continues, With Sharp Tilts; 'Give Us Even Dominion Home Rule,' Says One Speaker, 'but Not a Central American Republic.'

By the Associated Press. DUBLIN, Jan. 4.—The question of the ratification of the Anglo-Irish treaty, which was the subject of the debate at the close of the forenoon's session of the Dail Eireann, was whether De Valera would be able to bring forward a motion to amend the treaty before the Dail meets tomorrow.

Rising to protest that he was perfectly willing to make public the substance of the debate, the Dail president, having already spoken, could not speak again. The prevailing view seems to be that the speaker, Mr. MacNeill, will sustain the objection.

Announcement was made later that De Valera would make public his alternative proposals as a substitute for the Anglo-Irish treaty, which is under consideration, at the close of the afternoon session. A fifty-nine of the Dail members, nearly half, had expressed their views on the treaty up to the opening of the session today.

Hope for a division tomorrow or Friday at the latest is freely expressed today. The newspapers continue to speculate on the side of the majority for the treaty.

This Evening Debate. Sharp tilts again enlivened the debate this morning. Five speakers were heard at the morning session, among them Mrs. Pearse, the aged mother of Patrick H. Pearse, first president of the Irish Republic, who was executed in 1916. She opposed the treaty.

Liam Mellows, whose speech showed he was an out-and-out Republican, intimated that the alternative proposals of De Valera would be no more acceptable to him than the treaty itself. His intimation was an appeal to the Republicans to continue to fight for their ideal was followed with the closest attention, and when he sat down he was warmly applauded both by supporters and opponents of the treaty.

Another speech which held the house throughout was Owen O'Duffy's argument in favor of ratification. Desmond Fitzgerald, Minister of Propaganda, was a member of the London delegation, was the first speaker at the afternoon session. He said he agreed with Republican sentiment expressed by Mellows, but saw in the treaty a means of ultimately getting the things Ireland desired.

He said, in his opinion, the speaker did not realize that a republic was only one form of government, and that President De Valera had accepted the republic as the best means of making clear to the world that Ireland stood for absolute separation and independence. He declared the opponents of the treaty were fighting for a republican principle rather than a national principle. He believed the treaty meant an improved condition of the country and would bring Ireland nearer to her ultimate goal. At any rate, he argued, it was no retrenchment of the position she had gained.

"Press Roomed the Treaty." James Fitzgerald of Queenstown, the next speaker, declared in opposing the ratification. "The press roomed the treaty and the country swallowed it."

He contended that the people were more eager for peace than for the treaty. He declared that, whether the treaty was accepted or rejected, further warfare with England was inevitable, and it would be better to have it now than in 10 or 20 years. He believed disruption of the national movement and a national chaos would come from the treaty.

## Blank to Be Used in Reporting Crippled Children to Committee

PARENTS having crippled children not now receiving treatment and for whose medical and hospital care they cannot pay, are asked by the St. Louis Medical Society to fill out the following blank and mail it to the society.

The name of the medical society and its address is printed on the lower part of this coupon. It may be cut out and pasted on the outside of an envelope for mailing to the society.

Persons who have knowledge of crippled children, not their own, and who are not now receiving medical treatment are asked also to fill in the blank and mail it to the medical society.

No name obtained in this way will be published.

Name of Parents.....  
Street address.....  
City or Town.....  
Name of Child..... Age.....  
Is child now receiving medical treatment.....

(DETACH AND PASTE ON ENVELOPE)

The St. Louis Medical Society,  
3525 Pine Street,  
St. Louis, Mo.

other states of the British Commonwealth.

The amendment provides: "That inasmuch as the articles of agreement for a treaty between Great Britain and Ireland, signed at London, Dec. 6, 1921, do not reconcile Irish National aspirations and the association of Ireland with the British Commonwealth, and cannot be the basis of an enduring peace between the Irish and British peoples."

The Dail Eireann, in the name of the Sovereign Irish Nation, makes to the Government of Great Britain, to the Governments of the other states in the British Commonwealth, and to the peoples of Great Britain and of these several states the following proposals for a treaty of amity and association, which the Dail Eireann is convinced could be entered into by the Irish people with the sincerity of good will.

"People Stamped." The first speaker at today's session was Donald Buckley of Kildare, who opposed the treaty.

"The people of this country have been stamped into acceptance of the treaty by the rotten press of Ireland," he said. "I shall vote against it."

Alexander McCabe of Sligo followed with a plea for acceptance. While he was picturing the disappointment he said millions of Irish women and children would feel if the treaty were rejected, Miss Mary MacSwiney interrupted him, saying the women were not in favor of the treaty. To this McCabe retorted: "I know what the women of Ireland want as well as you."

Deputy Buckley, in his argument against the treaty, took the ground that the only mandate he had from his constituents was for a republic. The Irish delegates had taken from Ireland to London the minimum demands of Ireland, he declared, and the delegates, under threat, had accepted something less than Irish independence.

"Slavery and Rotten Press." The Union Jack, "A symbol of slavery," would continue to float in Ireland under the treaty, said Buckley. The "rotten press" which had stamped the country was trying to stampede its representatives, but he would not let the country need a tonic in his view.

In his argument in support of the treaty, Deputy McCabe of Sligo regretted the disagreement with Eamon De Valera, who the day before, he said, regarded with admiration. As for the provisions of the treaty, they represented goods delivered and not promised. He did not like the things about the treaty, but he accepted it as a step toward more, and he regarded the opponents of the treaty as guilty of minimal intemperance to national suicide. They would sacrifice the whole population of Ireland on the altar of so-called principles. He criticized De Valera's "document No. 2," the alternative proposal, saying there would be a Governor-General even under it.

This last declaration provoked a heated scene. De Valera said the document should not be referred to in the Dail until he moved it as an amendment.

Griffith and De Valera. Arthur Griffith said it was most unfair to the public to suppress this document.

De Valera said he was prepared to bring it forward at any time, but that the other side, desiring a direct vote on the treaty, would not allow it to be put forward as an amendment.

Griffith said he had asked the President at the beginning to make the document public, and that he had refused.

"Do you object to my bringing it forward as an amendment?" asked De Valera.

"Is this a debate or an old woman's quarrel?" exclaimed Collins. "This document is being referred to piecemeal," continued De Valera, "and an attempt is being made to prejudice my right to bring it forward as an amendment. The only thing preventing it is that the other side wants a direct vote. I formally give notice that I will move tomorrow that this document be brought forward as an amendment."

"Why does not the President give the document to the press, as I asked him a fortnight ago?" inquired Griffith.

"I insist on my rights as a mem-

## SPECIAL COURSES IN SCHOOLS FOR CRIPPLED CHILDREN

Board of Education Preparing Curriculum for Those Incapacitated for the Regular Course.

TO FOLLOW PLANS OF RECENT LEGISLATION Transportation to and From Institutions May Be Provided—Needs of Each to Be Considered.

The Board of Education has begun to prepare specialized education for crippled children in St. Louis to more thoroughly equip them mentally for a self-reliant place in society.

The board's action is in accordance with an act of the last Missouri Legislature which provides that in St. Louis crippled children shall be given instruction apart from other children. Whatever crippled children receive instruction in public schools participate in the regular curriculum, which is calculated to the capabilities of physically able children and which, consequently, is frequently beyond the capacity of the cripples.

Transportation Is Planned. Many other crippled children now are barred from any participation in public education because the severity of their deformities makes it impossible for them to reach the school buildings. The new law considers this class also by providing that transportation to and from school shall be provided by the Board of Education.

The Board of Education has not yet considered whether it will undertake the instruction of cripples in a separate building or will set apart portions of several buildings for them. The question involved is whether it will be more economical to transport the children to several portions of the city or assemble them in one spot.

However, wherever the instruction given, it will be with regard to the individual needs of each pupil, even to the character of seating best adapted to each. Appurtenances of such instruction in several other cities are small hospitals within the school with physicians and nurses in attendance, dining rooms for feeding the children and a curriculum embracing everything from manual training to the arts and crafts. Physically handicapped children may receive any instruction which their physical restrictions and mental capabilities make most desirable.

The fact that the mental preparation of cripples is receiving this educational consideration at a time when the St. Louis Medical Society is undertaking their physical betterment, and that the future of cripples in St. Louis will be bright beyond that of similarly afflicted children in most other cities.

Movement Frequently Urged. Orthopedic surgeons frequently in the past have urged this sort of education for crippled children. They assert that cripples frequently are handicapped by unusually bright, keen minds, more profitable material for special instruction than feeble-minded children, for whom the Board of Education has provided no special instruction for several years. They point out further that the crippled child, by reason of his physical lack, is forced to develop his mind to the utmost by whatever means are needed.

An example in point is to be found at Ridge Farm, the country institution of the St. Louis Children's Hospital. A boy 12 years old is under treatment there for tuberculosis of the hip, a condition that has made it impossible for him to attend school through the six years of his life. His physical handicap would have been in school, he can neither read or write. Now his physical handicap is about to be removed. His right leg, bent at right angles with his body, will be straightened and he will be able to go about much as other boys. But he is totally unfit, because of lack of education, to seek employment during these new facilities.

The facilities to be provided by the Board of Education will lessen the possibility of other cripples being reduced to the plight of this boy. For the information of the board, the Department of Instruction of the public schools now is surveying the city to determine how many cripples must be reckoned in providing these new facilities.

Though its survey is incomplete, the department already has found approximately 600 cripples of school age in the city. Of these, 275 are now in school, their physical handicaps requiring no special consideration over other children. There are, however, 325 other crippled children of school age who are not in school because of their physical inability to attend, but who could be given instruction if transportation were furnished for them. There are in addition 110 other children now in school, but whose physical condition demands special consideration. The

## GERMAN WRITERS ALARMED BY ALCOHOLIC INSANITY INCREASE

Discuss Advisability of Restricting Use of Intoxicants, to Offset Gain in Illness.

By the Associated Press. BERLIN, Jan. 4.—The number of cases of insanity attributed to the use of alcohol has increased in Germany to such an extent that some writers view the situation with alarm and discuss the advisability of restricting the use of intoxicants.

All illnesses due to use of alcohol have increased 100 per cent in the last year over the average for the war years, according to official statistics.

Some authorities, denying that the use of alcohol has greatly increased, attribute the present situation to the weakened stamina of the German people.

FRENCH ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE AMERICAN PLAN ON SUBMARINE Continued From Page One.

The Peking Government had accepted the Japanese terms for settlement of the Shantung question through direct exchanges between Peking and Tokyo.

Another repudiated document has been added to the list of those made public by the special delegation here from the Far Eastern republic as relating to Japanese and French policy in Siberia. A copy of an alleged treaty between the Japanese army in Siberia and Russian officers connected with Ataman Semienoff, anti-Bolshevik leader, whereby the Japanese agreed to support with arms and money an offensive against the army of the Far Eastern republic, were published by the delegation yesterday and were at once denounced by Admiral Baron Kato, senior Japanese delegate, as "absolutely false."

Armed Merchant Vessels. The British decision may have an important bearing on the whole question of regulating the use of submarines. Under the Root rules, if adopted, no submarine can molest a merchant vessel. If the armed liners were used only as war vessels they would be attacked by submarines. It might be contended by some warring power that it was impossible to differentiate between liners if some of them were to be used primarily as submarines.

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tions and was used as an argument for the continuation of our big naval program.

It will be recalled that Senator Lodge made a speech in executive session of the Senate in which he referred to an agreement between France and Japan for the domination of Siberia. Whether he announced this agreement as a positive fact or as a deduction from what Norman Davis and the heads of the military secret service had told the Foreign Relations Committee is not certain. There was, of course, no record made of the executive session speech. However, all of the Senators recall that Lodge made the point in his argument against the cutting down of the naval appropriations.

Reservations on Philippines. All of the treaties will be considered by the Senate with relation to what the Foreign Relations Committee elicits about these rumors. There is no end to the reservations that are being prepared. Among them is one granting independence to the Philippines and placing them under

the protection of the four-power treaty. Though it is not decided who is to offer this reservation, the text has been prepared. It reads this way:

"The United States of America agrees within two years to grant complete independence to the islands of the Philippine Islands, provided the high contracting parties will obligate themselves to respect the political independence and territorial integrity of the Philippine nation."

How this will fit in with the plans of the nations is pretty much in doubt. So far the executive branch has been silent. The Japanese government seemed to lean away from prompt grant of independence to the islands. The foreign delegation, it is believed, will be only too glad to accept such a reservation, because a guarantee of the integrity of the Philippines seems to carry with it a willingness to fight for that principle if necessary and if the country is committed to military sanctions for an independent Philippine nation, it could hardly contend that a similar sanction had

been granted. The Japanese government, however, has been silent on the subject.

He described yesterday's output of the Chita delegation as absurd, saying that no Japanese military officer in Siberia had authority to enter into any such agreement as described.

He has the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of Jan. 2, in which you refer to the text of alleged official documents said to have been furnished to the French and American Governments and given to the press by representatives of the so-called Chita Government of Eastern Siberia.

"I am gratified to learn that the French Government formally denies that it has come to any agreement or carried on any negotiations concerning the status of Siberia, and am glad to accept your statement that the documents in question are not authentic."

However, the Senate is yet to be heard from, and it has been decided by the Senate that the balance of the four-power treaty that, before any of the covenants dealing with the situation in the Far East are voted on, Secretary Hughes and Davis and the heads of the military secret service should be called before the Foreign Relations Committee, and that so far as the committee could go into it, the authenticity of the documents that purported to reveal a secret agreement between Japan and France in connection to America would be tested.

No "Official" Record. It was announced at the State Department yesterday that there was nothing "official" in the files corroborative of the alleged concert between the French and American Governments to make a year ago by one of our representatives in the Far East. This representative will be called by the Foreign Relations Committee in the course of its investigation.

Norman Davis, formerly undersecretary of State, who gave the Foreign Relations Committee the first information on the subject in connection with the communications conference proceedings, also will be summoned to repeat what he told them a year ago. This evidence has a bearing on the naval appropriation.

## GREAT BRITAIN STIFFENS HER DEMANDS FOR AUXILIARY SHIPS

Now Insists on Free Hand in Merchant Liners Capable of Quick Conversion Into Cruisers—Has Bearing on Root Submarine Rules.

By JOSEPH W. GRIGG, London Staff Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—In view of the failure of the Washington conference to solve the submarine question in line with British desires, Great Britain now asks for a free hand in merchant liners which may be convertible into light cruisers. It is probable that London had something to do with the stiffening of the British attitude in this respect.

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light cruisers they would have little chance in armament and speed. It is asserted they would be no match for the lightest cruiser with eight-inch guns. In fact, they would be particularly vulnerable but they would be an effective anti-submarine weapon. This and other questions still before the conference were considered today at the British imperial delegation meeting.

Balfour's Work Pleases England. It is easy to understand the gratification being displayed in Great Britain over Mr. Balfour's achievements in Washington. By obtaining an agreement on capital ships whereby Britain builds 25,000-ton capital ships in the naval holiday and a free hand on all auxiliary vessels, Great Britain will be able to keep intact the greater part of her naval establishment. At least five of her seven dock yards should be kept going indefinitely, thus solving the problem of employment of many thousands of her skilled navy yard employees and also preventing their absorption in industry. There is now no danger from her standpoint of her naval establishment deteriorating during the naval holiday.

The French submarine menace, whether on paper or otherwise, will be attacked by submarines. It might be contended by some warring power that it was impossible to differentiate between liners if some of them were to be used primarily as submarines.

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## FIRST OF NEW BUDGET BUREAU BILLS IN CONGRESS

House Committee, Despite Administration Request, Shaves Off 9 Per Cent of Supply Measure's Demand.

By the Associated Press. WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—Despite informal requests from the administration urging close following of the estimates submitted by the new budget bureau, the Treasury Department appropriation bill reported today by the House appropriations committee, disclosed a cut of approximately 9 per cent. The measure is the first of the supply bills.

The bill as reported carried a total of \$118,610,959 for expenses of the Treasury, \$12,696,827 less than the budget amount and \$170,381 less than the total for the current fiscal year. The measure probably will be taken up on the floor tomorrow.

For enforcement of prohibition, \$2,250,000 is recommended, \$1,000,000 less than was requested in the House bill. Prohibition Commission has the prohibition unit had 112,848 agents and clerks, an additional force of 750 field agents and 112 field clerks was needed.

The committee eliminated all requests for salary increases and eliminated \$500,000 for the purchase of site in Washington for a national archives building; \$1,000,000 for the construction of a new building for the Treasury and \$750,000 for repairs to public health service hospitals caring for war veterans which will be supplied, it is said, under a contract for salary increases and a letter of denial to Secretary Hughes, he said.

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The bill as reported carried a total of \$118,610,959 for expenses of the Treasury, \$12,866,827.28 less than the budget bureau's demand of \$131,477,786.28, and \$12,760,591 less than the total for the current fiscal year. The measure probably will be taken up on the floor tomorrow.

For enforcement of prohibition \$9,250,000 is recommended—\$750,000 less than was requested, but \$1,150,000 more than was available last year. Prohibition Commissioner Haynes told the committee, while the prohibition unit had 1133 field agents and clerks, an additional force of 750 field agents and 152 field clerks was needed.

The committee eliminated all requests for salary increases and eliminated \$500,000 for the purchase of site in Washington for a national archives building, \$1,000,000 toward construction of a vault for the Treasury and \$750,000 for repairs to public health service hospitals caring for war veterans which will be supplied, it is said, under appropriations for the veterans' bureau.

In the face of opposition from Southern Democrats, the House voted today to disapprove the bill, and the measure was sent to the Senate. The roll call on a motion to take up the bill with general debate limited by agreement to 14 hours, was 184 to 86.

not go for the rest of the Pacific islands.

More China "Revelations."

The China delegates continue to give out what purports to be documentary evidence of Japan's intentions in Siberia. An inferentially corroborating story of a Franco-Japanese pact to restore the archaic regime in Russia, they introduced yesterday a treaty between the Japanese commander in the field in Siberia and Ataman Semenov. Kolchak's successor in which, among other things, the Japanese pledged themselves to pay the counter-revolutionary leader half a million yen.

Baron Kato gave the most comprehensive analysis of this, and all the rest of the China documentary output. He mentioned that the same sort of rumor or propaganda emanated from Soviet sources in Paris a couple of months ago, and said that at the time the Japanese Government dismissed the matter with a laugh. Asked whether he would follow the course of the rumor, he said a letter of denial to Secretary Hughes, he said.

"No," the Japanese Government laughed at reports last year and they still laugh."

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# DR. JONES OUTLINES PLANS AS HEAD OF STATE UNIVERSITY

Two of Tasks, He Says, Are to Carry Out \$1,000,000 Building Program and Enlarge Medical School.

SURPRISED AT HIS ELECTION YESTERDAY

Accepts on Condition That He Be Relieved as Soon as Possible—Has Been Faculty Member 38 Years.

Dr. John Carleton Jones, new president of the University of Missouri, left St. Louis this morning for Columbia, following his election to the office of president by the board of curators, at its meeting in St. Louis yesterday afternoon.

Dr. Jones, who has been acting president since the departure of Dr. A. Ross Hill last February, and who has been a member of the university faculty for 38 years, talked with a Post-Dispatch reporter, before boarding his train, of his plans and expectations for the institution.

"We have three things to do in the immediate future," he said. "One is to carry out the building program for which the last Legislature appropriated about \$1,000,000. This work must be begun during the biennial period covered by the appropriation. An agricultural college building is to cost \$200,000, a new medical building \$250,000, a power plant \$150,000, a women's building \$150,000, a chemical building \$125,000, improvements on the engineering building \$50,000, an addition to the medical building \$25,000. In addition there is the \$50,000 gift of J. K. Gwynn of New York for a home economics building, as a memorial to his wife, a former Missourian."

Enlargement of Medical School. "Another task immediately ahead of us is the enlargement of the medical school from the present two-year course to a full four-year course, with the degree of M. D. The new hospital building is an essential part of this program.

"The third thing we have to do is to make more aggressive with interest in the university of the people of the State, and especially of our 10,000 graduates and 30,000 non-graduate former students living in Missouri.

"We are going to begin with the lists and keep in touch with the graduates and former students. We expect in this way to get an army of supporters behind the institution.

"Our enrollment this year, the largest in the history of the university, will be about 6000. The College of Arts and Sciences is the largest in numbers. The College of Agriculture has had a slight falling off in attendance, owing to the prevailing farm conditions, and will have perhaps 450 enrolled this year.

Two Schools Widely Known. "The College of Agriculture and the School of Journalism probably are the most widely known divisions of the university. The College of Agriculture is one of the best in the country—I would not concede that even Wisconsin has a better one. The School of Journalism, opened in 1908, is known wherever Journalism is taught, and has been a model for like schools in other state universities.

"We shall try to keep these departments to their high standard, and to make a steady advance in the other departments. This is a matter of normal growth except in the case of the School of Medicine, where radical improvement and enlargement are aimed at."

Junior Colleges a Help. "A development outside the university, in which the university has co-operated, and which has helped us greatly, has been the growth of junior colleges, which take over the first two years of the college course, sending students to the university for the final two years. This has enabled a number of the smaller colleges of the State, which were having a hard time in trying to give a full college course, to do their best for the most effective work, and it has relieved us of a pressure in the first two years, and has helped us to equalize our student body through the four-year course.

Problem of Finances. "The Missouri Legislature, as a rule, has been about as liberal with the university as the State's revenue would permit. Those who draw unfavorable comparisons with Illinois and other states, as to the support to the university, do not take into account the difference in the revenues. Lack of funds has hampered the university at times, but not more than it has hampered other State departments and institutions. The last Legislature made adequate appropriations, so that we were not confronted with any pressing financial problems at this time.

"Our high schools throughout Missouri have shown a steady improvement, and this has a favorable effect on the university. The Kansas City school system now includes a junior college, and one is being established in St. Joseph. I expect to see such a college added to the St. Louis school system.

"The weak spot in Missouri education."

# New President of University of Missouri Photographed Here Today



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# FUR EXCHANGE WITH \$810,000 CAPITAL PLANNED

Proposal for Reorganization of International Corporation Ready for Submission to Stockholders.

IT WOULD RESUME AUCTIONS IN ST. LOUIS

Owners of Old Concern to Have Opportunity to Buy Half Interest in Its Successor.

A plan for reorganization of the International Fur Exchange has been drawn up and will be submitted to stockholders of the company within the next few weeks. The proposition will be that the company be recapitalized through the issuing of \$810,000 preferred stock and \$10,000 common stock.

Stockholders of the old company will have opportunity to buy a half interest in the new company by purchasing the common stock. The creditor banks, which have been liquidating the assets of the company since June 16 last, have decided to purchase for cash the preferred stock of the new company. The banks will turn over to the new company the unliquidated assets of the old company.

These assets will include the old company's equity in the International Fur Exchange Building at Fourth and Market streets, which will be headquarters of the new company.

To Conduct Auctions Again. One of the reorganizers today said the plan was to give the exchange sufficient capital and working assets to enable it to become active again in the fur auction business, though probably not on so large a scale as in the past.

Philip B. Pouke, former president of the International Fur Exchange, is in New York making an effort to induce the New York Fur Exchange to combine with the International Fur Exchange and to join in the holding of large annual or semi-annual auctions of small furs. This plan was discussed at recent meetings of the committee of creditors in New York and was there criticized as being "visionary."

When the International Fur Exchange went into liquidation Pouke was the largest individual holder of its stock. It is known that he still holds some of the stock, and is in the New York and Montreal exchanges and has not given unreserved approval to the bankers' plan for reorganization.

Assets of Old Exchange. At the time the International Fur Exchange went into liquidation it had outstanding about \$5,000,000 par value of stock. Its indebtedness to banks at one time had been \$22,000,000, but this had been reduced to \$1,500,000, of which it was figured that it was liquid. If sold in liquidation, would fall about \$2,000,000 short of paying its obligations to the banks.

Under a liquidation plan, more than \$1,500,000 of the indebtedness to the banks has been wiped out. This amount was realized from the sale of the Gibbins & Lohm Dyeing and Dressing Co. to the Finkbeiner Fur Co., headed by Philip B. Pouke, for \$400,000, and the F. C. Taylor Fur Co. and the Funtun Bros. company to Nelson R. Darragh and A. M. Ahe for \$1,000,000 each. These companies had been component corporations in the International Fur Exchange. Several hundred thousand dollars was also realized from sale of furs for the creditor banks.

The plan of reorganization resulted from several recent conferences of bankers in New York. It was thought better to put the exchange back on its feet than to let it remain a liquidation. The plan of the business than to continue the liquidation of the physical assets, which it is feared would bring much less than their real value on forced sale.

MARRIAGE ANNULMENT SOUGHT

A marriage annulment suit was filed today by Mrs. Harriet E. Shaw for her son, Clark B. Shaw, 19 years old, 2123 South Jefferson avenue, an employee of the Southwestern Bell Telephone Co., against Arline Hartlaub of Chicago. The petition states that Shaw obtained a marriage license here on May 19, 1921, and that he was married the same day, giving the name of Jacques D. Beauchamp. Shaw's lawyer said that Shaw had met Miss Hartlaub in Chicago and that she had come to St. Louis and they were married. He also said that Shaw had joined the Marine Corps after leaving his wife and that Shaw's mother had obtained his release.

Legion Post Elects Officers.

Navy Post, 254, American Legion, has elected the following officers: W. Gernhardt, commander; J. M. Brown, vice commander; D. S. Holmes, adjutant; R. H. Whisler, treasurer; A. C. Koenen, historian; F. A. Goeres, master-at-arms. The next meeting of the post will be held at the Community Center Hall, Grand avenue and Vista street, Jan. 11, at 8 p. m. All former navy men are invited.

# KIRKWOOD WATER CASE HEARD BY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

City Attorney Alleges Rates Proposed by Company Would Be 188 Per Cent Increase.

JEFFERSON CITY, Jan. 4.—Application of the West St. Louis Water and Light Co. for increase of rates at which it sells water to the town of Kirkwood, was heard before the Public Service Commission today. City Attorney Robert C. Powell of Kirkwood maintains the rates which the company desires to put into effect amount to an increase of 188 per cent. Kirkwood buys water from the West St. Louis Company and retails it to the citizens of the town.

Kirkwood is standing on a contract with the company, entered into originally in 1901 for 20 years, with an option of four 10-year renewals, and under which the town is attempting to exercise the option for a 10-year renewal. Webster Groves has a similar contract which will not expire until next year.

Kirkwood was represented here by Powell and Senator Richard Ralph, as counsel, and by Mayor Matthews, Aldermen Frank Howell, Edwin Becker and Dan Coleman and City Clerk E. O. Harper. Mayor Marshall Peterson and City Attorney Willard H. Guest of Webster Groves came here to watch the proceeding.

Marriages Declined 4527 in Year in New York.

By the Associated Press. NEW YORK, Jan. 4.—The City Clerk yesterday ruffled his ledger and showed that marriages in New York last year had fallen off 4527. The figures were: 79,234 in 1920 and 74,707 in 1921.

# WITNESS SAYS HE SAW NOOSES IN 3 SOLDIERS' COFFINS

Continued From Page One.

Continued From Page One. uly identified shipped home as identified," Senator Brandegee asked. "They were," he replied. "Many of them were taken up at the cemetery where they were found. I saw three with ropes hooked around the neck."

"The three bodies were taken up at different parts of the cemetery on the same day," he said. "The ropes were about three feet long. I took off the ropes."

"What prompted you to write me?" asked Senator Watson, taking notes. "My duty as a former service man," he replied.

"If the tag had been there, would you have found it?" "I certainly would," he replied.

"Denies Bodies Bore Tags. Hubbard said that the bodies of the three soldiers "hanged" were questioned concerning a letter in his death struggle, offering an opportunity to the prisoners to escape. Posses were formed this morning and are scouring the woods in an effort to recapture the men. There are 13 cases of smallpox here, the malady originating among the prisoners at the jail. Schools, churches and theaters have been voluntarily closed."

John Kendrick Bangs Near Death. ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Jan. 4.—Physicians attending John Kendrick Bangs, author, today indicated they had given up hope for his recovery. Bangs, who underwent an intestinal operation at the city hospital Saturday, rallied a little this morning but later suffered a relapse.

Two U. S. Ministers Go to Posts. By the Associated Press. NEW YORK, Jan. 4.—Rabbi Joseph S. Kornfeld of Columbus, O., recently appointed American Minister to Persia, and the Rev. Solomon J. Hood of the American Methodist Episcopal Church of Trenton, N. J., Minister-elect to Liberia, departed for their posts yesterday on the steamship America, sailing for Plymouth, Cherbourg and Bremen.

# SAYS INHERITANCE TAX LAW SELDOM WILL APPLY TO WIDOWS

Missouri Official Holds Only Exceptional Cases Will Operate and That Taxes Will Suffer.

JEFFERSON CITY, Jan. 4.—Under the amendment of the inheritance tax laws by the last Legislature, widows in Missouri will be exempted whether taken by will or to pay inheritance taxes according to a statement by Special Assistant Attorney-General Stratton Shartel. The amendment provides that "all transfers of property or any beneficial interest therein of the clear market value of \$20,000 to the surviving husband or wife shall be exempt, said exemption to be in addition to the marital right of the widow or widower."

Shartel holds that "marital right" means dower or a child's share in her husband's estate and that it is to be exercised whether taken by will or by the intestate laws. In other words, Shartel said, if a man leaves an estate of \$10,000,000 and has a wife and one child, the widow is entitled to \$5,000,000 as a child's share and this being her marital right, the entire amount she takes is exempt.

About the only circumstances in which a widow's share can be subjected to tax is where the will has given her more than a child's share and where that interest amounts to more than \$20,000. Shartel points out that the amendment will reduce the taxes in Missouri hundreds of thousands of dollars annually.

Excitement at Death of One at Potomac, Ok., Enables Prisoners to Walk Out.

By the Associated Press. POTOMAC, Ok., Jan. 4.—A moment after Ben Johnson, negro, succumbed to smallpox last night, eight prisoners in the county jail here walked by the sheriff's office and escaped. None has yet been recaptured.

Excitement runs high in this section of Oklahoma, as all the escaped men had been exposed to the disease. Among those who escaped was John Sikes, charged with killing a miner at Heaven four weeks ago, and R. D. Welch, an alleged notorious thief, whose home is said to be at Tulsa.

Eight men in the jail are seriously ill with smallpox and the men who had a dash for liberty had been removed to the second floor. The guards had gone to attend Johnson, and the prisoners took advantage of the opportunity to the prisoners to escape. Posses were formed this morning and are scouring the woods in an effort to recapture the men.

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# MAN DISAPPOINTED IN WEDDING SUIT GETS HIS \$50 BACK

Tailor Not Forced to Pay for "Mental Anguish" Customer Suffered Wearing Old Trousers.

A bridegroom whose tailor makes his wedding pants too short does not have to pay for them, but he is not entitled to damages for the mental anguish endured in being married in his old pair. Thus ruled Circuit Judge Hamilton in the celebrated case of John Srim vs. Harry Miller.

Srim, who lives at 4115A North Broadway, in preparation for his wedding, set for Easter, 1920, ordered a wedding suit from Miller, who has a shop at 4111 Manchester avenue, and paid \$50 on it. When it came the trousers were too short, Miller lengthened them and that made them too long. He shortened them again and they were shorter than ever.

Miller said if Srim would postpone the wedding he would fix the pants just right, but Srim said no, he had another suit and he would be married in that, which he was. Then he sued the tailor to get his \$50 back, another \$50 by way of damages for his mental anguish and \$12 for his lawyer.

Judge Hamilton heard the testimony Dec. 8 and took the case under advisement. Yesterday he handed down his decision, ordering Miller to return to Srim the \$50 he had paid on the suit, but not allowing Srim anything for his sufferings or for his lawyer.

This is the second time that Srim has won. Miller appealed from a Justice Court decision against him, which carried the case to the Circuit Court, and now he loses there.

# RECEIVER APPOINTED FOR GAS COMPANY IN ST. CHARLES

C. D. Bolin Named on Petition of St. Louis Bank, Alleging Default on Interest.

C. D. Bolin of 5519 Baltimore avenue, president of the St. Louis and St. Charles Bridge Co., was appointed receiver for the St. Charles Light and Gas Co. today by Judge Woolfolk in the St. Charles County Circuit Court.

The company supplies gas to residents of St. Charles and is a subsidiary of the Home Utilities Co. of Chicago. The receiver was appointed on a petition filed Dec. 13 by the St. Louis Union Trust Co. through J. F. Schaffly, trustee, alleging that the company defaulted last July on the payment of \$2750 interest on its issue of \$150,000 of 5 per cent bonds.

Parady also has a \$10,000,000 damage suit pending in Peoria, Ill., against the Holt Manufacturing Co. for alleged infringement. The Holt company made the 2000 tractors used by the Government. Parady says he patented the caterpillar device in 1896 long before it was manufactured and marketed by the Peoria concern.

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# SECOND MAN ACCUSED OF WHISKY THEFT SURRENDERS

Leo H. Cohn, Charged by Garavelli With Larceny of Liquor, Accompanied by Bondsman.

Leo H. Cohn, 27 years old, a real estate dealer, residing at the Claridge Hotel, who with Emerich Valda, residing at the Sterling Apartments, 5316 Pershing avenue, is charged in an information with the larceny of 30 cases of whisky from Joseph Garavelli, owner of a cafe at 5161 De Giverville avenue, walked into police headquarters at noon today and surrendered. He was accompanied by an attorney and a bondsman with a \$5000 bond. Valda was arrested last Thursday and is at liberty under a \$5000 bond, returnable Jan. 12.

Garavelli said that he paid \$8750 for the whisky before prohibition and that he considers its present value to be \$20,000.

One of the men who impersonated Federal agents in stealing the whisky was today granted permission to be found in the room of Walter Bybee of 585 De Balthiere avenue, who is under arrest in Clayton in connection with the death of Thelma Long, 19, of 4215 Pine avenue, who last week jumped from a car Bybee was driving in Wellston.

The ownership of the badge was traced to a barber on Jefferson avenue near Olive street, who obtained it during the war when he was an inspector in the Ordnance Department. Bybee borrowed it from him.

# DEPOSITION OF ST. LOUIS WOMAN IN PELLETIER CASE MAY BE USED

Massachusetts Court Grants Promoter Right to Take It in Case of Alimony Allegation.

BOSTON, Jan. 4.—The Supreme Court today granted permission to Attorney-General Allen to take the deposition of Mrs. Agnes L. Roehl of St. Louis for use in connection with the allegation that District Attorney Joseph C. Pelletier conspired with Daniel H

OWEN ADVOCATES  
AN INTERNATIONAL  
RESERVE BANK

Senator in Speech Urges Establishment to Be Linked With the American Federal System.

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—The establishment of an international Federal Reserve Bank, providing a gold secured currency, and linked inseparably with the American Federal Reserve system, from which it would draw resources and reserves, was advocated today by Senator Owen, Democrat, Oklahoma, as a basic move toward restoration of stable economic conditions throughout the world.

In an extensive speech in the Senate, in which he dealt comprehensively with the post-war conditions, the Oklahoma Senator suggested, in connection with the proposed reserve bank, the following proposals for American aid in world rehabilitation.

That we should postpone the final payment of the world war debt in the United States by extending the payment over 50 years, that we should not for 10 years collect any amount under the sinking fund.

That, in arranging the payment of Europe's debt to the United States, we should extend time to Europe necessary to enable them to readjust their affairs and regain their productive power, and that we should not for 10 years demand of them the payment of interest due, but allow it to merge with the principal.

That we should put the interest rate at 3 per cent on Europe's debt to the United States.

Bill to Amend Reserve Act.

Owen at the same time submitted to the Senate a bill to amend the Federal Reserve act so that establishment of the foreign bank would be possible. He proposed that the European bank should be owned by the reserve system of the United States and that from the 12 banks there it should draw a total of \$500,000,000 in gold as a reserve. This, he claimed, would in no way impair the reserves or resources of the American institutions, yet it would enable the foreign banks to issue

NEW TRANSMISSISSIPPI RAIL  
RATES EFFECTIVE SATURDAYBy the Associated Press.  
NEW YORK, Jan. 4.—Railway traffic today is said to be 16 1/2 per cent freight reduction on hay and grain products for transmississippi territory would be effective Jan. 7. The new rates were ordered last month by the Interstate Commerce Commission.

The hay and grain reduction already has been effected by the Santa Fe and the Union Pacific Railroads. While governmental authorities estimated that shippers would save \$93,000,000 by this reduction, traffic executives of the road estimate that the saving would be between \$75,000,000 and \$80,000,000. Railroad managers here were advised today by the Interstate Commerce Commission that the rate investigation on rate reductions would be resumed Jan. 11.

\$2,500,000,000 in notes, backed up by gold as well as 100 per cent commodity bills.

Secured currency is the sorest need of European trade at present, the Oklahoma Senator declared, adding that, if the United States provided such gold-backed medium of circulation and then delayed collection of money due it from the demoralized countries, it would do much toward reviving the productive power of the whole world. He asserted that only through restoring the productive machinery of Europe could there be safe and sane economic conditions.

"The one great outstanding factor breaking down confidence and destroying the validity and desirability of contracts in Europe," the Senator continued, "is the violent inflation of currency through the printing press. In some countries of Europe people have been compelled to abandon the making of contracts in terms of currency and have had to resort to the clumsy system of barter—so many bushels of potatoes for so many bushels of corn or coal."

Lack of Secured Currency.

"How can manufacturers contract goods for future delivery in terms of marks when the mark at the time of future payment threatens a high percentage of loss? How can merchants buy and sell safely in terms of marks or other depreciated currency when such units stretch from one value to another without notice?"

"The outstanding factor that retards restoration of European industry and commerce then is the lack of gold-secured currency. This the United States is able to provide—the means for supplying a currency secured by gold, redeemable in gold and secured at the same time by merchantable commodities that in themselves open and renew the ways of trade."

REBUTTAL EVIDENCE  
AGAINST BURCH BEGINS

Firearms Expert Testifies of Marks That Shotgun Might Leave on Shrubbery.

By the Associated Press.  
LOS ANGELES, Cal., Jan. 4.—J. E. Vaughn, who qualified as an expert on firearms, was the first witness called by the State today in its rebuttal of defense evidence at the trial of Arthur C. Burch. Burch is charged with the murder of J. Belmont Kennedy here last August, and has been on trial for seven weeks. Attorneys said there was a chance the evidence would all be in by tomorrow night. Mrs. Madalynne Obenchain is also under indictment in connection with the killing.

Vaughn's evidence was used in an effort to offset former expert testimony which had tended to show that a shotgun, fired as the State has claimed, the gun that killed Kennedy, was fired, would leave the marks on nearby shrubbery that were found at the scene of Kennedy's death. The defense produced an expert who said that the load would have scattered more than the surroundings indicated. Vaughn said the scattering of the shot and the resultant marks where it struck would depend on numerous elements, such as the bore, choke, load and other things. He said there were many guns of many makes and the action of one would not much resemble that of another.

Allegedly subpoenaed by the State are expected to testify today also. Through these witnesses' testimony the prosecution expects to combat opinions voiced by experts on mental disorders called by the defense, who said Burch was insane, and if he killed Kennedy, he did not realize the nature of the act.

Yesterday's Testimony.  
Testimony of a dozen witnesses who swore to a belief that Burch is sane, took up the greater part of yesterday's session of the trial. These were called by the prosecution in rebuttal of assertions by defense witnesses that the defendant was insane and incapable of realizing the nature of his act if he killed Kennedy.

One of the rebuttal witnesses, Mrs. Estelle Lawton Lindsey, newspaper writer, told of a conversation with Burch in which he told her "no one would ever know the truth about this affair, no matter what was brought out at the trial." She said he added, "the facts were so peculiar the truth could never come out."

Mrs. Lindsey also said Burch

talked with her about his wife, who has since obtained a divorce. "He said his wife was a very admirable and lovely woman and had a beautiful character in every way," Mrs. Lindsey said. Several defense witnesses testified Burch told them his wife had tried to kill him, explaining they believed this to have been a delusion on the part of the prisoner.

Testimony of Belief in Sanity.

James H. Richardson, another newspaper writer, testified that Burch had acted in a manner he considered sane when questioned about a printed statement purporting to have been made by Mrs. Obenchain. The statement was not admitted in evidence.

The afternoon session was interrupted while Mrs. Obenchain was brought into court by agreement of counsel and the date for her trial changed from Feb. 1 to Feb. 8 next. The agreement was trial of an intervening case should be set to follow that of Mrs. Obenchain.

Nine Los Angeles deputy sheriffs who had become acquainted with Burch in jail here also declared they believed him sane.

Arthur Allen of Chicago testified he was employed by Burch in that city early in 1931, while Burch was conducting a motion picture enterprise. He said that in his opinion Burch was sane at that time. R. G. Thackwell, a reporter on a Chicago newspaper, testified to a similar belief.

Strawberries at 75 Cents a Quart.

The first strawberries of the season, brought from Florida for the Christmas season to be sold at \$1.25 a quart, now are being sold on market at 75 cents. The shipment was 52 quarts.

HOMICIDE VERDICT IN  
ANOTHER AUTO FATALITY

Witnesses Tell of Seeing George Everhart Struck by Machine That Did Not Stop.

A coroner's verdict of homicide by a person unknown to the jury was returned today at the inquest over George Everhart, 40 years old, of 3521 Lindell avenue, a department store porter, who was run down at Pine street and Theresa avenue Monday night by an automobile which left the scene after the accident. Everhart died at the city hospital.

F. J. Kollie of 3342 West Pine boulevard testified that he saw Everhart struck at a regular crossing by a machine going about 30 miles an hour. The car, he said, was new and had a nickel-trimmed radiator.

John Roberts of 2910 Olive street gave similar testimony and said the automobile turned south on Grand avenue.

Funeral of Woman Killed in Los Angeles to Be in Altos.

The body of Mrs. Charles Blalock, formerly Miss Gladys Shifflet, of St. Louis, who was killed in an automobile accident at Los Angeles last Sunday, will arrive in Altos Saturday. The funeral will be held at 3 p. m. Saturday from St. Paul's Episcopal Church, Altos.

Vincent Blume, 50, of 5257 Paulin place, a salesman, suffered a

TWO SISTERS BURN TO DEATH  
IN FIRE CAUSED BY STILL

By the Associated Press.

CAIRO, Ill., Jan. 4.—Marie Hogan, 17 years old, and Gladys Hogan, 9, sisters, were burned to death this morning in a fire which police ascribed to explosion of a still. The blaze destroyed the home of Dennis E. Hogan, father of the girls, who conducted a grocery store.

A still and several jugs of illicit whisky were found in the ruins. Hogan and his wife and three small children escaped. A coroner's inquest will be held this afternoon.

## ROAD WOULD CLOSE 5 STATIONS

JEFFERSON CITY, Jan. 4.—The Rock Island railroad has applied to the Public Service Commission for permission to close five of its passenger and freight stations between St. Louis and Kansas City and make them nonstop stations, because of large decreases in earnings.

The stations, the location and the decrease in their earnings for 1931, as compared with 1929, are as follows: Maryland Heights, decrease 15 per cent; and Vigor, decrease 40 per cent, both in St. Louis County, within the switching limits of St. Louis; Brandon, decrease 50 per cent; and Bowen, decrease 70 per cent, both in Henry County; Canan, decrease 65 per cent, in Gasconade County. The Rock Island wrote that it had lost \$490,000 on its Missouri lines in the first half of 1931.

fractured skull, yesterday when knocked down by an automobile driven by Paul Scoville of 4442 Olive street, at Union and Easton avenues.

U. S. STEEL TO MAKE 13,000  
TONS OF RAILS FOR JAPAN

First Large Steel Export Contract to Be Filled by Plant at Ensley, Ala.

By the Associated Press.

NEW YORK, Jan. 4.—The first large steel export contract of the year—13,000 tons of rails for the Japanese Government—was announced today by the United States Steel Products Co., the export agency of the United States Steel Corporation.

The rails will be manufactured at the Ensley (Ala.) plant of the Tennessee Coal and Iron Co., the largest Southern subsidiary of the United States Steel Corporation.

Officials of the United States Steel Corporation declined to make public the selling price. The domestic schedule for steel rails was reduced several months ago to \$40 a ton, which would make the total \$529,000, but trade circles believe a lower price was made to the Japanese.

I. W. W. Prisoners' Cases Unchanged.

By the Associated Press.  
WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—The Government's attitude on the question of freeing the half hundred members of the I. W. W., still in

## CASTORIA

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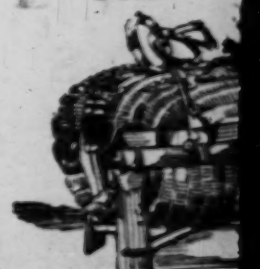
Always bears the Signature of *Dr. H. H. H. H.*WURLITZER  
Victrola  
Outfit  
No. 4Genuine Victrola  
Any six double-faced 10-inch Black Seal Records in catalog, record dusting brush, package loud needles, package soft needles, one record album and catalog and instruction book

\$30.85

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Between 10th and 11th sts.

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Dainty Hats  
Porto Rican  
ManyTHESE exquisite Bl...  
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very moderate price of Bl...  
Handmade are they all,  
Rican or French making,  
displayed.  
The French Waists (ma...  
fitting) are trimmed only  
voile.  
The Porto Rican Blous...  
drawnwork and edged wi...  
neck with long Tuxedo c...  
is offered.MANY models from  
sale. "Thus is the  
Corset selection, given  
type at very, very m...La Vida Corsets  
At \$3...La Vida Corsets are  
a price unbelievably  
tiful pink brocades  
white coultis, in top  
medium bust, long  
skirted styles which  
correct lines. Sizes 2...High-Grade Corsets  
At \$5.75An extraordinary  
grade Corsets in front  
models. Pink brocade  
pink or white, cut wi...  
dium bust, some with  
in skirt.Exceptional values in  
lace combinations,  
hook front or back sty...  
elastic section at back,  
ribbon shoulder straps.Decorative  
Priced Veryare made of very heavy  
of these Baskets are  
rials. A great varietyHandsome lacquer  
pockets for scissors,  
most of Boxes, quite

BROWNING, KING &amp; COMPANY

## January Sale

Real Saving on Browning, King & Co. Quality Clothes  
Worsted Suits for Satisfaction!

Fine worsted yarns, tightly woven into longest-wearing type of men's suit-ings. Fine of cloth—fine of styling—fine in tailoring.

Regular \$50.00 Values Reduced to—

\$34.50

Here is another wonderful lot—splendid All-Wool Suits that will surprise you.

Regular \$35.00 Values  
\$22.50

## GREAT ULSTER OVERCOATS

Yes—they are VERY good Ulsters. Handsome plaid-backs, a few plain backs; all lined with quality satin in shoulders and sleeves.

Regular \$50.00 Values  
\$34.50

Reductions on All Other Clothing -- See Windows -- Compare Values

## Manhattan Shirt Sale.

Starts Tomorrow  
Reg. Price  
\$3.50  
4.00  
5.00  
6.00  
7.00 and \$7.50  
Sale Price  
\$1.65  
1.95  
2.55  
3.55  
3.85  
4.65MEN'S \$5.00, \$6.00 and \$7.00  
SOFT HATS Reduced to—

\$2.95

(Broken Sizes)

Browning, King &amp; Co.

Cor. Sixth and Locust

ARTHUR R. KLOOS, Manager

All Underwear—20% Off  
Including VASSAR, DUOFOLD,  
STUTTGARTER and WINSTED

## Neckwear

75c Ties reduced to... 49c  
\$1.00 Ties reduced to... 59c  
\$1.50 Ties reduced to... \$1.15

## Gloves

GRAY CAPE, embroidered backs; regular price \$2.75; reduced to... \$1.85

Attention  
Men!Sensenbrenner's  
SIXTH AND ST CHARLESGREAT  
NEWS!Discontinuing Men's Shoes  
Our rapidly growing Women's Shoe, Ready-to-Wear and Millinery departments have literally crowded the men out of this large establishment. So, after lengthy consideration, we have decided to discontinue all Men's Shoes, in order to enlarge our other departments. Every pair of Men's Shoes must go—and go quickly—and we are taking a terrific loss to do this. The savings are so unusual, so extraordinary—that not a man in St. Louis can afford to miss this great event, starting tomorrow.

All "Sensenbrenner Six" (\$6) Shoes

"Sensenbrenner Six" \$4.19  
High Shoes

\$4.19

"Sensenbrenner Six" \$4.19  
Low Shoes

Every conceivable last and style for men of every age from the newest of brogue models to the old-style combination and McNamara models—tan or black calfskins, Scotch grains or vici kids. Every size from 5 1/2 to 12, AA to EE, to choose from many times over. Your choice at \$4.19.

Young men! Middle-aged men! Elderly men! Here's the greatest Footwear event in many a year. Your exact style awaits you at this decided saving. Every pair stamped on the bottom with the original "Sensenbrenner Six" \$6.00 price mark. We cannot buy them from the factory now at what we are selling them for. Over 2000 pairs, but they'll not last long, so better get here early and buy a 2 or 3 pairs. It will be an investment you'll never regret. Your choice at \$4.19.

Suitable models of black or brown calfskin or Scotch grain for winter wear, as well as many black or brown vici kid models more adapted for Spring. Brogue, English, straight and plain toe models galore—all sizes from 5 1/2 to 12, AA to EE, in over 20 models to choose from. It will surely pay you to anticipate your wants. Your choice at \$4.19.

\$5.00 Dress Shoes... \$2.95

200 pairs of tan or black calf Dress Shoes on newest of semi-English lasts, smartly perforated; all welt sewed; sizes 6 to 9, A to D only; while they last, at

\$4.00 Army Shoes... \$2.95

400 pairs of welt sewed Army Shoes, of a rich shade of mahogany soft chrome elk; blucher pattern, with or without boxings, giving soft tip effect; all sizes from 6 to 11.

\$3 and \$4  
Elk Shoes

Tan or smoke with leather soles. Ideal for work shoes—black, with chrome set; suitable for bowling or athletic purposes; all sizes... \$2.00

\$8 Tan High-Cut Boots, \$4.19  
\$1.50 and \$1.75 Rubbers, \$1.19

## SPECIAL NOTE—MEN'S SLIPPERS!

We will not discontinue our Men's Slipper Dept., but will combine it with our large Dept. of Women's House Slippers—hence no reductions are quoted.

\$2.50 to \$3.50 White  
Canvas Oxfords

Barbers, attention! Here's your opportunity; also for the man who looks ahead for next Summer. All sizes from 6 to 11... \$1.50

Store Hours: 9 to 5:30—Saturdays, 9 to 6

# STIX, BAER & FULLER

GRAND-LEADER

## The 1922 Sales of White

WITH the beginning of the New Year comes a splendid opportunity for the putting into practice of new policies of thrift. New standards of prices, combined with careful merchandise, have resulted in offerings for this 1922 Sales of White—more generous in quantities, more attractive in qualities, and more appealing in price, than it has been your good fortune to find in many years.

### The Sale of Linens

#### Italian Cutwork and Filet Luncheon Sets, \$59.75

This sample line offers remarkable values in Luncheon Sets, consisting of one table runner and twelve oblong luncheon mats of finest French linen, with filet edge and elaborate cutwork and filet medallions.

#### Embroidered Oblong Tablecloths, \$24.75

We offer just fifty of these fine linen Tablecloths, of exceptionally fine quality, at a very low price. They are hand scalloped and embroidered in eyelet designs and come in 72x86-in. size—slightly soiled.

#### Filet Luncheon and Dinner Napkins

Made of fine linen, with filet medallions and edging—specially priced.

Size 13x13 inches, doz., \$15.95  
Size 14x14 inches, doz., \$18.95  
Size 18x18 inches, doz., \$24.75  
Size 24x24 inches, doz., \$39.75

#### Mosaic Dinner Cloths, \$35, \$65, \$75, \$95

Imported Dinner Cloths, adorned with mosaic handwork, show elaborate centers and hemstitched or scalloped edges. In sizes 64x90, 72x90 and 66x100 in.

#### Madeira Towels

Size 24x45, at \$3.95

Made of fine, all-linen bleached huck, hand scalloped and eyelet embroidered in beautiful designs.

#### Linen Huck Towels, 59c Each

We offer at this extremely low price nicely hemstitched Towels of extra heavy quality linen bleached duck. They measure 18x34 inches.

#### Madeira Pillowcases, At \$6.95 Pair

Each pair is beautifully scalloped and embroidered in elaborate designs. They are of fine Irish linen and measure 4x36 in.

#### Madeira Towels, \$2.95

Linen Huck Towels in 18x36-in. size; hand scalloped and embroidered, are offered at this low price.

#### Tablecloths and Napkins

Size 2x2 yards, each, \$6.50  
Size 2x2½ yards, each, \$8.00  
20x20-inch Napkins, doz., \$7.50

As odd lot of pattern Tablecloths with Napkins to match, offers splendid values. They are made of extra quality linen bleached satin damask, of heavy quality in several effective patterns.

#### Embroidered Luncheon Cloths, \$17.95

Luncheon Cloths in 54x54-inch size; made of exceptionally fine Irish linen, hand scalloped and eyelet embroidered.

#### Linen Tablecloths and Napkins

Size 70x70-in. Cloths, ea., \$3.95  
Size 70x90-in. Cloths, ea., \$4.95  
22x22-in. Napkins, doz., \$4.95

A special purchase of the entire surplus stock of a leading importer brings 1000 Tablecloths and 400 dozen Napkins to sell at prices that are the lowest we have quoted in years. Each is made of all-linen bleached satin damask. Fine quality flax is used in the making and there is a selection of effective patterns.

#### Embroidered Centerpieces, \$2.95

These are made of fine linen, in 28-inch size, hand scalloped and eyelet embroidered.

#### Linen Hemstitched Sets, \$9.50 and \$10.50 Set

Each Set consists of one all-linen hemstitched cloth and one-half dozen napkins to match. Tablecloths come in 60x60 and 60x78 inch sizes. (Second Floor.)



### Lingerie

ONLY those trained for generations in the art of fine needle work can achieve the perfection of daintiness and practicality which these lovely garments display—and yet they come to you in the White Sale at prices which are as unpretentious as the pieces are beautiful.

#### French Lingerie

Petticoats, some made double all around, in sport and full length, showing scallops, dots and embroidered sprays—priced \$1.50, \$2.50, \$2.98, \$3.98

Chemise in straight and envelope fashions, daintily embroidered and scalloped—priced \$2.98, \$3.98, \$4.98 to \$9.95

Lingerie Sets of finest French nainsook, beautifully hand embroidered and hand-drawn—Chemise Vest and step-in Drawers to match; priced \$3.98 garment

Nightgowns of nainsook, slipover and high neck Paris models, hand embroidered in many beautiful designs—priced \$2.98, \$3.98, \$4.98 to \$14.95

Drawers in straight and step-in models, hand scalloped and embroidered in spray designs—priced \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.98

Camisoles of finest batiste, exquisitely embroidered and lace inserted, with front and back alike; slipover models—priced \$4.98 and \$5.98

#### Domestic Lingerie

\$1.00 \$1.50 \$1.98 \$2.98

Hundreds of fresh new garments are offered at these low prices. Nainsook, crepe, batiste and cambric are used in making the Nightgowns, Petticoats, Corset Covers, Drawers, Bloomers and Envelope Chemise. Plain and elaborate models as well as those trimmed only with a touch of hand embroidery, are included.

#### Philippine Lingerie

\$1.85 \$2.85 \$5.98

Nightgowns and Envelope Chemises of finest nainsook come in many effective designs, hand embroidered and scalloped and hand sewn. Some show real lace insertions.

#### Items of Unusual Interest

Bloomers at \$1.00  
Jacquard Bloomers, in pretty designs, with ruffle at knee; flesh colored.

Envelope Chemise, \$2.50  
Flesh-colored crepe de chine Envelope Chemise lace and ribbon trimmed—two attractive models.

Petticoats at \$2.50  
Philippine Petticoats, some made with double panel, showing scalloped edges and embroidered sprays; slightly imperfect.

Nightgowns at \$1.00  
Extra-size slipover Gowns, lace and embroidery trimmed; cut full.

Corset Covers at 50c  
These are made of cambric, with embroidery or lace edge, and ribbon trimming.

Petticoats at \$2.98  
Wash satin and crepe de chine Petticoats, tailored and lace trimmed, some with fourth double panels.

### Undermuslins

For Children

Gowns at \$3.98  
Philippine Gowns of finest nainsook, hand embroidered, scalloped, and lace inserted. Sizes 12 to 18 years.

Bloomers at \$1.50  
Children's Philippine Bloomers of fine cambric, with hand-scalloped ruffle. Sizes 2 to 14 years.

Drawer Waists at 50c  
Little Beauty Drawer Waists for boys or girls, made of cambric with two rows of patent buttons. Sizes 2 to 15 years.

Gowns at \$1.00  
Cambric Gowns in high or low neck style, trimmed with embroidery, lace, tucks and hand embroidery; a sample line, including but a few of a kind; sizes up to 12 years.

Misses' Envelope Chemise at \$2.98  
Philippine Envelope Chemise, hand embroidered in sprays and scallops; sizes 14 to 18 years.

Combinations at \$2.98  
Philippine Combinations with Bloomer Drawers, trimmed with hand-embroidered ruffles, scallops and dots. Sizes 4 to 10 years.

Combinations at \$1.00  
Made of cambric, in bloomer drawer style, trimmed with embroidery insertion and edging, and ribbon at neck. Sizes 4 to 12 years.



### The Sale of White Goods

#### Fancy White Voiles, 65c Yard

Shown in several effective lace patterns, especially suitable for blouses. 36 inches wide.

#### White Skirting, 50c Yd.

This specially purchased lot of fancy White Skirtings provides exceptional values. They are made of fine white cotton, with highly mercurized finish and high stripes, checks and block patterns. 36 inches wide.

#### White Pique, 50c Yard

Shown in several popular-size welts—for skirts, children's wear, uniforms, trimmings, etc.

#### Wool-Mixed Flannel, 50c Yard

Comes in 27-inch width and contains fine quality lamb's wool, in white.

#### St. Gall Dotted Swiss, 50c Yard

An odd lot of white Dotted Swiss, of exceptionally fine quality, for blouses and dresses; several different size dots.

#### Burton's Irish Poplin, 50c Yard

We offer this fine, highly mercurized White Poplin at remarkably low price. It is very desirable for blouses, dresses, children's wear, nurses' uniforms, etc. Limit 12 yards to a customer.

#### White Batiste, 25c Yard

Very fine quality at this low price, highly mercurized and measuring 38 inches in width.

#### Imported White Batiste, 50c Yard

A quality highly desirable for blouses, dresses, infants' garments and fine undergarments; made of select, snow-white cotton; 38 inches wide.

#### White Swiss Organdie, 75c Yard

We offer at this price, a specially purchased lot of fine, sheer Organdie, which has a permanent finish, retained after laundering. Very desirable for blouses, graduation dresses, children's wear, etc. 44 inches wide.

#### Embroidered Flannel, -69c Yard

Wool-mixed Baby Flannel, in white, with scalloped or hemstitched edge and silk embroidery.

#### Imported White Voile, \$1.00 Yard

Made of fine two-ply yarns in 38-inch width; a specially purchased lot, offered at very low price.

#### Longcloth, 10 Yards, 89c

Soft-finished Longcloth for women's and children's undergarments. 30 inches wide.

#### Superior Longcloth, 10 Yards, \$1.95

A most remarkable value in soft-finished Longcloth. 36 in. wide. Just 100 pieces in the lot.

#### Kayomi Nainsook, 10 Yards, \$3.95

Made of select, snow-white cotton, with soft mercurized finish, in 36-inch width; for fine undergarments. (Second Floor.)

## New Gingham Dresses

In a Special Selling for Thursday  
Fifteen Hundred of Them

CLEVERLY conceived Dresses of fine quality gingham, bring an offering at this price, which no woman who delights in chic gingham House Dresses will want to miss.

Twenty different models, each in individual style, afford a delightful variety. Included are Dresses with long or three-quarter sleeves in surplice styles and straightline box pleated effects.

Both checked ginghams and solid colors add interest to gay coterie. Sizes 36 to 46 are available.

The illustration shows a few of the very fascinating Frocks typical of the sale group.

\$2.79



### Blouses

Dainty Handmade Affairs, Either  
Porto Rican or French.

Many Styles at \$5.00

THESE exquisite Blouses demonstrate, at once, the delightfully dainty qualities of very superior handcraft and the very moderate price of Blouses within the comfortable reach of all. Handmade are they all, of French voile or batiste, of either Porto Rican or French making. Twelve wonderfully attractive styles are displayed.

The French Waists (made over our own patterns to insure correct fitting) are trimmed only with handrun tucks and are of fine French voile.

The Porto Rican Blouses are of fine batiste, trimmed with hand drawwork and edged with real lace. They have V or square cut neck with long Tuxedo collar. A full range of sizes, from 34 to 44, is offered. (Third Floor.)

### Corsets

MANY models from the best houses are included in this sale. Thus is the woman, who is most particular in her Corset selection, given an opportunity to secure her favored type at very, very moderate prices.

#### La Vida Corsets

At \$3.95

La Vida Corsets are offered at a price unbelievably low. Beautiful pink brocades, pink and white coutils, in topless, low and medium bust, long and medium skirted styles which will give the correct lines. Sizes 21 to 32.

#### High-Grade Corsets

At \$5.75

An extraordinary group of high-grade Corsets in front and back lace models. Pink brocade and coutil in pink or white, cut with low or medium bust, some with elastic inserts in skirt.

#### Brassieres at \$1.00

Exceptional values in Brassieres of standard makes, in embroidery and lace combinations, slipover lace with ribbon shoulder straps, in hook front or back styles. Also Confiners in heavy brocade with elastic section at back, fine silk poplin and pink satin, with washable ribbon shoulder straps. Hook-back style, in all sizes. (Second Floor.)

### Boys' Suits

With Two  
Trousers, \$16.50

THIS is a special offering, made particularly in the interest of those needing Suits for midyear graduation exercises.

There are 200 fine all-wool Suits in this offering, taken from our highest priced lines. They are made by leading manufacturers, from the finest fabrics obtainable, are strictly tailored to hold their shape, and have the very best linings. Sizes 8 to 18 are offered. (Fourth Floor.)

### Decorative Baskets

Priced Very Low in Special Selling

At \$1.39

THESE are very popular Baskets, trimmed with rings, tassels, beads and coins. They are well made, stained and shellacked, generous in size.

At \$2.98

A special assortment of sewing Baskets, fruit Baskets and sandwich Trays. Some of these Baskets are decorated in raised work of composition materials. A great variety is offered in this group.

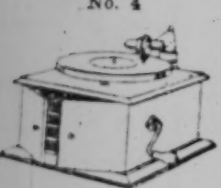
At \$2.00

Handsome lacquered Boxes, lined in colored silks, fitted with pockets for scissors, thimble, needles, etc. A very beautiful assortment of Boxes, quite unusual at such a price. (Oriental Bazaar—Fifth Floor.)



### WURLITZER

Victrola  
Outfit  
No. 4



Genuine Victrola  
Any six double-faced 10-inch Black Seal Records in catalog, record dusting brush, package loud needles, package soft needles, one record album and catalog and instruction book

\$30.85

1006 Olive St.  
Between 10th and 11th sts.  
Copyright, 1921, The Rudolph Wurlitzer Co., I.A.

GREAT  
NEWS!

Shoes



\$4.19

of black or brown  
ain for Winter wear,  
k or brown vic kid  
for Spring. Brogue,  
d plain toe models,  
n 5½ to 12 AA to  
to choose from. It  
to anticipate your  
at \$4.19.

\$2.95

0 to \$3.50 White  
Canvas Oxfords  
attention! Here's your op-  
y, also for the  
o looks ahead  
Summer. All  
m 6 to 11...

\$1.50

## 28 CANDIDATES QUALIFY AS DELEGATES AT LARGE

Five Women on List of Those  
Successful in Check of Con-  
stitutional Convention Petitions.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

JEFFERSON CITY, Jan. 4.—Names of 28 candidates for delegates at large to the State constitutional convention will appear on ballots at the special election to be held in all of the voting precincts of the State Jan. 21, at which delegates to that body will be chosen. Fifteen delegates-at-large are to be elected. A complete check of petitions filed with the Secretary of State by the 40 persons who were candidates for delegates-at-large has been made, with the result that the 15 members of the fusion of the Democratic and Republican State Committees and 13 others have been nominated. Five women are in the list.

One surprise of the count was that Albert J. Crawford of Atlanta, Macon County, Mo., was successful, it having been thought at first that he had no chance. His petitions, however, bore 1259 names, as against the

1312 required. Crawford was supported by some members of the Missouri Farmers' Association, dominated by William Hurt of Columbia, Mo. The list of nominees for delegates-at-large, as it will appear on the ballots, will not bear any political designations, titles, addresses or such data as aid the voter in identifying the individuals indicated thereon.

The list of nominees as compiled today by Secretary of State Becker is as follows: Norman A. Mosley, Butler County; Joshua W. Alexander, Gallatin; George H. Williams, St. Louis County; Cassius M. Shartel, Neosho; Stephen B. Hunter, Cape Girardeau; Don O. Vernon, Lebanon; Mrs. W. W. Martin, Fayette; C. A. Greene, Sedalia; Reuben T. Wood, Springfield; John Porter Henry, Webster Groves; A. J. Crawford, Atlanta.

From St. Louis, Miss Marie R. Ames, Mrs. George C. Gellhorn, Mrs. Walter McNabb Miller, David Kreyling, William R. Carver, Clarence H. Howard, Daniel G. Taylor, Walter J. G. Neun, Dr. Malcolm A. Ellis, William Sacks, from Kansas City, William T. Johnson, Solon T. Gilmore, Elizabeth Buchanan.

From St. Joseph, Charles D. Morris, W. K. James.  
From Jefferson City, Alfred A. Speer, A. T. Dumm.

New Mayor Killed in Accident.

RIVERSIDE, Cal., Jan. 4.—L. V. Brown, who was inducted into of-

fice as Mayor of Riverside yesterday morning, was killed in an automobile accident near Upland, 15 miles northwest of here last night. His secretary, Miss Monica Alverson of Phoenix, Ariz., and the Mayor's sister, also were in the accident but escaped only slightly injured.

## DANDRUFF SURELY DESTROYS THE HAIR

Girls—if you want plenty of thick, beautiful, glossy, silky hair, do by all means get rid of dandruff, for it will starve your hair and ruin it if you don't.  
It doesn't do much good to try to brush or wash it out. The only sure way to get rid of dandruff is to dissolve it, then you destroy it entirely. To do this, get about four ounces of ordinary liquid arrow; apply it at night when retiring; use enough to moisten the scalp and rub it in gently with the finger tips.  
By morning, most if not all of your dandruff will be gone, and three or four more applications will completely dissolve and entirely destroy every single sign and trace of it.  
You will find, too, that all itching and digging of the scalp will stop, and your hair will look and feel a hundred times better. You can get liquid arrow at any drug store. It is inexpensive and four ounces is all you will need, no matter how much dandruff you have. This simple remedy never fails.

Store Hours: Daily, 9 to 5:30; Saturday, 9 to 6.

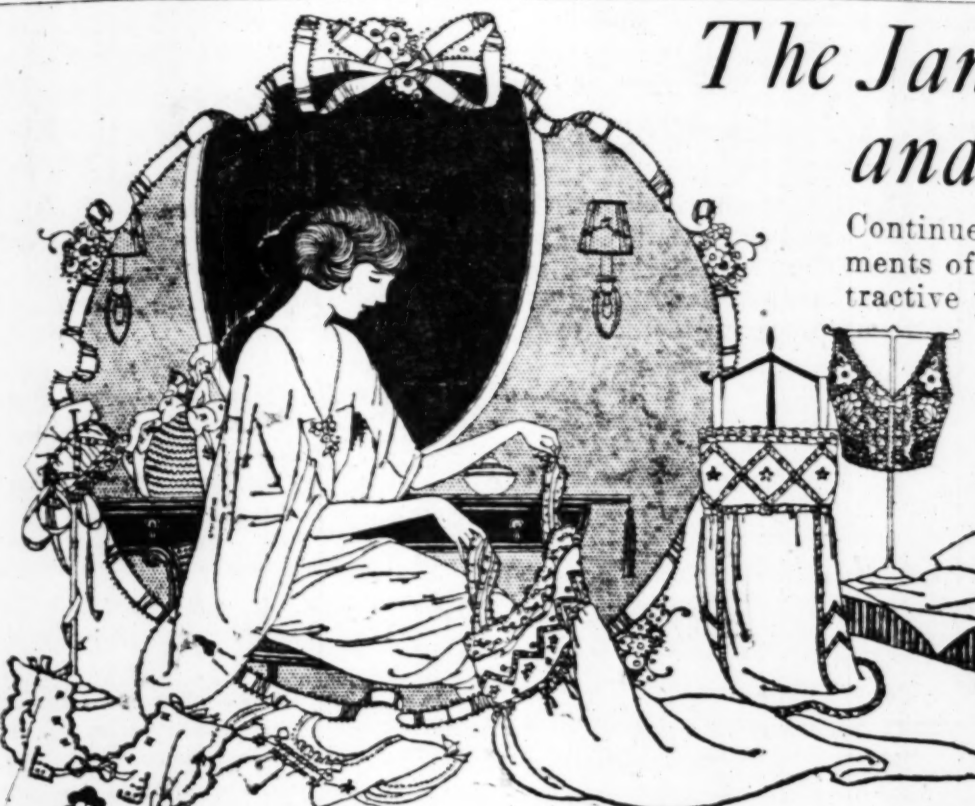
## Scruggs - Vandervoort - Barney

Olive and Locust From Ninth to Tenth

## The January Sale of Women's and Children's Garments

Continues to gratify thrifty shoppers with large, new assortments of Vandervoort Quality Merchandise at remarkably attractive prices.

The first two days have found women enthusiastically selecting Undergarments, Blouses and Children's Wear from the White Sale Tables that are piled high with snowy garments—all fresh and new and each at a much lower price than usual. Values are certainly astonishing this year!



Tomorrow There Are Plentiful Assortments of  
Special Values. Particularly Interesting Are—

## Women's Undergarments

### Muslin Undergarments

Women's Bloomers	85c and \$1.00
Envelope Chemises	\$1.00, \$1.50, \$1.98, \$2.98
Nightgowns	

### Silk Undergarments

Camisoles	\$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00
Nightgowns	\$3.98, \$4.95, \$5.95
Envelope Chemises	\$2.98, \$3.98, \$4.95
Step-in Drawers	\$2.98 and \$3.98
Vest Chemises	\$2.98 and \$3.98

### Imported Handmade Lingerie

French Nightgowns	\$3.98
Handmade Nightgowns	\$4.95
French Nightgowns	\$9.95
Two-Piece French Sets	\$7.96
Two-Piece French Sets	\$11.90

### Knit Undergarments

Union Suits	50c
Union Suits	\$1.00
Kayser's Silk Vests	\$1.98

### Women's Blouses

Imported Lingerie Blouses, trimmed with real lace	\$5.00, \$7.50, \$12.50
Tailored Crepe de Chine Blouses	\$5.95
Forsythe's Tailored Silk Blouses	\$10.00
Crepe de Chine Silk Overblouses	\$5.95
Dimity Tailored Cotton Blouses	\$2.95, \$3.95, \$5.00

Blouse Shop—Third Floor.

### Women's Petticoats

New Petticoats for Summer and negligee wear.	
White Sateen Petticoats	\$1.50
White Habutai Petticoats	\$2.98
White Habutai Petticoats	\$3.98
White Wash Satin Petticoats	\$4.98
White Radium Silk Petticoats	\$4.98

Petticoat Shop—Third Floor.

### Corsets and Brassieres

Pink Satin Corsets	\$3.95
Silk Broche and Coutil Corsets	\$5.00
Fancy Pink Stripe Brassieres	50c
Fancy Pink Coutil Brassieres	\$1.00
Pink Skinner's Satin Brassieres	\$2.00

Corset Shop—Third Floor.

### Boys' Wash Suits, \$3.15

Well-made new Wash Suits in Oliver Twist and Middy styles, sizes 3 to 10 years, in all of the best liked materials; regularly priced \$4.50 to \$6.00.

Boys' Furnishing Shop—Second Floor.

### Children's Undermuslins and Baby Wear

Children's Bloomers at 50c and 89c	Children's Drawers at 50c, 75c and \$1.50
Children's Combinations at 65c, 95c, \$1.15, \$1.50, \$1.95	Children's Princess Slips at 65c, 95c, \$1.15, \$1.50, \$1.95
Handmade Baby gowns at \$1.50, \$1.95, \$2.95	Dresses from \$1.50, \$1.95, \$2.95

Baby Shop—Third Floor.

Starting Tomorrow—

## Our Semi-Annual Sale of Manhattan Shirts

Offering a good variety of patterns, styles and all sizes at sharply reduced prices as follows:

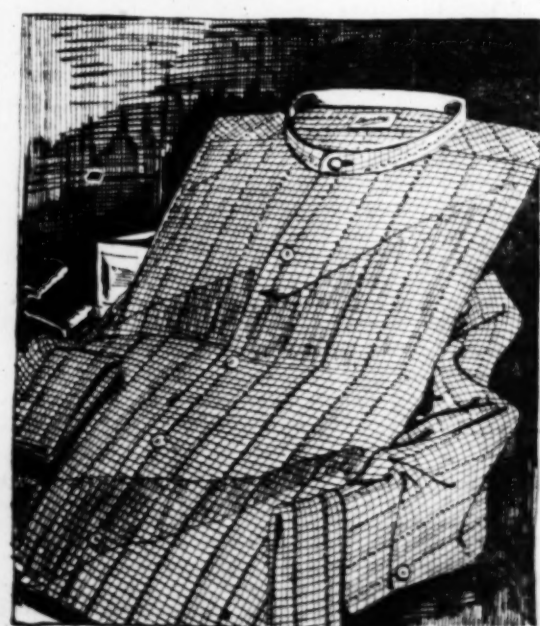
\$2.50 Manhattan Shirts, now	\$1.65	\$4.00 Manhattan Shirts, now	\$2.65
\$3.00 Manhattan Shirts, now	\$1.95	\$5.00 Manhattan Shirts, now	\$3.35
\$3.50 Manhattan Shirts, now	\$2.35	\$7.00 Manhattan Shirts, now	\$4.65

## Also a Wonderful Sale of Men's Madras Shirts

1800 of Them—Regular \$1.95  
\$3.00 and \$3.50  
Shirts—for.....

This sale consists of a large assortment of neat and fancy patterns which we secured at big price concessions and offer them to you on the same basis. The Shirts are of splendid weight, well made and well fitting. They are all full cut. Every man will find it profitable to purchase Shirts for the entire coming season at this event. The sizes range from 14 to 17.

Men's Furnishing Shop—First Floor—Ninth and Olive Street Side.



**Brandt's**  
FOOTWEAR

Men's Fine  
Shoes at Big  
Reductions

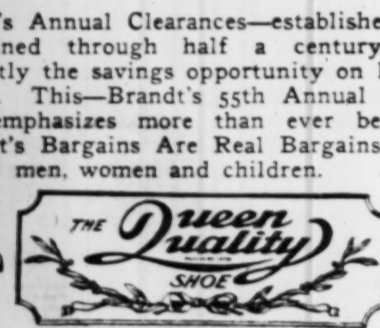
Children's  
Shoes at Big  
Reductions

Begins Tomorrow—Brandt's

## Big Shoe Sale

Annual January Clearance!

The Eagerly Awaited Bargain Event on Fine Footwear!  
Outstanding Big Reductions in All Departments!



Brandt's Annual Clearances—established and maintained through half a century—pre-eminently the savings opportunity on known quality. This—Brandt's 55th Annual Clearance—emphasizes more than ever before—“Brandt's Bargains Are Real Bargains”—for men, women and children.



## Women's \$8.50 to \$10 Boots

**\$3.85** Gunmetal Wing-Tip Walking Boots  
**\$5.85** Dull Mat Kid Fine Dress Boots  
Smart Tan Calf Walking Boots  
Fine Black Kid Walking Boots  
Seamless Bal Comfort Boots  
Tan Calf Wing-Tip Walking Boots  
Stylish Black Kid Walking Boots  
Brown Calf Wing-Tip Street Boots

Every woman who sees these Boots will recognize a buying opportunity irresistible. All are new, wanted styles in all favored style and heel heights. See window display!



Big Reductions on All  
Felt Slippers, Hosiery  
Buckles, Spats  
See Window  
Display!



\$10.50, \$11 & \$11.50  
Values—Choice

**\$7.85**

Remarkable grouping of women's de luxe Footwear in styles distinctively individual.

BROGUE, COLLEGE and STREET OXFORDS of genuine Norwegian brown calf, brown kid or patent.

LATEST 3-STRAP PUMPS of becoming individuality. See window display!

Extra Special  
\$8.50, \$9 and \$9.50  
Values—Choice

**\$4.85**

Including

WALKING OXFORDS of patent, black kid, black or tan calf.

SMART STRAP PUMPS of patent, tan calf and black kid.

DRESS PUMPS of black satin, patent, Moccasins and Novelties.

1600 pairs—broken lines with all sizes in lot as a whole.

Brandt's Regular \$10  
Values—Choice

**\$6.85**

—Brandt's smarter styles—for fashionable women. All favored styles, every wanted heel height.

—Walking Oxfords—I, 2 and 3 strap Pumps—beaded and party Pumps.

—Patent—black satin—black kid—brown satin—brown kid—tan calf.

Brandt's Exclusive Footwear Fashions, \$12 and \$12.50 Values, \$8.85

## PARADE MARCHERS BECOME ILL

Philadelphia Mimmers' Spectacle  
Date, as Result, May Be Changed.  
By the Associated Press.  
PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 4.—The  
frigid weather Monday which sent  
several scantily clad marchers in the  
mimmers' parade to the hospital  
and kept the spectators stamping  
their feet and swiveling their arms  
to keep warm, has resulted in a  
movement to change the date of the  
annual spectacle to a more balmy  
season than New Year's day. Easter  
Monday, or the first Sunday in No-  
vember are tentative dates.  
None of the mimmers who col-  
lapsed from the cold is in a serious  
condition.

## OUT THEY GO! Our Big Sale of Men's & Young Men's PANTS Starts Tomorrow



More Than  
25,000  
Pairs

In an almost  
endless variety  
of styles, pat-  
terns and color-  
ings, and in all  
sizes for men  
and young men.

AT LESS  
THAN  
**1/2**  
PRICE

LOT No. 1  
MEN'S  
PANTS **\$1.45**  
Made of strong  
worsted, and are  
well suited to  
stand hard  
wear. Sizes 33 to  
35 waist.

LOT No. 2  
MEN'S  
PANTS **\$1.85**  
Excellent worsteds  
and chevrons, in  
best stripe pat-  
terns. Come in  
sizes from 33 to  
35 waist.

LOT No. 3  
MEN'S  
PANTS **\$2.85**  
Cashmere, wor-  
sted, chevrons and  
serges—suitable  
for work or busi-  
ness wear. All  
sizes.

LOT No. 4  
MEN'S  
PANTS **\$3.85**  
Made of splendid  
Woolen, all-wool  
materials, in at-  
tractive suit pat-  
terns. Sizes 33 to  
35 waist.

LOT No. 5  
MEN'S  
PANTS **\$4.85**  
Made of all-wool  
serges, flannels,  
cashmere and  
chevrons and wool-  
mixed worsteds.  
All sizes.

LOT No. 6  
MEN'S  
PANTS **\$5.85**  
Superior quality  
all-wool trousers,  
in neat suit pat-  
terns. Well sewed  
and neatly finish-  
ed. Sizes 33 to  
35 waist.

ALL-WOOL  
Blue Serge Pants  
Fine, all-wool  
serges, in fast blue  
shades. Well sewed  
and neatly finish-  
ed. Sizes 33 to 35.

**WEIL**  
CLOTHING CO.  
N. W. Cor. 8th & Washington



For Childhood's Little  
Wounds—Cuts, Bruises  
and Rashes, apply  
Healing Zemo  
Zemo is a clean, antiseptic  
that cools angry skin, heals  
ringworm, Eczema, removes  
pimples, blackheads and rashes,  
for itching scalp. All Drugs  
**zemo**  
FOR SKIN IRRITATION

**PARADE MARCHERS BECOME ILL**  
Philadelphia Mummers' Spectacle Date, as Result, May Be Changed.  
PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 4.—The frigid weather Monday which sent several scantily clad marchers in the mummers' parade to the hospital and kept the spectators stamping their feet and swinging their arms to keep warm, has resulted in a movement to change the date of the annual spectacle to a more balmy season than New Year's day. Easter Monday, or the first Sunday in November are tentative dates.  
None of the mummers who collapsed from the cold is in a serious condition.

**OUT THEY GO!**  
Our Big Sale of  
Men's & Young Men's  
**PANTS**  
Starts Tomorrow



**More Than 25,000 Pairs**  
In an almost endless variety of styles, patterns and colors, in all sizes for men and young men.  
**AT LESS THAN 1/2 PRICE**  
**LOT No. 1 MEN'S PANTS \$1.45**  
Made of strong worsted, and are well sewed to stand hard wear. Sizes 33 to 36 waist.

**LOT No. 2 MEN'S PANTS \$1.85**  
Excellent worsted and chevrons, in dark stripes pattern. Come in sizes from 33 to 36 waist.

**LOT No. 3 MEN'S PANTS \$2.85**  
Cashmere, worsted chevrons and serge—suitable for work or business wear. All sizes.

**LOT No. 4 MEN'S PANTS \$3.85**  
Made of splendid winter-weight materials, in attractive suit pattern. Sizes 33 to 36 waist.

**LOT No. 5 MEN'S PANTS \$4.85**  
Made of all-wool serge, flannel, cashmere and chevrons and worsted. Mixed worsted. All sizes.

**LOT No. 6 MEN'S PANTS \$5.85**  
Superior quality all-wool trousers, in neat suit pattern. Well tailored. Sizes 33 to 36 waist.

**ALL-WOOL Blue Serge Pants \$3.45**  
Five all-wool serge, in fast blue shades. Well sewed and neatly finished. Sizes 33 to 36 waist.

**WEIL CLOTHING CO.**  
N. W. Cor. 6th & Washington Av.

**BIG BANKS MERGED WITHOUT DIFFICULTY**  
Scarcely a Flurry in Chicago Change; \$19,000,000 Carried Through Street.

By the Associated Press.  
CHICAGO, Jan. 4.—The Fort Dearborn National Bank and Fort Dearborn Trust and Savings Bank companies were absorbed yesterday by the Continental and Commercial National Bank and the Continental and Commercial Trust and Savings Bank with scarcely a flurry in financial circles to indicate the merger, involving \$60,000,000.  
The merger, announced after the Clearing House Association had determined that the Fort Dearborn banks were in difficulty through over-extension of credits by Edward Tilden & Co., chief stockholders, was said to have averted the most serious difficulty which had threatened Chicago's financial district in 16 years.  
More than \$19,000,000 in cash assets of the Fort Dearborn banks was hauled through the streets in covered vans in making the transfer while crowds looked on. All records, as well as fixtures were also moved, and employees of the two Fort Dearborn banks began working at the Continental and Commercial banks, whose total deposits now approximate over \$410,000,000.

**Officials Congratulated.**  
With the announcement that the Continental and Commercial banks would meet all obligations and insure all deposits in the Fort Dearborn banks, a few depositors made their way to the institutions that had taken over the Fort Dearborn banks. Many congratulated the officials of the four banks on successfully making the transfer.  
Robert Crowe, State's Attorney, yesterday conferred with George M. Reynolds, chairman of the board of directors of the Continental and Commercial National Bank, and William A. Tilden, president of the Fort Dearborn Bank. After the conference Crowe said he was "not disposed to comment on this confidential interview" and said he did not wish to make a statement that might be misunderstood or misconstrued.

**"No Secrecy, No Mystery."**  
"There is no secrecy and no mystery about the merging of the banks," Reynolds said. "There is no question of any shady transaction and the worst that can be said is that the business judgment in some instances was not good. The whole trouble is that there were too many industrial loans—loans which would have been good if the war-time profits had continued. But the last 15 months have been bad months for some industries, and their loans became a heavy burden to the Fort Dearborn people. There is no question that the bank would not have opened this morning except for the merger."  
"There is nothing the matter with the Fort Dearborn Bank," John Fletcher, vice president of the absorbed institutions, said. "Our difficulties came through the difficulties of Edward Tilden & Co., the largest holders of stock in the Fort Dearborn Bank. They owed money and were not able to pay all of it on demand."  
Andrew Russell, State Auditor, who attended the conference leading to the merger, said that there was nothing for his office to investigate and that the merger was "open and above-board."

**16-OUNCE LOAF OF BREAD FOR 5 CENTS IN NEW YORK**  
Loaf of 14 Ounces for Nickel Offered Yesterday Was Sold With Rush.  
Special to the Post-Dispatch.  
NEW YORK, Jan. 4.—The 5-cent loaf of bread has returned to town. Today at Macy's a loaf of 16 ounces of white spring wheat flour, or the same weight of sweet or sour rye, can be bought.  
Yesterday at all the chain stores of the Atlantic and Pacific Co. a 14-ounce loaf was offered for a nickel. It was sold in a hurry, too, for, when the officials of the Bureau of Weights and Measures called at different chain stores to weigh samples of the loaves on sale, although it was early in the afternoon, they found them all sold.  
Market Commissioner O'Malley and representatives of 600 master bakers and the five local unions in the city recently reached an agreement to reduce the price of bread 1 cent on the "16-ounce" loaf, making the price 7 cents at wholesale and 8 cents at retail. It was only a few months ago that this size loaf was retailing at 10 cents.  
A reduction in the price of Jewish bread is also announced. This will be a drop of 2 cents for 16 ounces, or from 9 to 7 cents. The commissioner declared yesterday that a 5-cent loaf was an impossibility at this time, as Jewish bread is handmade and consequently more expensive to manufacture than the machine-made loaf.

**CROWDER TO SAIL TOMORROW**  
General, Engaged on Cuban Affairs, Books Key West Passage.  
HAVANA, Jan. 4.—Major-General E. H. Crowder has booked passage on the steamship Mascotte, sailing Jan. 5, for Key West.  
A Washington dispatch last week stated that Gen. Crowder would soon discuss Cuban conditions with officials of the State Department. For some time he has been acting as special representative of the President in Cuba in connection with discussion of the financial reforms.

**BELLEVILLE WINDOW SMASHERS GET JEWELRY STORE DISPLAY**

Three Men, in Early Morning Robbery, Get Stock Valued at \$1200, Escape in Auto.  
Three men in a touring car drove up to the store of the Knapp Bros. Jewelry Co., on East Main street in Belleville, a few minutes before 6 a. m. today. Two got out and after smashing the show window with a lump of coal, carried trays of jewelry to the automobile. The stolen stock was valued at between \$1200 and \$1500.  
Herman Berger, owner of a woman's garment store across the street, heard the crash of glass and saw the robbers at work. He said that about a half dozen other persons in the block witnessed the robbery, but that it was done so quickly that no one had a chance to interfere. After the robbery the automobile went west. The lump of coal with which the window was smashed was taken from the yard in the rear of the jewelry store. The jewelry taken included a dozen gold watches, five trays of wedding rings, a diamond scarfpin, a diamond brooch, two pairs of gold cuff links, six gold pencils and several silver vanity cases.

**Dr. Graves Heads Medical Society.**  
Dr. W. W. Graves was installed as president of the St. Louis Medical Society last night in the society's auditorium, 3525 Pine street. He succeeds Dr. Emmett P. North. Dr. Graves, in his inaugural address, spoke chiefly of the need of the society for larger, more suitable quarters.

**ROLE OF CHRIST PLAYED FOR FIRST TIME ON ENGLISH STAGE**

Fourteen-Year-Old Girl Appears as Redeemer Under Censorship Broadened Because of Films.  
LONDON, Jan. 4.—An impersonation of Christ has been permitted for the first time on an English stage in the production here of Strindberg's symbolic play "Advent." A 14-year-old girl appeared as the Redeemer. Dramatic critics are inclined to the view that the English stage censorship is broadening in regard to religious plays, probably because of the fact that representations of Christ have appeared often in the films.  
In past years, several plays have been refused licenses because they included Christ as one of the characters. Others received permission on condition that no character should appear symbolic of the conventional conception of divinity in human form.

**A BABY whose organs function regularly is laughing, happy baby. When baby cries and is fretful look for constipation. It is generally the forerunner of nervousness, feverishness, headaches, colds and many other distressing ailments. Give half a teaspoonful of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin and the baby will quickly get well. A dose costs less than a cent.**  
**DR. CALDWELL'S SYRUP PEPSIN THE FAMILY LAXATIVE**  
Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is the largest selling liquid laxative in the world, used by mothers for 30 years. It is a combination of Egyptian Senna and other simple laxative herbs with pepsin, the safest remedy you can give a baby.  
**HALF-OUNCE BOTTLE FREE**  
Few escape constipation, so even if you do not require a laxative at this moment let me send you a Half-ounce Trial Bottle of my Syrup Pepsin FREE OF CHARGE so that you will have it handy when needed. Simply send your name and address to Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 314 Washington St., Monticello, Ill. Write me today.

**MAN'S WOUND INVESTIGATED**

Policemen investigating the case of James Farrell, 45 years old, of East St. Louis, who is suffering from a serious bullet wound in the groin at St. Elizabeth's Hospital in Granite City, were informed that Farrell was in a fight last Saturday night in a saloon at Sixth and G streets, Madison, Ill. He was taken to the hospital at 1 a. m. Sunday by several men who refused to disclose their identity.  
Farrell said that he had been struck by a stray bullet fired by New Year's eve celebrator.

**MARQUETTE HOTEL**  
18TH AND WASHINGTON  
Where you can lunch or dine wisely and well  
**SPECIAL MID-DAY LUNCHEON**  
Eighty-five Cents

**Headache Sick Stomach**  
The quick, sure, infallible relief, a 10-cent package of Orange Powder at any drug store stops any kind of headache or sick stomach and they never fail. Six million used yearly.

**\$3-\$8 SUIT OR OVERCOAT**  
Many as good as new—all styles—many with belts, form-fitting, ulsters, chinchillas, kerseys. All the highest priced makes. Why not be well dressed at small expense? A big shipment from the swiftest dressers in Chicago just received. Over 600 BRAND-NEW MERCHANT TAILORS' uncalled-for garments just received. As low as \$8 to \$16—at less than half price. Remember, they are brand new, absolutely!! Why pay more? **LADIES' and GIRLS' SWELLEST BRAND NEW and SLIGHTLY USED CLOAKS, DRESSES, SUITS, SKIRTS, WAISTS, FURS** at your own price. Men's swell fur-collar Overcoats, \$10.00—and RAINCOATS, SUEDES, GABARDINES, English and belted models, the latest, new and used. New RAINCOATS as low as \$1.00. Remember, we close at 8 P. M. on the dot.  
**Serge Pants, \$2.00**  
**Work Pants, \$1.25**  
**3713 Washington NEAR GRAND**  
**Coat and Vest, \$3.00**  
**Mackinaws . . \$3.00**

**Kline's**  
606-08 Washington Avenue  
Thru to Sixth Street  
**Wool Skirts**  
Formerly \$4.95 to \$6.95 **\$2.95**  
Of striped prunella and plaid velour  
Kline's—Fourth Floor

*Regardless of Sacrifices, All Winter Merchandise Must Go!*

**Extreme Coat Reductions**

In fact, these reductions, due to heavy stocks, are among the most severe we have been compelled to make in several seasons. Choice of former

**\$50 Coats . . . . .**  
**\$45 Coats . . . . .**  
**\$40 Coats . . . . .**  
**\$35 Coats . . . . .**

**\$28**

A saving of anywhere from \$7 to \$22 from former prices if you choose from this wonderful Coat group. Not only do we advise women to purchase for immediate wear, but the values justify buying even for next year. Conservative models galore, the kind that stay in style from one season to another, in plain or fur-trimmed effects.

Chamoistyne, moussyne, veldyne, Normandy, velour and cut Bolivia are among the fabrics. Many Coats with fur collars of beaver, wolf, opossum and raccoon. Beautiful silk linings.

**Our Great Annual January Sale of FURS**

**Reductions Range Upward to 60%!**

Now is the ideal time to buy that Fur while these reductions prevail. The following are indicative of the savings:

**ANY ANIMAL SCARF—**  
Formerly priced \$45 to \$75. . . . . **\$25**  
**FUR CAPES AND STOLE—**  
Formerly priced \$75 to \$150. . . . . **\$50**  
**KOLINSKY MARMOT COATS—**  
Formerly priced \$125 to \$175. . . . . **\$65**  
**FUR CAPES AND STOLE—**  
Formerly priced \$100 to \$175. . . . . **\$75**  
**BAY SEAL\* AND FRENCH SEAL\* COATS—**  
Formerly priced \$195 to \$295. . . . . **\$145**  
**HUDSON SEAL\* COATS—**  
Formerly priced \$275 to \$345. . . . . **\$225**

**Many Other Items at Similar Reductions**  
\*Hudson Seal is seal-dyed muskrat Bay Seal and French Seal are seal-dyed coats.  
Kline's—Third Floor.

**S-U-I-T-S**

Two Groups Positively Sacrificed

**Former \$25 to \$50 Suits . \$19**  
**Former \$30 to \$65 Suits . \$29**

Suit qualities that, at the price, are almost unbelievable. Plain models, many proper for Spring, as well as Suits with squirrel, beaver or other fur trimmings.  
Kline's—Third Floor.

**New Arrivals in Our January Underwear Sale**

Fresh, new shipments add to the variety in this great annual event, while the savings are still notable.

**Five Specimen Groups**

**Muslin Underwear—**Consisting of chemise, gowns and bloomers, in tailored styles or with touches of hand embroidery, flesh and white. Choice at . . . **49c**  
**1000 Silk Camisoles—**All fresh and new, made of unusual quality satin, radium silk, crepe de chine and lace and ribbon. . . . . **\$1.00**  
**Anti-French Underwear—**Choice of a group consisting of Chemise, Creeper Drawers and Corset Covers made of excellent batiste, with scalloped edges. . . . . **\$1.00**  
**Silk Underwear—**Chemise, bloomers, camisoles and creeper drawers, materials in the lot are satin, radium silk and crepe de chine. Choice at . . . . . **\$1.25**  
**Philippine Gowns and Chemise—**regular \$2.95 and \$3.50 values. Handmade of finest batiste and nainsook, many pleasing styles from which to choose. While a limited quantity lasts, choice at . . . **\$1.25**  
Kline's—Main Floor.

**Women's Garments**  
Large, new assortment at remarkably at-  
women enthusiastically and Children's Wear are piled high with and each at a much  
erie  
\$3.98  
\$4.95  
\$9.95  
\$7.96  
\$11.90  
50c  
\$1.00  
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\$99.98  
\$100.98

## JUGOSLAVIA BECOMES AN EXPORTER OF FOODS

Country Sending Out Enormous  
Quantities of Hogs and  
Household Staples.

Correspondent of the Associated Press.  
AGRAM, Jan. 3.—Jugo-Slavia, for the first time in years, is exporting foodstuffs. She is sending out every day enormous quantities of hogs. Of the three great household staples, butter, cheese and eggs, she is also exporting immense quantities. Her abundance of food may be judged by the fact that the current price of butter is 17 cents a pound, of cheese, 13 cents a pound, and of eggs, 10 cents a dozen.

Berets of horses and livestock during the war, the Serbians now are actually exporting animals by the thousands. They are selling 500-600 horses to the Greeks. The countryside is swarming with sheep and goats, for which it is difficult to find a market. But pigs are the principal product of the kingdom. Every farmstead has a drove of them. A young sucking can be purchased here for the price of a rabbit in the United States.

All through the war Serbia had to lean on other countries for its bread. But today her stocks of wheat are so great that she could return her wartime favors by feeding other countries. Her last crops have been among her greatest. A pound loaf of bread in any part of the kingdom costs 3 cents. The coarse black bread that during the war-trying years held the nation together is now only a memory. White bread and cake are the daily ration even of the poorest.

The little Slav State has made a truly remarkable recovery from the war. Everywhere one sees great abundance in all the necessities of life, happiness and health among the people, and a definite effort at reconstructing the country.

The country's marvelous rehabilitation may be set down as due principally to the industry, common sense and determination of her thrifty men and women; secondly, to the absence of bolshevism; thirdly, to the immense moral impulse given the population by America and other generous neighbors in the days when the country was destitute and tottering.

The aid given by such organizations as the American Relief Commission was especially timely and effective. Rifles and swords of the sanguinary days of 1914-1917 are now replaced by the scythe and ploughshare. As an earnest of her desire for peace, she has today in uniform only 175,000 soldiers, a relatively small number for a nation of 14,000,000 people.

## VESPER SAYS ST. LOUISANS DO NOT APPRECIATE INSTITUTIONS

That the attitude of St. Louisans generally is not in accord with the atmosphere of St. Louis institutions, was the declaration of V. W. A. Vesper, president of the Chamber of Commerce, before the Advertising Club at luncheon yesterday at Hotel Statler. And this lack of appreciation by St. Louisans of St. Louis institutions, he added, was not conducive to the progress of the city.

"Selling St. Louis to St. Louisans," an address that he has frequently delivered, was the subject of discussion, and Vesper said that, as a means to this end, every club should have a definite civic function. He suggested that the Advertising Club take one feature of St. Louis and teach it constantly, keeping it ever before the club and the public where possible so that it shall become generally known and talked of. The Chamber of Commerce, he said, was working to the end that each club take a feature and promulgate it constantly as the pet project of that club.

Reports of the various committees showed that the club has entered the new year with many constructive ideas for improvement of advertising service.

Miss Eleanor Shaw, a pianist of New York, representing a piano company, entertained the advertising men with several piano selections.

## ADVERTISING.

## DID PAIN DISTURB YOUR SLEEP?

THE pain and torture of rheumatism can be quickly relieved by an application of Sloan's Liniment. Do not rub, as it penetrates and soon brings warmth, ease and comfort, letting you sleep soundly.

Always have a bottle handy and apply when you feel the first twinge. You will find it just as good for neuralgia, sciatica, lumbago and any external ache. It is especially good for the pain out of tired, aching muscles, sprains and strains and lame backs.

It is clean and non-staining. For forty years Sloan's Liniment has proved itself to thousands the world over. Ask your neighbor.

At all druggists—35c, 70c, \$1.40.

**Sloan's Liniment** (Pain Expeller)

# Nugents

The Store for ALL the People

35c Colored Sateen  
36-in. sateen, in plain colors; mercerized silk finish.  
**29c**  
(Main Floor—Nugents.)

\$1 Shirting  
32-inch Half Silk Shirting, in white and colored grounds with colored stripes.  
**69c**  
(Main Floor—Nugents.)

## 800 Coats Reduced

We are going to make this the record Coat Day of the whole Winter season by offering record values on fine Winter Coats from our regular stocks. Coats for women! Coats for misses! Coats for juniors! At savings that will set the town a-talking.

### 3 Great Price Groups

\$25 Velour Coats...  
\$30 Suedine Coats...  
\$30 Normandie Coats...  
\$35 Bolivia Coats...  
**\$18**

\$35 Plush Coats...  
\$40 Panvelaine Coats...  
\$45 Rivoli Coats...  
\$50 Normandie Coats...  
**\$25**

\$50 Panvelaine Coats...  
\$55 Seal Plush Coats...  
\$65 Erminie Coats...  
\$70 Ondona Coats...  
**\$38**

All sizes, all colors, all styles for women and misses.

(Second Floor—Nugents.)

## ALL FURS—Sacrificed

Finest Furs and Fur Coats and Wraps at 30 to 50 cents on the dollar. PRICES asked in this Sale ARE LESS than the manufacturers' cost of producing these Furs.

Hudson Seal (dyed Muskrat Coats) orig. pr. \$450.  
SACRIFICE SALE PRICE... **\$225**

Jap Mink Wraps, original price \$600.  
SACRIFICE SALE PRICE... **\$295**

Natural Squirrel Coats, original price \$495.  
SACRIFICE SALE PRICE... **\$295**

Fox Scarfs, original price \$25.00.  
SACRIFICE SALE PRICE... **\$10.00**

Jap Mink Stoles, original price \$95.00.  
SACRIFICE SALE PRICE... **\$39.75**

Russian Fitch Stoles, original price \$95.00.  
SACRIFICE SALE PRICE... **\$47.50**

Squirrel and Fitch Chokers, orig. price \$20.00.  
SACRIFICE SALE PRICE... **\$10.00**

Hudson Seal Dolmans, original price \$900.  
SACRIFICE SALE PRICE... **\$425**

Eastern Mink Capes, original price \$675.  
SACRIFICE SALE PRICE... **\$395**

Sealine and Skunk Trimmed Coats, originally \$250.  
SACRIFICE SALE PRICE... **\$99**

Golden Canadian Beaver Coats, orig. price \$950.  
SACRIFICE SALE PRICE... **\$450**

Stone Marten Chokers, original price \$55.  
SACRIFICE SALE PRICE... **\$33.00**

Hudson Seal Muffs, dyed Muskrat, orig. pr. \$17.50.  
SACRIFICE SALE PRICE... **\$7.50**

Sealine Dolmans, original price \$189.50.  
SACRIFICE SALE PRICE... **\$99.00**

Jap Mink Capes, original price \$295.00.  
SACRIFICE SALE PRICE... **\$150**

(Second Floor—Nugents.)

## Quick Meal GRAY PORCE-LAIN WITH SIDE OVEN Gas Ranges, SET UP \$82.50

\$2.50 Lifetime Aluminum Double Boilers, 8-quart, extra deep, extra heavy, extra shaped covers.  
**\$1.29**

\$1.75 Aluminum Coffee Percolators, lifetime grade, 9-cup size.  
**\$1.00**

\$2.00 Adjustable Curtain Stretchers, size 6x8 ft.  
**\$1.39**

15c Toilet Paper, 100-sheet rolls; silk tissue.  
**10c**

\$1.50 "Wagner" Steel Skillets, No. 8 size.  
**98c**

65c Galvanized Coalhods, with reinforced bottoms.  
**48c**

70c Clothes Baskets, family size; well made.  
**48c**

85c Galvanized Washtrubs, medium size.  
**58c**

\$2.25 Wash Boilers, No. 8; copper bottom and stationary handles.  
**\$1.75**

\$2.50 Galvanized Ash Cans, corrugated sides with two riveted handles and rim cover.  
**\$1.39**

\$5.50 Castiron Stoves—With deep firebox; burns coal or wood.  
**\$4.39**

\$1.50 Bath-tub Seats; white enameled, with rubber covered hangers; fit over any bath-tub.  
**98c**

All-White Sanitary Back-room Fixtures: bathtub hanging soap dishes, wall soap dishes, tumbler holders, toilet paper holders, towel bars, etc. at choice.  
**25c**

Prompt Telephone Service—Office 4200, Central 3800.

At About Cost of the Material—1000



**Handbags**  
\$1.25 and \$1.50 Values—  
Choice at  
**88c**

An extraordinary offering, made possible by a special purchase from one of America's largest manufacturers at great savings. Splendidly made of black, brown and numerous fancy leathers, in swaggar, kodak and kyle shapes—beautifully lined and fitted. Many will buy three or four at this unusually low price.

(Main Floor—Nugents.)

## Warm Blankets Reduced

Our own regular stocks and specially-purchased lots at about WHOLESALE COST Thursday. Share in these savings:



\$1.95 Blankets, Each

74x80-inch extra-size Sheet Blankets, in white, tan or gray. Striped borders. Slight seconds.  
**\$1.39**

\$6.95 to \$7.95 Blankets, Pr. Wool-mixed full-size plaid Blankets.  
**\$5.00**

\$3.95 and \$4.50 Blankets, Pair Three-quarter and full-size heavy cotton Blankets—very nappy.  
**\$2.98**

\$10.50 to \$13.50 Blankets, Pair Some all wool, others slight cotton. Full size.  
**\$8.85**

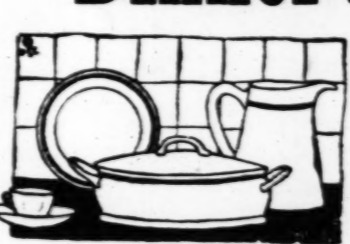
\$6.95 to \$7.95 Comforts Odd lot of full-size Comforts with deep borders.  
**\$5.95**

\$3.50 and \$4.48 Spreads Full-size Crochet Spreads, hemmed style.  
**\$2.98**

(Third Floor—Nugents.)

Theo. Haviland China

## Dinnerware



Odds and Ends at  
**1/2**  
Price and Less

ONE LOT OF THEO. HAVILAND CHINA TEAPOTS, Sugar Bowls, Sauce Boats, Butter Dishes, Platters, etc., all at 1/2 price.

ONE LOT OF HAVILAND AFTER-DINNER TEA AND COFFEE SAUCERS, choice 5c.

ONE LOT OF OATMEAL BOWLS; regular \$6.20, \$6.90, \$7.13 and \$8.50 values; choice, dozen.  
**\$3.00**

ODD SOUP PLATES, all fancy decorated; regular \$4.50, \$5.83, \$7.38 and \$8.13 values; choice, dozen.  
**\$3.50**

450 DOMESTIC SEMI-PORCELAIN MEAT PLATTERS; all sizes and styles; 50c, 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.25 values; choice.  
**39c**

(Fourth Floor—Nugents.)

Prices Drop in the January

## Sale of Dress Goods

\$1.59 French Serge; 40-inch. Medium or dark gray.  
**98c**

\$2.50 Wool Tricotine; 36-inch. Taupe gray only.  
**\$1.25**

\$2.75 French Serge; 54-inch. Wistaria or Copenhagen.  
**\$1.69**

\$2.50 Wool Poplin; 54-inch. Tan or green.  
**\$1.98**

\$2.50 Storm Serge; 50-inch. Navy blue.  
**\$1.75**

\$4.25 Silverstone; 54-inch. Navy or Oxford gray.  
**\$2.98**

\$3.25 Bolivia Coating; 54-inch. Reindeer taupe or Sorrento.  
**\$2.98**

\$3 Broadcloth; 50-inch. Wanted shades, including navy and black.  
**\$2.95**

\$4.50 Wool Tricotine; 54-inch. Navy, brown or black.  
**\$3.49**

\$4.50 Poret Twill; 54-inch. Navy blue, brown or black.  
**\$3.75**

(Main Floor—Nugents.)

## Money-Saving Specials Toilet Goods

25c Peroxide of Hydrogen... **15c**  
35c Pussywillow Talcum Powder... **23c**  
35c Mary Garden Talcum Powder... **23c**  
44c Sanitol Tooth Paste... **27c**  
44c Neet Depilatory, in jars... **27c**  
\$1.50 Hygieo Manicuring Set... **93c**  
32c Cutex Outlets Remover... **23c**  
10c Armour's Bath Tablets, large bar... **64c**  
35c Glyco-Thymolene... **23c**  
10c Cake Baby Castile Soap... **64c**  
12 1/2c and 15c Imported Nailbrushes... **64c**  
(Main Floor—Nugents.)



## Women's Gloves \$1 Values—Special—59c

2-clasp, fine suede finish, washable Chamois Lisle Gloves of unusually fine quality. Gray, white, beaver and brown. Plain or stitched backs. Sizes 6 to 8.  
(Main Floor—Nugents.)

## \$2.25 Girdles

Many new designs of fashion-able Girdles, in various bead combinations. 95c to \$1.75 Medallions. Medallions made of fine beads in different shapes and color combinations. 50c. \$3.50 to \$4.50 Trimming. Spang and bead trimming in pleasing designs and color combinations. \$1.75.  
(Main Floor—Nugents.)

Silks—Some Than HALF!

## \$3 and Silks For \$1.98

\$3 SATIN CHIFFON in navy blue, brown or black; 40 in. wide.  
\$3 CHIFFON in light changeable weaves, in navy, brown, taupe, green, in wide.  
\$4 SATIN CHIFFON in gray, navy blue or black; 40 in. wide.  
\$3 SATIN-FAÇON in wide.

Foulard Silks New Foulard Silks in navy blue, brown or black grounds, 36 in. wide.  
\$2.00 Satin Messalines 36-in. navy blue Satin Messalines.  
\$2.50 Taffetas 36-inch Chiffon Taffetas in light blue.

(Main Floor—Nugents.)

## A Five-Dollar Sale of Clothing



ering Extraordinary Savings 3 Big Price Groups

Boys' \$7.48 Suits single-breasted, belt all around; well made from sturdy chambrases, in smart mixtures. Sizes from 8 to 17 years.

Boys' \$6.50 to \$7.95 Suits velvet finished corduroy, in round style. Sizes 13 to 17 years.

Boys' \$6.50 to \$8.95 Mackinacs double-breasted models, with round, shawl or notch collar, or muff pockets. Sizes 6 to 18 years.

(Second Floor—Nugents.)

## Another Wonderful Opportunity for Heads of Women and

# Basement Dresses

Usual \$20 Dresses! \$15 Dresses! \$10 Dresses! Choice of Any—



When we placed almost thousand Dresses on sale recently at BASEMENT at FIVE DOLLARS, underestimated the response—public—hundreds couldn't get on and we were practically sold before the day was over.

We immediately started negotiations for another sale of equal magnitude to give every woman in St. Louis an opportunity to secure a REAL BARGAIN in Dresses for only FIVE DOLLARS. This announcement is the result.

Velveteens  
Tulle  
Brilliant  
Velours  
Charmeuse

EMBROIDERY, Novelties, Collar Facings, Ribbons, Tassels

New Dresses  
Tunic Coat Styles  
Sleeve Models  
Lined Models  
Dresses

All styles and sizes for women, misses and juniors.  
(Main Floor—Nugents.)

# January Sales

**50c Dress Foulards**  
2 to 9 yard lengths  
of Dress Foulards, in  
colored grounds with  
printed figures. 32  
inches wide. (Main Floor—Nugents.)

**59c Colored Sateen**  
36-in. plain col-  
ored Sateen; good  
quality; silk finish.  
(Main Floor—Nugents.)

**Nugents**  
The Store for ALL the People

**Silks—Some Than HALF!**  
**\$3 and Silks For \$1.98**  
\$3 SATIN CHARM navy blue, brown or black; 40 inch wide.  
\$3 CHIFFON TIES, in light changeable weaves or solid, in navy, brown, taupe, green or gray; 40 inch wide.  
\$4 SATIN CHARM gray, navy blue or black; 40 inch wide.  
\$3 SATIN-FACE 40 inch wide.  
Foulard Silks  
New Foulard Silks in navy blue, brown or black grounds, 36 in. wide.  
\$2.00 Satin Messalines  
36-in. navy blue Satin Messalines.  
\$2.50 Taffetas  
36-inch Chiffon Taffetas in light blue.  
\$3.98 Canton Crepe  
40-inch Canton Crepe in navy blue or black.  
\$6.98 Chiffon Velvets  
Navy blue, taupe, old rose, gray or dark red.  
\$5.95 Duveltyns  
36-inch silk face Duveltyns in black only.  
(Main Floor—Nugents.)

**Prices Drop in January Sale of Rugs**  
Offering an unequalled opportunity to save on Rugs of every description. Nine Thursday specials:  
\$32.50 12x12-ft. wool and fiber Rugs \$22.50  
\$39.50 8 1/2x10 1/2-ft. Brussels Rugs, "seamless" \$25.00  
\$18.50 9x12-ft. Grass Rugs \$11.95  
\$7.50 2x9-ft. China Matting Rugs \$3.95  
\$9.50 9x12-ft. China Matting Rugs \$4.95  
\$5.00 6x9-ft. China Matting Rugs \$2.95  
\$25.00 6x9-ft. Axminster Rugs \$16.95  
\$7.95 6x9-ft. wool and fiber Rugs \$3.95  
\$30 8 1/2x10 1/4-ft. Brussels Rugs, "seconds," one pattern \$19.95  
(Third Floor—Nugents.)

**300 Brand-New Hats**  
A special purchase that brings exceptional values at this special sale price of **\$5**  
New Hats of gros de londre with pretty trims of fruit and flowers; Hats of visca and sport braids, and cellophane and satin combinations. All lovely new high colors—likewise brown and navy.  
(Second Floor—Nugents.)

**1000 Dresses Reduced**  
And when you see THE Dresses you'll certainly be surprised to find them priced so low. Every one taken from our regular stock—every one splendidly developed of one or another of the season's most favored materials—ALL rare bargains at these reduced prices.

**3 Great Price Groups:**  
\$18 Serge Dresses .....  
\$21 Velveteen Dresses .....  
\$20 Tricotine Dresses .....  
\$25 Crepe de Chine Dresses .....  
\$25 Poiret Twill Dresses .....  
\$25 Crepe de Chine Dresses .....  
\$30 Canton Crepe Dresses .....  
\$35 Tricotine Dresses .....  
\$30 Party Dresses .....  
\$35 Lace Comb. Dresses .....  
\$40 Crepe Satin Dresses .....  
\$45 Velvet Dresses .....  
Every wanted style, color and size for women and misses.  
(Second Floor—Nugents.)

**A Five-Mar Sale of Clothing**  
Offering Extraordinary Savings in 3 Big Price Groups  
Boys' \$7.48 Suits  
single-breasted, belt all around; well made from sturdy chevrons, cassimeres, in smart mix-  
Sizes from 8 to 17 years \$5.00  
Boys' \$6.50 to \$7.95 Suits  
velvet finished corduroy, in belt round style. Sizes 8 to 17 years. \$5.00  
Boys' \$6.50 to \$8.95 Mackinaws  
double-breasted models, with belt round, shawl or notch collars and muffs pockets. Sizes 8 to 18 years. \$5.00  
(Second Floor—Nugents.)

**January Sale of Petticoats, Aprons, Etc.**  
Women's \$2.95 Jersey Silk Petticoats; in all wanted shades, with deep flounces; \$1.98  
\$4.95 and \$5.95 Silk Petticoats; of jersey silk and changeable taffeta, with deep trimmed flounces \$3.69  
\$2.95 Blanket Robes, in neat floral patterns, finished with cord and pockets; \$2.39  
Women's \$6.95 Corduroy Robes; in straight and slipover models; many have wool embroidery in front and belt of same material \$4.29  
\$3.95 and \$4.95 Flannelette and Crepe Kimonos; good shades and pretty patterns to choose from; finished with ribbon trimmings \$2.95  
Women's \$4.95, \$3.95 and \$2.95 House Dresses; plain and trimmed models; all of good gingham, with fancy collar and cuffs, belts and pockets \$2.59  
60c Butcher's White Aprons; made of Indian Head; at 50c  
Women's \$2.95 and \$3.95 Gingham House Aprons, in fancy checks, stripes, plaids and plain styles and trimmed effects, many styles; regular and extra sizes \$1.98

**\$2.50 Marquisette Curtains**  
In a Special Sale at **\$1.66** Pair  
Trimmed with cluny lace edges and neatly hemstitched. Shown in white, ivory and Arabian color.  
59c to 75c Cretonnes, yard.....35c  
29c to 39c Curtain Material, yard.....20c  
44c to 49c Curtain Material, yard.....25c  
98c Curtain Material, yard.....60c  
**Special! 600 Window Shades**  
A special group of opaque Shades, 36 inches wide and 7 feet long, all mounted on guaranteed rollers. Shown in yellow, green and white. Each 65c  
(Third Floor—Nugents.)

## Great Opportunity for Heads of Women and Misses—Another Great Women Dress Sale

Usual \$20 Dresses! \$15 Dresses! \$10 Dress Choice of Any—  
When we placed almost thousand Dresses on sale recently at BASEMENT at FIVE DOLLARS under-estimated the response of public—hundreds couldn't get in and we were practically sold before the day was over.  
We immediately started negotiations for another sale of equal magnitude to give every woman in St. Louis opportunity to secure a REAL BARGAIN in Dresses for only FIVE DOLLARS. This announcement is the result.

**TRIMMED VELVETEENS**  
Twills, Velours  
Bramley's Charmeuse  
**TRIMMED**  
Beads, Embroidery,  
Cable Knotties,  
Contrasting Facings,  
Ribbons, Tassels  
**PORE DRESSES**  
Tunic Elbow Coat Styles  
Stream Models  
Long and Models  
Tall Dresses  
All styles and sizes for women, misses and juniors.  
(Main Floor—Nugents.)

**Now in—the New ROYAL SOCIETY**  
Spring 1922 Package Goods  
A most complete assortment of Scarfs, Centers, Table Covers, Bungalow Luncheon Sets, Gowns, Camisoles, Chemises, Children's Dresses, Aprons, Hats, Caps, Rompers and Play Suits, Bibs, Towels, etc. Beautiful artistic hand-embroidered models of the complete Royal Society line.  
(Fourth Floor—Nugents.)  
**30c Handkerchiefs**  
Men's fine Batiste Sport Handkerchiefs with printed border effects, in many neat designs. 15c  
25c to 35c Sample Handkerchiefs, 3 for Women's Batiste Handkerchiefs elaborately embroidered in colors or white conventional designs. 50c  
Men's 25c Initial Handkerchiefs  
Cambric Handkerchiefs, closely woven, embroidered with script letters in a broken line of initials. 15c  
(Main Floor—Nugents.)

**Basement Sale of Women's Boots**  
\$3.50 to \$7 Grades, at **\$1.95**  
Finest quality leathers in brown or black kid, brown or black suede and patent leathers—some have black satin tops. Many have Good-year welted soles. Sizes 2 1/2 to 7, AA to D widths. Military, Cuban or Louis heels.  
(Basement—Nugents.)

**IN OUR BARGAIN BASEMENT**  
17c White Domest Flannel; good heavy fleece; good quality; 27 inches wide. 12 1/2c  
25c Fancy Outing Flannel; 36 inches wide. 13c  
19c Bleached Muslin; 36 inches wide. Good wearing quality. 12c  
25c Bleached Cambric; 36 inches wide; fine weave. 19c  
35c Pillow Tubing; seamless; mill remnants. 20c  
55c Sheetting; 72-inch bleached sheeting. While 600 yards last. 39c  
60c Sheetting; 72-inch bleached sheeting, desirable mill remnants. 42c  
\$2.00 Serges; extra weight double warp all-wool storm serges; 48 inches wide, in assorted colors. \$1.47  
Mill Remnants—\$3.50 to \$4.50 Tricotines and Poiret Twills—54 to 58 inch; fine qualities; brown, navy and black; 2 1/2 to 5 yard lengths; yard. \$1.97  
\$2.50 Navy Wool Poplin; 54 inches wide; all-wool; firm, smooth quality. \$1.47  
80c Worsted Plaids; 56 inches wide. 57c  
\$2.00 All-Wool Fancy Serges; 40 inches wide; stripes and plaids; assorted colorings. \$1.00  
\$2.98 Zibelene Coating; 54 inches wide; in navy and wine. \$1.97  
\$3.00 Fine Suitings; 54 inches wide; novelty gray suit- ings; all wool. \$1.67  
35c Pillowcases; 42x36 inches in size; of fine quality soft fine cotton. 26c  
23c Pillowcases; 42x36 in. Pillow cases of unbleached Sea Island muslin; 15c  
soft finish. 15c  
\$1.75 Bed Sheets; 119x90 inch; extra heavy seamless. \$1.39  
\$2.50 to \$3.50 Bedspreads; 2-4 and full size Crochet Bedspreads, closely woven, subject to imperfections. \$1.95  
\$1.39 Sheet Blankets; size 54x 76 inches; extra heavy weight; gray and white. 83c  
\$2.75 to \$3.50 Large Double- Bed Size Blankets; in plaids or plain colors; good heavy quality. \$1.97  
35c Bath Towels; full bleached, good weight; 22x44 inch size. 27c  
37c All-Linear Toweling; full width, strictly all linen bleached Barnsley crash; 25c  
30c Huck Towels; size 19x36 inches; full bleached; slight seconds; extra heavy quality. 21c  
\$1.75 Pattern Cloths; 72-inch Pattern Cloths, heavily mercerized damask, leamed or ready for use. \$1.23  
23c Huck Towels; size 18x36 inch; plain white and colored borders, good heavy quality. 15c

**\$3.95 to \$5.00 Sweaters**  
300 of Them Reduced to **\$2.95**  
Salesmen's samples, broken lines and soiled sweaters in button-front, Tuxedo button and Tuxedo style sweaters with many new and novel collar ideas—majority with pockets. Tie sashes, belts and pockets on many; handsome shades of brown, black, navy, green, red and gray. Sizes from 36 to 46.  
(Basement—Nugents.)

### WATER DEPARTMENT EMPLOYEE HURT BY AUTO

Thomas Godfrey Struck by Skidding Car When Working in Street at 2:15 A. M.

Thomas Godfrey, 45 years old, of 4320 Papin street, employed by the City Water Department, was seriously injured at 2:15 a. m. today when struck by a skidding automobile driven by James Higgs, 21 years old, son of Vance Higgs of 5639 Enright avenue, while Godfrey was working with other city employees making repairs on the east side of Broadway near Potomac street. At the city hospital Godfrey was said to have suffered injuries to the back and skull.

Higgs, with his brother and three friends was driving north on Broadway, he told the police, when he saw the closed street sign on the east side of Broadway and attempted to veer to the west side to pass the excavation. It was raining at the time and the machine skidded, he said, knocking down Godfrey. A charge of careless driving was placed against Higgs.

Andrew Bone, 27, of 1719 Missouri avenue, an inspector, suffered scalp wounds and cuts and bruises at 4 p. m. yesterday when an automobile he was driving collided head-on with a Broadway car in front of 3942 South Broadway.

Frank Woodring, 20, an attendant at the Barnes Hospital, was knocked down by an automobile driven by Henry Sicher, residing at the Buckingham Hotel, in front of 716 Olive street at 4 p. m. He suffered scalp wounds.

Irwin Eckert, 17, of 1417 Biddle street, a clerk, suffered a fractured skull at noon when he was brushed from the step of a crowded Rodia-mont street car by a truck of Swift & Co., parked at the curb near Fourteenth and Morgan streets.

### CLEMENT HIRST IS ACQUITTED BY JURY OF ROBBERY CHARGE

Former Employer Testifies to Good Character of Youth Accused by Milk Wagon Driver.  
Clement Hirst, 21 years old, of 2503 W. Hebert street, was acquitted of a charge of first degree robbery yesterday by a jury in the Circuit Court.

John H. Lancaster, a driver for the Pevely Dairy Co., testified that he was "pretty sure" that Hirst was one of two men who robbed him of \$2.75 near the Hirst home at 3 a. m. May 17.

Hirst disclosed that he had a fight with Lancaster June 3 over a milk bill and that he was arrested on the robbery charge June 17, a month after the alleged robbery. Charles M. Hay, lawyer, by whom Hirst formerly was employed as office boy, in addition to conducting the defense, testified to Hirst's good reputation.

### Kiddies' Colds Can Be Eased Quickly

Dr. King's New Discovery will do that very thing, easily and quickly. Don't say, "Poor little kiddie, I wish I knew what to do for you!" When the cough first comes, give a little Dr. King's New Discovery as directed, and it will soon be eased.

It's a good family cough and cold remedy, too. Loosens up the phlegm, clears up the cough, relieves the congestion. No harmful drugs. For fifty years a standard remedy for colds, coughs, grippes. At your druggist, 60c a bottle.

**Dr. King's New Discovery For Colds and Coughs**  
Constipated? Here's Relief! Cleanse the system with Dr. King's Pills. They prompt free bile flow, stir up the lazy liver and get at the root of the trouble. All druggists, 25c.  
PROMPT! WON'T GRIPE  
**Dr. King's Pills**









## LESSENED DEMAND FOR BILLS OF ACCEPTANCE

By the Associated Press.  
WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—Lessened demand for bills of acceptance, but a somewhat broader activity, was reported by the Federal Reserve Board today in a year-end survey of conditions in the acceptance market of the 12 reserve districts.

Activity prevailing in the bill market in November did not continue in December. Reaction reported, and sales during the week were described as the lowest for the year.

The influence of tax payments, coming simultaneously with the new certificate issue and the Federal Reserve's last, had a direct effect on the investors according to the survey.

A considerable decline in the country's foreign trade during 1921, in addition to the fall in prices, resulted in a reduction in the amount of business in the New York market, the survey continued, adding, however, that there was a steady strengthening of the market.

A highly important development of 1921, the report said, was the growth of a market for bills of acceptance against the security of bankers' acceptances and Treasury certificates.

Outstanding acceptances. Acceptances outstanding on Dec. 10, 1921, were not much lower than on Nov. 10, according to the Philadelphia report, exports of grain, flour, cotton and tobacco being the principal transactions for which acceptances were accepted recently.

There was no improvement in the acceptance market in Cleveland in November over the previous month, the report said, with exports falling off and domestic bill shipments somewhat curtailed. A comparatively small supply of bills came into the market during November by the Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta, but were smaller in amount by 44 per cent than those purchased during October, but were larger by 28 per cent than the total of November, 1920, the total for November of this year being larger than any previous month this year, except September and October.

A general falling off in acceptance transactions during November was reported by Chicago, the greater part of the bills drawn being against grain, meat products, tobacco and cotton goods.

After a fair display of activity during October and November, the St. Louis Reserve Bank said, "the acceptance market had tapered into a period of extreme quietness."

Decrease at Minneapolis. A considerable decrease in acceptance transactions in Minneapolis was reported, the report said, while it was noted that the bank of that district had materially reduced its acceptance acceptance liability during the month.

Bills originating on the Pacific Coast, the San Francisco Bank declared, were appearing in larger quantities, but the supply was still insufficient to meet the investment demand, and prime Eastern bills continue in good demand.

During the latter part of November, the bank said, "the demand for bills, which would fall due before the end of the year, was the same as a gradual broadening of the market was noticeable chiefly among country banks, but to a larger extent among corporations and private individuals."

## NEW YORK CURB

Special to the Post-Dispatch.  
NEW YORK, Jan. 4.—Following is a partial list of transactions on the Curb Exchange today:

STOCKS	High	Low	Close
21 Amalgamated	61	60	61
22 Amalgamated	58 1/2	58	58 1/2
23 Amalgamated	58 1/2	58	58 1/2
24 Amalgamated	58 1/2	58	58 1/2
25 Amalgamated	58 1/2	58	58 1/2
26 Amalgamated	58 1/2	58	58 1/2
27 Amalgamated	58 1/2	58	58 1/2
28 Amalgamated	58 1/2	58	58 1/2
29 Amalgamated	58 1/2	58	58 1/2
30 Amalgamated	58 1/2	58	58 1/2

### Daily Grain Movement

In the following table will be found receipts and shipments of grain in sacks (1000 omitted):

	WHEAT.		CORN.		OAT.	
	Rec.	Ship.	Rec.	Ship.	Rec.	Ship.
St. Louis	44	55	107	93	24	24
Chicago	37	13	447	110	213	213
St. Paul	99	63	62	26	29	29
Min. City	72	100	11	26	5	5
Omaha	43	4	89	60	3	3
Omaha	7	3	88	11	12	12
Omaha	17	30	230	11	22	22
St. Joseph	8	8	14	5	1	1
St. Joseph	13	6	72	14	47	47
St. Joseph	11	2	12	2	2	2
St. Joseph	4	2	148	234	4	4
St. Joseph	87	316	4	2	2	2
St. Joseph	34	172	131	237	5	5
St. Joseph	30	172	131	237	5	5

### Chicago Provisions

CHICAGO, Jan. 4.—Following is a report of today's high, low, and close prices in quotations in the provisions market:

High	Low	Close	Sat.
Jan 10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/2	10 1/2
Jan 10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/2	10 1/2
Jan 10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/2	10 1/2
Jan 10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/2	10 1/2
Jan 10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/2	10 1/2
Jan 10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/2	10 1/2
Jan 10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/2	10 1/2
Jan 10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/2	10 1/2
Jan 10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/2	10 1/2

### Cash Grain Prices

CHICAGO, Jan. 4.—Wheat, No. 3 red, \$1.14 1/4; No. 2 hard, \$1.05 1/2; Corn, No. 2 white, \$0.84 1/2; Oats, No. 2 white, \$0.36 1/2; Rye, No. 2 white, \$0.82 1/2; Barley, No. 2, \$1.02 1/2; Timothy seed, \$2.75; Clover seed, \$2.50; Alfalfa seed, \$2.50; Hops, No. 1, \$1.00; No. 2, \$0.90; No. 3, \$0.80; No. 4, \$0.70; No. 5, \$0.60; No. 6, \$0.50; No. 7, \$0.40; No. 8, \$0.30; No. 9, \$0.20; No. 10, \$0.10; No. 11, \$0.05; No. 12, \$0.02; No. 13, \$0.01; No. 14, \$0.00; No. 15, \$0.00; No. 16, \$0.00; No. 17, \$0.00; No. 18, \$0.00; No. 19, \$0.00; No. 20, \$0.00; No. 21, \$0.00; No. 22, \$0.00; No. 23, \$0.00; No. 24, \$0.00; No. 25, \$0.00; No. 26, \$0.00; No. 27, \$0.00; No. 28, \$0.00; No. 29, \$0.00; No. 30, \$0.00; No. 31, \$0.00; No. 32, \$0.00; No. 33, \$0.00; No. 34, \$0.00; No. 35, \$0.00; No. 36, \$0.00; No. 37, \$0.00; No. 38, \$0.00; No. 39, \$0.00; No. 40, \$0.00; No. 41, \$0.00; No. 42, \$0.00; No. 43, \$0.00; No. 44, \$0.00; No. 45, \$0.00; No. 46, \$0.00; No. 47, \$0.00; 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The POST-DISPATCH is the only St. Louis evening newspaper giving Associated Press news service.

## A. H. ROBBINS OF ELECTION BOARD DIES

Succumbs to Pneumonia After Short Illness—Funeral at 8 P. M. Friday.

Alexander H. Robbins, 46 years old, secretary of the Board of Election Commissioners, died of pneumonia today at his home, 1341 Laurel street. He became ill Christmas eve with a severe cold, from which pneumonia developed. His widow and a daughter, Mary, 17 years old, survive.

He was appointed to the Election Board last February by Gov. Hyde as one of the Democratic members. He was a lawyer. He was born in St. Louis and was educated at Central High School and Washington University Law School.

He was widely known as a church worker and supporter of the Anti-Saloon League. For 16 years he had been superintendent of the Sabbath School of Scruggs First M. S. Church, South Spring and Cook avenues, of which he was a member. He had attended this church since boyhood and was assistant superintendent of the Sunday School before he became superintendent.

He was editor of the Central Law Journal and was an instructor in law at St. Louis University. He formerly was chairman of the Missouri State Bar Association's Committee on Uniform Laws.

The funeral will be held at 8 p. m. Friday at Scruggs First Church. This hour for the funeral was decided on by members of the family so that members of the church and Sunday School, many of whom are employed, would be able to attend. Burial will be private at Valhalla Cemetery Saturday morning.

**River Captain of Sixties Dies.**  
The funeral of Maurice W. Borden, 76 years old, who died Sunday at his home, 4758 Hammond place, was held yesterday, with burial in Mt. Carmel Cemetery. Borden, who was a river steamboat captain during the Civil War, had lived in St. Louis for 60 years.

## QUIT MEAT WHEN KIDNEYS BOTHER

Take a glass of Salts if your Back Hurts—Bladder troubles you.

No man or woman who eats meat regularly can make a mistake by flushing the kidneys occasionally, says a well-known authority. Meat forms uric acid which excites the kidneys, they become overworked from the strain, get sluggish and fail to filter the waste and poisons from the blood, then we get sick. Nearly all rheumatism, headaches, liver trouble, nervousness, dizziness, sleeplessness and other disorders come from sluggish kidneys. The moment you feel a dull ache in the kidneys or your back hurts stop eating meat and get about four ounces of Jad Salts from any pharmacy; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast and in a few days your kidneys will act fine. This famous salt is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to flush and stimulate the kidneys, also to neutralize the acids so they no longer cause irritation, thus ending bladder weakness.

Jad Salts is inexpensive and cannot injure; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which everyone should take now and then to keep the kidneys clean and active and the blood pure, thereby avoiding serious kidney complications.

## PIGGY WIGGLY Bulletin

### Change in Prices

Quaker Oats, Regular Size, 10c  
Quaker Oats, Family Size, 22c  
Armour Oats, Regular Size, 9c  
National Oats, Regular Size, 8c  
Pawmee Oats, 5 Lbs. Net, 25c  
Fels Naptha Soap, Bar, 5½c

## SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES

### Evening Courses

For Second Semester, Beginning January 27

Catalog of new courses in College Subjects, Business, Engineering, Languages, Literature, Law, Science, Mathematics, Art and Architecture is now ready, and will be mailed upon request. Registration for these courses will be on January 27th, with the exception of that on Income Taxes, which begins January 29th, and Business Law, which begins January 30th.

**Evening Course on Income Taxes**  
A brief, practical course of seven lectures is offered as an aid in the preparation of individual and corporation income tax returns. Special emphasis on recent changes in Federal Income Tax Law. Wallis G. Rowe, A. B., Lecturer.

**Free Lectures on Public Health**  
Given at the Auditorium of the School of Medicine of Washington University Sunday afternoons at 3:30, from January 8th to March 12th, inclusive.

For information concerning these courses and lectures address: Division of University Extension, Room 126, University Hall.

**WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY SAINT LOUIS**

## Sunday Post-Dispatch Ad

**LABOR URGES OF PUBLIC CREDIT TO REMEDY**

**Building or Improvement Highways Advocated Men Back**

Special to the Post-Dispatch.  
WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—In the January number of the American Federationist, organized labor's official organ, Samuel Gompers, president of the A. F. of L., sets forth labor's remedy for unemployment.

"The President's unemployment conference, a semi-official body, as pointed out by the President and presided over by the Secretary of Commerce, acted from the first under well-defined limitations," Gompers writes. "As a result specific unemployment remedies were recommended only for the emergency program. The recommendation of measures for the permanent recovery of unemployed workers was of a very general character dealing with (1) railway armament, (2) the tariff, (3) disarmament, (4) foreign exchange, (5) prices and deflation. One recommendation dealt with seasonal unemployment.

**Recommendations of Conference.**  
The remedies proposed by the conference may be put into several groups:

1. General Remedies—Recommendations of a very broad character and expressed (necessarily) in general terms, such as those favoring the limitation of armament, and the limitation of immigration, the tariff, taxation and railroad questions.
2. Private and Voluntary Remedies—Recommendations directed to employers—without requiring governmental or legislative action. The recommendation of the President's conference with regard to building is important. We quote from the official report, page 21: 'We recommend that the Governors summon representative committees, with co-operation of the Mayors or otherwise as they may determine, to determine facts; and (b) to organize community action in securing adjustments in cost, including removal of freight discriminations, and clearing out campaigns against combinations, restrictions of effort, and unsound practices where they exist, to the end that building may be fully resumed.'
3. Governmental and Legislative Remedies—State and municipal buildings.
4. Governmental and Legislative Remedies—National works and buildings.

The conference recommended extension of the Federal Unemployment Service and of the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Undoubtedly all these recommendations have the support of all progressive forces, including that element most immediately concerned, i. e., labor.

"5. Recommendations After Close of the Conference.—In the final report of the conference, Secretary Edward E. Hunt, with Senator Kenyon's bill, introduced Nov. 21, providing for long-range planning of public works, is an important result of the conference. The preamble states that a sound economic policy requires that a large percentage of public works projects of the United States be undertaken and carried to completion during periods of depression, when labor and capital are not fully employed, private industry, and on the other hand, that a smaller percentage of such projects should be undertaken when private industry is active."

"The Standing Committee, pointed by the conference, with Hoover as chairman, has recommended a scientific investigation by the engineering societies, cyclical as well as seasonal unemployment.

**How Conference Was Limited.**  
The time has come when must get beyond the limitation of the semi-official conference, the chief of these were:

1. Against National Expenditure. In their opening speeches President Harding and Secretary Hoover took a stand clearly involving against remedies involving national expenditure.
2. American labor has neither any demand for funds nor ever called for funds in the past for support and subsidies for the unemployed. It is the belief of American labor that the unemployment question is remediable under our existing system—and remedies it has proposed indicate further belief that unemployment can be prevented without any aid for 'doles'.
3. Against National Legislation. Secretary Hoover urged in his opening and closing addresses that legislation should be very largely in the realm of legislation and not in the realm of national legislation.

"Hasting itself upon these principles the conference did not recommend national legislation requiring considerable new expenditures in appropriations (to be covered by taxes) or in the new issue of public credit—although the principle of the special extension of public credit in hard times for emergency justifiable public takings was recognized by the conference as a leading remedy for chief form of unemployment.

**Extension of Credit.**  
It is obvious, and it needs no argument to prove, the prop-

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We're starting 1922 with sensational reductions in all departments! Just look at these amazing bargains! They are but a few of hundreds included in this sale.

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Formerly sold up to \$15.00; a bang-up bargain at

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Heavy, warm Sweater Coats, values to \$6.00

**\$2.95**

**MEN'S HEAVY OVERSHOES**

In all sizes; values up to \$7.50.

**98c**

**MEN'S LEATHER BOOTS**

14-inch lace, with double buckle top; a \$7.50 regular value; special at

**\$3.95**

**MEN'S SLIPPERS**

Romany; solid leather throughout; regular \$3.50; special at

**\$2.35**

**BOYS' DRESS SHOES**

Values to \$5.00; special at

**\$2.99**

**MEN'S CORDUROY SUITS**

Regular \$35.00 English Corduroy suits, silk Venetian lined

**\$14.75**

**BOYS' CORDUROY SUITS**

Values to \$16.50; Marx & Hans make; a wonderfully serviceable suit; sizes to 12 years; special at

**\$7.95**

**MEN'S ARMY SHIRTS**

Wool O. D. (reclaimed)

**\$1.98**

**BLANKETS**

Single and double, new and reclaimed; take your pick

**\$1.59**

**GROCERY BARGAINS**

Um! Um! Here's a bargain! Excellent Cake Mixture; no sugar required; just add water; 3lb. seller; 1-lb. pkg.

**5c**

Get a sweet tooth? Pure Preserved of Fresh Fruit and sugar; a large selection of fruits; 23c 4lb. seller; special.

Feed the whole family and then some!

Corned Pork

Ready to serve; 4 lbs. and weight; special

**39c**

Sardines

Clever brand; packed in pure olive oil; regular

**7c**

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In Two Immense Sale Groups

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For All Overcoats Formerly Up to \$50.00

**\$34.00**

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—they were made in our own factory, and priced at a margin lower than any other St. Louis store DARED price them at. Wonderful Ulsters, plaid backs, Greatcoats, Ulsterettes, Chesterfields, fur-collared Coats—chinchillas, friezes, kerseys, meltons, fleeces—everything that's new and smart in Overcoatdom.

**Tomorrow Is the Day! \$26 and \$34 for Any Coat in Stock!**

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Beginning January 27

College Subjects, Business, Education, Law, Science, Mathematics, ready, and will be mailed upon request. Courses will be on January 27th. Income Taxes, which begins January 8th.

## on Income Taxes

Seven lectures are offered as an individual and corporation income on recent changes in Federal Income Tax. A. B. Lecturer.

## on Public Health

the School of Medicine of Washington at 3:30, from January 27th.

These courses and lectures address session, Room 126, University Hall.

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Sunday Post-Dispatch Advertisers Receive  
100 PER CENT MORE CITY CIRCULATION than those  
in any OTHER St. Louis Newspaper.

PART TWO.

LABOR URGES EXTENSION  
OF PUBLIC CREDIT AS WAY  
TO REMEDY UNEMPLOYMENTBuilding or Improvement of Waterways and  
Highways Advocated as Best Means to Get  
Men Back to Work.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—In the January number of the American Federationist, organized labor's official organ, Samuel Gompers, president of the A. F. L., sets forth labor's remedy for unemployment.

"The present unemployment conference, a semi-official body, appointed by the President and presided over by the Secretary of Commerce, acted from the first under well-defined limitations," Gompers writes. "As a result specific unemployment remedies were recommended only for the emergency program. The recommendation of measures for the permanent recovery of unemployment were of a very general character dealing with (1) railways, (2) taxation, (3) the tariff, (4) disarmament, (5) foreign exchange, (6) prices and deflation. One recommendation dealt with seasonal unemployment.

Recommendations of Conference. The remedies proposed by the conference may be put into several groups:

1. General Remedies—Recommendations of a very broad character and expressed (necessarily) in general terms, such as those favoring the limitation of armament, and calling for an immediate settlement of the tariff, taxation and railroad questions.

2. Private and Voluntary Remedies—Recommendations directed to employers—without requiring any governmental or legislative action. The recommendation of the President's conference with regard to building is important. We quote from the official report, page 21: "We recommend that the Governors summon representative committees, with the cooperation of the Mayors or otherwise as they may determine, to (a) determine facts; and (b) to organize community action in securing removal of freight discriminations, and clean-up campaigns against combinations, restrictions of effort, and unsound practices where they exist, to the end that building may be fully resumed."

3. Governmental and Legislative Remedies—State and municipal buildings.

4. Governmental and Legislative Remedies—National works and buildings.

"The conference recommended an extension of the Federal Unemployment Service and of the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Undoubtedly all of these recommendations have the support of all progressive forces, including that element most immediately concerned, i. e., labor."

5. Recommendations After the Close of the Conference.—In the official report of the conference, its Secretary, Edward E. Hunt, writes: "Senator Kenyon's bill, introduced on Nov. 21, providing for long-range planning of public works, is a very important result of the conference. The preamble states that a sound economic policy requires that a larger percentage of public work projects be undertaken and carried to completion during the periods of depression, when labor and capital are not fully employed in private industry, and, on the other hand, that a smaller percentage of such projects should be undertaken when private industry is active."

The Standing Committee appointed by the conference, with Mr. Hoover as chairman, has further recommended a scientific investigation by the engineering societies of critical as well as seasonal unemployment.

How Conference Was Limited. "The time has come when we must get beyond the limitations of the semi-official conference. The chief of these were:

1. Against National Expenditure. In their opening speeches both President Harding and Secretary Hoover took a stand clearly militating against remedies involving national expenditure.

"American labor has neither made any demand for doles nor has it ever called for funds in the public purse for support and subsistence of our unemployed." It is the belief of American labor that the unemployment question is remediable even under our existing system, and the remedies it has proposed indicate a further belief that unemployment can be prevented without any appeal for doles."

2. Against National Legislation. Secretary Hoover urged in his opening address closing addresses that remedies should be very largely outside the realm of legislation and especially outside the realm of national legislation.

"Hasting itself upon these principles the conference did not recommend national legislation requiring any considerable new expenditure either in appropriations (to be covered by taxes) or in the new extension of public credit—although the principle of the special extension of public credit in hard times for economically justifiable public undertakings was recognized by the conference as a leading remedy for the chief form of unemployment."

Extension of Credit. "It is obvious, and it needs no argument to prove, the proposition

that the efficacy of this remedy depends not only upon the time when it is applied but upon the amount of public work undertaken. If the principle is sound why not expenditures on public works not covered by existing appropriations? Are there no worthy and economically sound public undertakings not yet provided? What about land reclamation, water power, conservation, roads, waterways, canals and harbors? What of the use of Federal credit for housing and for new railroad outlays?"

"But before pursuing the public works remedy for unemployment further, let us mention the third limitation of the presidential conference. The personnel of the conference called for unanimous decisions. The invitations to the President's conference were issued not in proportion to numerical importance among the American people of the elements represented (for example, farmers, labor, etc.) but to quote Secretary Hoover, the conference was composed of 'men representative of all sections, predominantly those who can influence the action of employing forces and who can influence public opinion with a view to proper determination of the facts and needs of the unemployment situation,' or to quote President Harding, of men who 'would be helpful in making a success of such a conference.'"

Hard Times Unemployment Remedy. "President Harding's opening speech at the unemployment conference was read by many as indicating a belief that the chief form of unemployment, that due to hard times, is largely without a remedy."

"The official report of the conference, the Secretary adds a postscript indicating the possible influence of the conference on public work as follows:

"The Federal highway act, passed by Congress on Nov. 3, makes available \$75,000,000, which is to be matched by a similar amount from the states. By the end of the year 30 of 30 states had reported to us that within 90 days they can start 6261 miles of highways, which will directly employ more than 150,000 men."

"Municipal bond sales for public works since the call for the conference was issued have broken all records. Over \$60,000,000 in state bonds have been sold, and more than \$24,000,000 have now been offered for sale."

"The conference resolution on reclamation projects has resulted in the introduction of a bill carrying an appropriation of \$20,000,000 to a reclamation fund for continuance of projects now under way. The prompt passage of this bill will give employment to more than 32,000 men."

It is probable that the enactment of the last mentioned expenditure is due to the position taken by the conference. It has undoubtedly also increased the confidence of the investing majority of the nation, including investors. The extensions of credit proposed are based either upon absolutely sound security or are intended to stimulate the economy by themselves many times over in the increased productive capacity of the nation that will result."

The only important opposition to this remedy comes from two groups: (1) Those who wish the use of public credit for other and competing purposes, and (2) those interests which desire to see all the money in the pockets of the small investors flow into private financial channels and little or none of it to go to the Government in the shape of popular loans."

The chief fields for the new extension of public credit for public purposes are:

1. Reclamation—Immediate development and extension of the reclamation of arid, swamp and overflow lands in accordance with the plans of the U. S. Reclamation Service, and bills which have been laid before Congress.

2. Waterpower Development—Development of such part of the 200,000,000 undeveloped water horsepower in this country as would find an immediate market. This development to include the powers at Muscle Shoals on the Tennessee and Long Point on the St. Lawrence, and others in the Appalachians, the Rocky Mountains, and the Pacific Coast ranges.

3. Inland Waterways (Canals, Rivers, Harbors)—Development of the Mississippi River and its tributaries for domestic supply, navigation, irrigation, waterpower, and other benefits to be derived from the use or control of the waters in accordance with the plan laid down by the public credit is excellent, there is

## ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

ST. LOUIS, WEDNESDAY EVENING, JANUARY 4, 1922.

Mt. Everest Party Photographed on Its Return to Headquarters  
After Its Vain Attempt to Reach Summit of World's Highest Mountain

Though the party failed of its primary objective, it reached a point within 6000 feet of the summit and found a way by which they believe the peak may be scaled next summer. Members of the expedition, shown in the photograph, are, left to right: Dr. Wollaston, physician and naturalist; Colonel Howard Bury, leader of the expedition; Dr. Heron, geologist; and Raeburn, expert mountain climber. Seated: Mallory, expert mountain climber; Captain Wheeler, photographic surveyor; Bullock, mountain climber, and Major Morshead, surveyor.

TRADE METHODS ARE FURTHER  
DEFINED BY SUPREME COURT IN  
FINDING AGAINST BEECHNUT CO.

Federal Trade Commission's Right to Halt "Unfair Methods" Is Sustained and Scope of Sherman Act Is Held in Contract.

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—Lawful trade methods were further defined by the Supreme Court yesterday in a decision holding the trade methods and policies of the Beech Nut Packing Company, in obtaining the cooperation of its distributors and customers, to be "unfair methods of competition" within the meaning of the Federal Trade Commission act.

In upholding the right of the Federal Trade Commission to order discontinuance of such methods, the court divided five and four. Justice Day expressed the opinion of the court and Justices Holmes, McKenna, McReynolds and Brandeis dissented. The decision reverses the lower courts.

"If the Beech Nut system of merchandising is against public policy because of its dangerous tendency to hinder competition or to create a monopoly," the Court maintained, "it was within the power of the commission to make an order forbidding its continuance."

Question Is Settled. The trade method cases previously decided by the Supreme Court, which were brought under the Sherman act, were the Beech Nut case, settled, the Court stated today, "That in prosecutions under the Sherman act a trader is not guilty of violating its terms who simply refuses to sell to others, and he may withhold his goods from those who will not sell them at the prices which he fixes for their resale."

"He may not . . . go beyond the exercise of this right," it added, "and by contract or combination, express or implied, unduly hinder or obstruct the free and natural flow of commerce in the channels of interstate trade."

In the Beech Nut case the Court stated that "the facts found show that the Beech Nut system goes beyond the simple refusal to sell goods to persons who will not sell at stated prices, which in the Colgate case was held to be within the legal right of the producer." The Sherman act was not involved except as "a declaration of public policy to be considered in determining what are unfair methods of competition, which the Federal Trade Commission is empowered to condemn and suppress."

Methods Are Described. The Court reversed the decision of lower courts and held the Federal Trade Commission was within its rights in ordering the company to discontinue its practices. Justice Day, in determining the majority opinion, stated, however, that the or-

der of the commission was too broad and prescribed a form of order to be followed in the future.

This form of order as embodied in the court's decision provides that the Federal Trade Commission "should have required the company to cease and desist from carrying into effect its so-called Beech Nut policy by cooperative methods in which the respondent and its distributors, customers and agents undertake to prevent others from obtaining the company's products at less than the prices designated by it."

"1. By the practice of reporting the names of dealers who do not observe such resale prices;

"2. By causing dealers to be enrolled upon lists of undesirable purchasers who are not to be supplied with the products of the company unless and until they have given satisfactory assurances of their purpose to maintain such designated prices in the future."

"3. By employing salesmen or agents to assist in such plan by reporting dealers who do not observe such resale prices, and give orders of purchase only to such jobbers and wholesalers as sell at the suggested prices and refusing to give such orders to dealers who sell at less than such prices, or who sell to others who sell at less than such prices, in order to prevent such dealers from obtaining the products of the company;

"4. By utilizing numbers and symbols marked upon cases containing their products with a view to ascertaining the names of dealers who sell the company's products at less than the suggested prices, or who sell to others who sell at less than such prices, in order to prevent such dealers from obtaining the products of the company;

"5. By utilizing any other equivalent co-operative means of accomplishing the maintenance of prices fixed by the company."

The methods and plan of the Beech Nut Co. in its trade policy were described at length by the Court, which asserted that the company refused to sell its products to practically all jobbers, wholesalers and retailers, who do not sell at the prices it suggests, or who refuse to other jobbers, wholesalers and retailers who have failed to resell at prices suggested by it. Further, that it refused to sell to practically all mail order houses engaged in interstate commerce, because they frequently sell at cut prices, and had refused to sell to practically all jobbers, wholesalers and retailers, who sell its products to mail order houses.

Reference also was made by the

court to the various lists maintained by the company dealers, with key numbers to enable it to identify the distributors from whom jobbers and retailers buy, enabling its representatives to identify price cutters, as well as those from whom they obtained their supplies, the company refusing to sell to the dealers from whom the retailers who cut prices obtained their supplies.

Coronado Case Set.

The Coronado case, one of the most important labor and industrial cases to come before the Supreme Court in the last decade, was today ordered set for reargument Feb. 27.

The Court also set for argument on the same date two other labor cases involving the act of the State of Kansas setting up a Court of Industrial Relations.

The Coronado case is an appeal which the United Mine Workers of America brought from the lower courts in which that association was found to have violated the Sherman anti-trust law during the strikes in Arkansas in 1914. Chief Justice Taft in announcing the reargument today did not indicate the reason which controlled the court.

In the two Kansas cases Alexander Howard August, Dorothy, Thomas Harvey and Robert E. Foster seek to have set aside their commitment in the lower courts for contempt for their refusal to appear before the Court of Industrial Relations and giving information in an investigation of mining conditions which was being made upon complaint of members of a labor union of which they were officers.

"Plucking Board" Case. The Adjutant-General of the army, as custodian of the 68,000 records, cannot be compelled to produce any of these documents if the persons by whom they were originally drawn desire to avail themselves of the secrecy act, the District of Columbia Court of Appeals ruled today.

The District of Columbia Court of Appeals also, in a decision handed down today, upheld the contention of the War Department that the President may delegate to other officials his right of review of any action of the "Plucking Board," as set forth in the army reorganization act.

Daugherty Defines Illegal Activities of Trade Associations.

By the Associated Press. WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—Illegal activities of trade associations under the recent decision of the Supreme Court in the Hardwood Lumber Association were defined yesterday by Attorney-General Daugherty.

"There are three things," he said, "These associations cannot fix prices, divide territory or limit production by contract."

Daugherty said he would confer in a day or two with Secretary Hoover on the question of publication by the Commerce Department of trade statistics gathered by the various associations.

Many of these associations are anxious to know just how they may proceed in the gathering of information without question being whether the associations use the trade information when collected for illegal purposes, such as fixing prices, dividing territory or limiting production.

LLOYD GEORGE AND  
BRIAND DISCUSS  
FINANCE AT CANNES  
M'CUMBER GIVES  
ADMINISTRATION  
CAUSE FOR ANXIETYConversations of Premiers  
Preliminary to Supreme  
Council Meeting on  
Europe's Situation Friday.BRITISH PLAN TO DEAL  
WITH CREDIT PROBLEMProgress of Project for Inter-  
national Financial Corpora-  
tion Considered Gain  
for Europe.In Line for Chairman Fi-  
nance Committee and  
Regulars Wonder Whether  
He Will "Play Ball."HAS FIGHT ON  
FOR RE-ELECTIONStood Alone on Republican  
Side for the League;  
Gronna as Factor at Home  
Confuses Situation.

By the Associated Press.

CANNES, France, Jan. 4.—Premier Briand and M. Douceur, at the head of the French delegation to the Allied Supreme Council, arrived here today and received an enthusiastic welcome. M. Briand began a series of preliminary conversations with the British Prime Minister, Lloyd George, this afternoon. Marquis Curzon, British Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, also arrived today. The delegates were greeted by a mild snowstorm.

The two Premiers were well guarded from interruptions as they began their conversations. No pedestrians or motorists were allowed to approach the place unless they could satisfy the guards they were expected by Lloyd George.

The train that brought M. Briand also carried copies of the newspapers containing the French Premier's declaration regarding an alliance between France and England, quoting him as declaring it the best solution of the European problem. In the absence of official comment, there has been plenty of talk in and around the British delegation during the last few days on this subject, and the British appear to be convinced that the French policy is to seek an effective alliance. Feat is expressed, however, that the prospect of such an alliance has been compromised by the effect on British public opinion of France's position of the submarine question in the arms conference at Washington.

The arrival of Lord Curzon is supposed to have been close to the conference to mean that, contrary to expectations, the British objections to the Anglo treaty between France and the Turkish nationalists will be discussed here instead of being left for discussion by the conference of Foreign Ministers in Paris.

Big Tasks Before Them. To save Europe from economic disaster and keep the Entente from falling apart are the big tasks being undertaken here by Premiers Lloyd George and Briand. The two Premiers are laying out a program for the Allied Supreme Council which convenes here Friday.

Lloyd George intends that this shall be the last meeting of the Supreme Council. He has been busy in advance of bringing pending questions to a point where they can thereafter be dealt with by the Ambassadors of the allied Powers. Since his arrival he has been preparing himself for a strenuous week of work during which he is going to try to raise the discussion above all individual differences between the members of the Entente and apply a remedy from which all Europe will derive benefit.

M. Briand is understood also to favor adoption of a broad understanding as to what is needed to save the situation and then to let the work proceed through regular diplomatic channels, details as to the agenda of the terms being left to the Council of Ambassadors.

An Encouraging Sign. Whether the two Premiers' efforts to submerge particular contentions in a general consideration of the ills of Europe will succeed depends somewhat on the result of their private talks today and tomorrow in advance of the Council meeting.

Experts regard as an encouraging sign the progress made by the British project for organization of an international financial corporation to deal with credits and exchange and possibly currency. This is the greatest gain yet made toward settlement of Europe's woes, in the opinion of financial experts arriving here for the conference. This question, as well as that of reparations, will be discussed by Lloyd George and M. Briand in their private talks.

Premier Briand is determined to limit the agenda of the council meeting to reparations and the economic restoration of Central Europe. It is indicated. It is understood he is in favor of subsequently calling an economic conference, at which perhaps Russia and Germany might be represented.

It is known that the French delegation agrees in principle to Germany's making four payments of 125,000,000 gold marks each on the fifteenth of January, February, March and April, although Premier Briand has insisted that nothing binding was decided with Prime Minister Lloyd George during the recent conversations in London.

By DAVID LAWRENCE,  
A Special Washington Correspondent  
of the Post-Dispatch.  
(Copyright, 1922.)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—When it became apparent that Senator McCumber of North Dakota was next in line to Senator Venrose as chairman of the all-important Finance Committee, there were no loud cheers from the White House.

Much has been written from Washington about the meaning of McCumber's ascendancy. It has been described as the transfer of political power from the East to the West—the triumph of the agricultural bloc. But the significance of McCumber's sudden leap into the most powerful place in the Senate is broader than that, for the North Dakota Senator is not only a body and soul by the agricultural bloc—he is not one of its prime movers, although he has gone along with that group on many questions in the recent defeat of President Taft.

McCumber has a fight for reelection in North Dakota next autumn which has more of a relationship to his political position than the one which appears on the surface. In this day, McCumber has been a straight Republican, something of a "stand-patter," and regular, and an intimate friend of President Taft.

Later he espoused the Wilson cause on the League of Nations and stood alone on the Republican side. His colleague in the Senate, Gronna, has been a conservative, a radical enough to suit the Nonpartisan League which supported the new Senator Ladd.

Gronna and McCumber. Now Gronna has turned somewhat to the conservative side of things and looks for support mostly from the elements which are apparently on top in North Dakota, as the recent defeat of the Nonpartisan League in State elections would indicate.

But McCumber, originally a regular and a conservative, flirted with the radical side, stuck close to the agricultural bloc and made a bid for the Nonpartisan League vote in North Dakota, or shall he follow the trend of the recent elections and cut the ground, so to speak, from his opponent, Gronna, by showing himself to be a conservative Republican?

If McCumber adopts the latter course he's more likely to have behind him the full weight of the Harding administration in his campaign for his election. His chairmanship of the Finance Committee would in those circumstances help him win his prestige and support in his home State. If he goes along with the administration he will then be able to make arguments being made by Senators as to their special value to a state because of an important chairmanship.

Thorn in Administration Side. It is a fact that thus far McCumber has been somewhat of a thorn in the side of the Harding administration. He joined hands with the agricultural bloc last summer and tried to force the soldier bonus to the front, notwithstanding a request from the executive that the matter be pigeonholed, and it was on account of McCumber's persistence that President Harding found it necessary to advise the Senate in person on the bonus question.

If McCumber gets the chairmanship of the Finance Committee and doesn't really become an administration spokesman and supporter but an opponent, the chances would be against his getting administration support in North Dakota. Should he be defeated, Senator Snoot of Utah, admittedly one of the most capable men in the Senate in this generation, would automatically become chairman of the Finance Committee. If it did not disturb the whole scheme, however, is not to antagonize McCumber at this time, but to say, "I will play ball." The test will come at once on the permanent tariff bill, which will be considered and passed in the next few months.

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#### THE POST-DISPATCH PLATFORM

I know that my retirement will make no difference in its cardinal principles, that it will always fight for progress and reform, never tolerate injustice or corruption, always fight demagogues of all parties, never belong to any party, always oppose privileged classes and public plunderers, never lack sympathy with the poor, always remain devoted to the public welfare, never be satisfied with merely passing the time, always be independent, never be afraid to attack wrong, whether by statutory plutocracy or predatory poverty.

JOSEPH PULITZER

#### LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

**TOONVILLE CAR SERVICE.**  
 I wish that Seattle bird who says St. Louis has the best street-car service in the United States had been with me last night in transferring from the Vandeventer to the Southampton line at Vandeventer and Chouteau. The Southampton line is the Toonville trolley of our local system. It functions so efficiently that nobody rides on it who can walk to another line. Therefore, to miss a car is a calamity of the first magnitude. But do you suppose it will ever wait to let passengers transfer from another car immediately behind it running on the same track? No such display of accommodation or plain human intelligence. It wouldn't have taken five seconds last evening to let two or three passengers transfer themselves from the front end of the Vandeventer car to the back end of the Southampton car in a row. This is not an exceptional happening. It is frequent enough to be common. The service on this line is so poor that when a car does come along in the rush hour, it is almost jammed full with men hanging on the rear. It has to stop on nearly every corner while passengers fight their way in and out, so that by the time it gets out to Vandeventer and Chouteau there are three cars all in a row.

Street-car systems are notorious everywhere for not leaving to their train crews any discretion. "Them's orders" is the excuse for acting like blind automatons. If, however, the system is to be run by rigid rules, there ought to be one rule requiring train crews at outlying transfer points where the service is infrequent to wait for passengers of another car to transfer whenever this can be done without serious loss of time.

METHUSELAH.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

**Russia and Birth Control.**  
 "STARVING Russians soon will die by hundreds of thousands," statement of William N. Haskell, Director of the American Relief Administration Work in Russia, in the Post-Dispatch of Dec. 23. What do those who oppose the movement of birth control think of this situation? Do they still favor barbarism and want the people to multiply like cattle?

A. P.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

**Defining a Mystic.**  
 IN "Just a Minute" we read "Conan Doyle has become the greatest of our modern mystics." Conan Doyle is not a mystic. It is unfortunate that the word "mystic" is so thoroughly abused. A mystic is defined as "one who gives the philosophy, is considering that humanity as a whole possesses the same emotions and aspirations there must be some higher connecting media. Therefore if the candidate will subdue his conscious intellect for the time being and, by certain methods, attempt to feel the emotions of others and to attempt a sympathetic understanding, he may after a time become a partaker of the higher wisdom; incidentally he becomes unconsciously a psychologist, possessing a sympathetic understanding of the emotions of his brothers. From this philosophy of spiritual knowledge naturally comes the idea of spiritual sight. Conan Doyle saw various areas of colors on flowers, plants, etc. for which he was ridiculed. The above is practically held in common by all mystics. They disagree in other points. Some claim to see God and to be partakers of divine wisdom, while others say that God is so infinitely above man that He is above quality and that to even speak His name is to but know it would bring destruction. Most mystics place Conan Doyle's subjective methods in the category of "The Great Psychological Crime."

LOUIS CULLING.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

**Goloshes.**  
 NOW, honestly, Mabel, did you wear your goloshes, or rather arctics, "for the weather, so to speak," or did you have them unbuckled and flopping in the midsummer breezes, as they do in the East or up in the Windy City, eh?

Thanks be that St. Louisans were too sensible to take up such a ridiculous fad when it was started in other cities about three years ago.

I. K.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

**Where Are the Owners?**  
 HAVING fallen through the Lost and Found column, to find the owners of two dogs—one an Irish terrier or an airside, the other a small black and white dog with tan ears and quite a short tail—a fox terrier, I should say (except that it has rather shorter legs than a fox terrier usually has), and evidently a good rat dog, I am hoping, through your "Letters From the People," to locate the owners.

I have had both dogs over two weeks and advertised them repeatedly.

Thanking you for any assistance you can give me.

Edna L. H.

#### ZINC AND LEAD FIGURES.

The past year was subnormal as to lead and zinc. Production of the former was 20 per cent below that of 1920 and the shrinkage would have been greater but for the extraordinary record of Southeast Missouri, which produced a larger tonnage than a year ago. It was the only lead-producing area in the country to do this and, as usual, had the biggest production of any district.

The zinc record is gloomier. Production of zinc ore, which, according to the Geological Survey, was 250,000 tons, was 60 per cent less than the preceding year. Southeast Missouri, once as famous for its zinc productivity as Southeast Missouri is for lead, has yielded supremacy to Oklahoma.

The bald statistics of lead and zinc are not reassuring, but nevertheless, there is a distinct optimism in both of those industries. Though the market is far from satisfactory, it is slowly and steadily improving. The excess of production which war-time demands stimulated is gradually being absorbed. This is especially true of zinc. With the disappearance of the deadweight surplus, zinc operators are looking forward to 1922 with a good deal of confidence.

Another figure in the Geological Survey's report should be of interest to the zinc industry—the fact that zinc imports last year reached the negligible total of 2700 tons. Manifestly the troubles of the zinc industry are not due to foreign production, nor to the "cheap labor of Mexico." Nor is a remedy to be found in a prohibitive tariff. The remedy for the zinc and lead mining industries—and for industry generally—is a return to normalcy. The tariff is but the soothing palliative of quackery. When the world gets back to work such essential metals as zinc and lead will resume their place in the economic and industrial scheme of things and regain the prosperity which a semi-paralyzed world has forfeited. There are signs that the world is headed in that direction.

#### UNHAPPY LONDON.

Jerleka's successful debut at the Metropolitan is a notable artistic triumph, but it is more than that. It is the shattering of a legend. For the Czechoslovakian soprano came all the way from her "city of a thousand spires" to New York without so much as pausing in London.

Where is this golden arrogance to end? A little while ago we saw the long arm of Manhattan reach into Cincinnati, and lo! the most illustrious ball player of that Ohio city became a New Yorker. More recently we saw this same New York gather into her fold a whole colony of Boston's diamond celebrities. Now, Prague, on the other side of the world, listens as attentively to New York's clinking voice as do our American towns. And listening so Prague and New York have demonstrated that the cachet of Covent Garden's approval before a singer may be said to have arrived is non est. A Gibraltar of operatic tradition has been pulverized.

The glory that was Athens is Gotham. As mistress of the Adriatic Venice topped a century. New York is mistress of the seven seas and most of the land. Under her elect all go. Europe curtsies to her as prettily and promptly as does the deity of baseball.

London is taking it badly. Her artistic circles are deeply moved. They seem to think it unnecessary to wait for Macaulay's New Zealand. Any native son, they imply, can now stand in the bridge and behold the ruins of London's music prestige.

We have already consoled with Cincinnati and Boston, but London's grief we cannot hope to assuage. The task calls for a Frank Timmer.

#### MR. WHITLOCK'S SUCCESSOR.

The White House announcement that Henry P. Fletcher, Undersecretary of State, has been nominated Ambassador to Belgium brings to an official end the diplomatic career of Brand Whitlock. Historically, though, Mr. Whitlock's service in Belgium is permanent. It was a rare conjunction of extraordinary opportunity and extraordinary man.

Americans justifiably took pride in the gallantry, courage and adequacy of Mr. Whitlock's deportment under unbelievably trying circumstances. To the Belgians he stood as a sort of deliverer—the last link, so to speak, that bound them to happier times. They never lost faith in this urbane, unflinching American.

Bad as the story of Belgium's occupation was, it probably would have been far worse but for Whitlock's serene, fearlessness and rare ability in presenting and sustaining his position. Of this man and that who influenced the swirling process of things during the war it has been said that he was worth an army corps. Of Whitlock in Belgium it might truly have been said that "he was the shadow of a great rock in a weary land."

It is a pity that a man of such parts cannot be con-

tinued in the diplomatic service, that partisan politics requires his retirement. Because of such hereditary stupidities, partisanship is surely relaxing its grip on popular imagination and discrimination. The two old parties, about equally guilty on this count, must eventually rise above this sordid level or make way for parties with more conscience and sounder judgment.

#### FIGHTING WITH TROUBLE.

Secretary Wallace apparently is satisfied with the prospects of the farmer for the coming year. In a New Year's message to farmers he sees signs of an improvement in credit conditions, of a reduction of freight rates, reduction in the cost of producing farm crops and a probable increase in the price of grain.

What, then, is the meaning of the President's enthusiasm in asking the Secretary of Agriculture, apparently after the "message to farmers" was prepared for mailing, if not already in the mails, to call a national conference at Washington "to suggest practical ways of improvement" for the severe agricultural depression which exists throughout the land?

The President's concern for the farmer, apparently exceeding that of the farmer spokesman in his Cabinet, calls to mind his recent message to Congress, in which, by indication, he deplored the existence of the agricultural "bloc" as subversive of the interests of party government. It is not improbable, certainly, that the President, through the agency of a conference of agricultural interests in Washington, hopes to tame the "bloc" to the halter of party regularity.

The President professes no knowledge of what is the matter or what should be done. He leaves this all to his "best mind" in things agrarian. His passion, as he expresses it, is for our destiny as a "well rounded nation, with a high development of both industry and agriculture, supporting one another and prospering together."

This is a pretty picture, surely, and even if it should fail of realization in these times when things have a lawless way of resisting "well rounded" symmetries and "becoming" attitudes there is possibility of another picture quite as gratifying to the lovers of the beautiful in the conduct of public affairs. This picture may not so well suit the President's purposes of party tranquility. Rather it may be the means of bringing into the spotlight economic facts which might be disconcerting to the best-laid plans of parties and their leaders. The agriculturist of today can come to any conference with the facts in black and white that an emergency tariff has not raised the price of his products, while it takes considerably more bushels of corn to buy a tariff-protected piece of machinery than it did before the war. There is panic demagoguery for "well rounded" party relations in facts like that. Does Mr. Harding realize what he actually is flitting?

Let's hope, by all means, that the President doesn't change his mind in this matter. Think of the possibility of getting to the consideration of the conference a farmers' picture of middlemen, egg barons and packers. Our own Attorney-General Barrett, in his letter to Attorney-General Daugherty, already has contributed a small but well selected exhibit of freight rates and what they do to the farmers, the country merchant and the country consumer.

Borah may know how to doctor the four-power treaty, but he shows a little too much enthusiasm for killing the patient.

#### ONE DAY OF DROUTH.

Dec. 21 was a bleak day for burglars, booters and booters. Consider the news of that day: Peoria, Ill., Dec. 21.—Police early this morning prevented the burglarizing of Congressman Ireland's residence. Burglars who had forced entrance into the house and transferred all cases from the cellar to a waiting truck were caught just as they were about to scorch off. Congressman Ireland voted dry on the eighteenth amendment.

Boston, Mass., Dec. 21.—Federal prohibition officers raided the Casino House last night and seized a new trial and sentenced to serve seven years at Leavenworth, besides being fined \$15,000 for accepting bribes amounting to \$15,000 from an alleged "bookie."

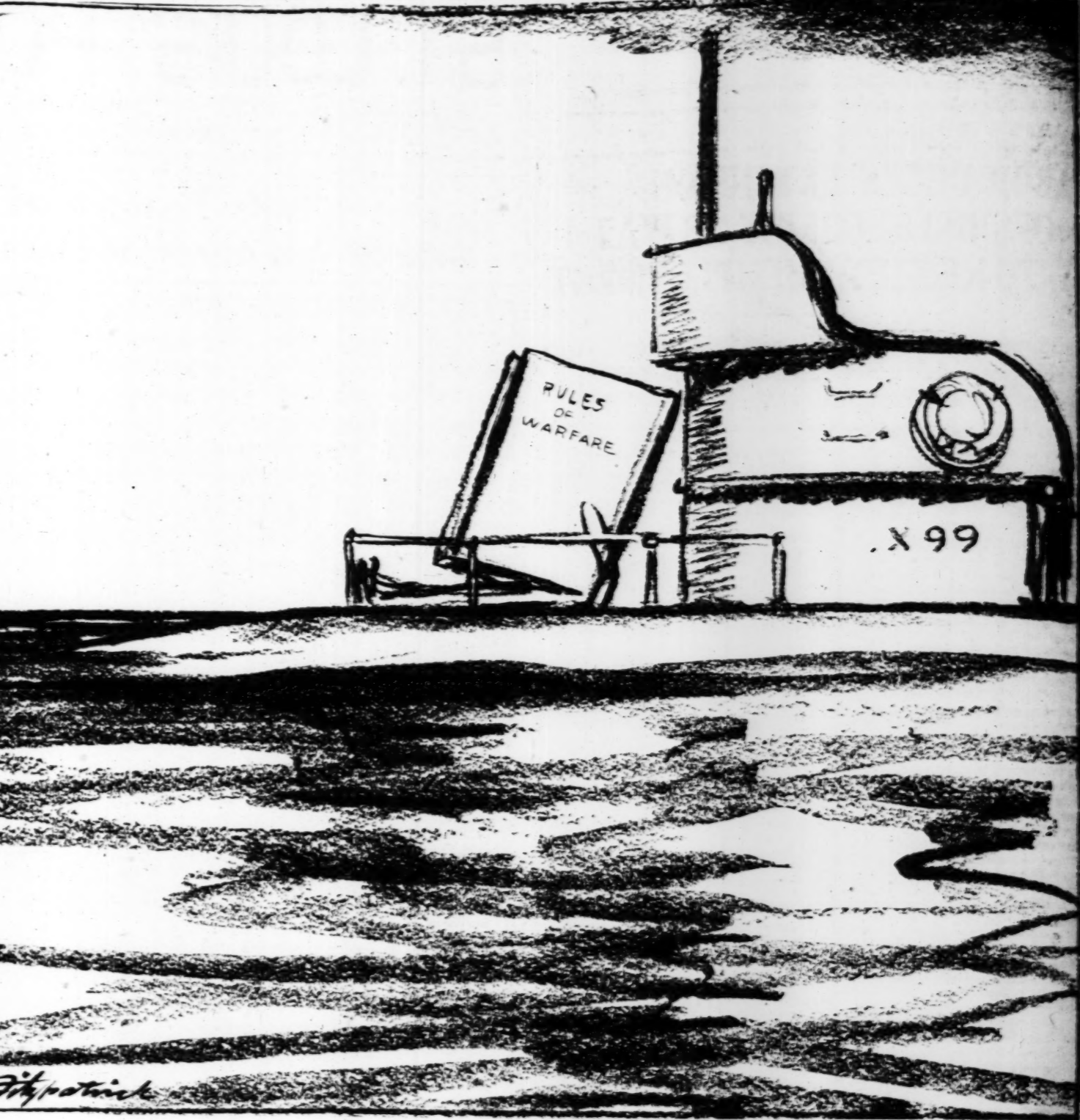
Such is the record of one day of drouth. Is prohibition a success? The evidence would indicate otherwise. But don't be misled by such unreliable witnesses as facts. Any fanatic can assure you that prohibition is a success, and any alert, slippery boot-legger can swear that prohibition is an Eldorado.

"Rotten Row" was one of the scenes of Princess Mary's courtship. She might at least have picked out a park.

When is a girl old enough to smoke? Prohibitionists might safely rule, when she wears long skirts and long hair.

#### HE HAS HIS WORK CUT OUT FOR HIM.

(From the St. Joseph News Press.)



MERELY A SURFACE PASSENGER.

#### JUST A MINUTE

Written for the POST-DISPATCH  
 By Clark Meadows

The nomination of Henry P. Fletcher as Ambassador to Belgium bears an interesting relation to our political deadlock with Mexico. Mr. Fletcher is at present Under Secretary of State, and his nomination to Mexico, and resignation that post after differing with Mr. Wilson as to our Mexican policy. Few differences of opinion among our public men have equalled this one in interest. Mr. Wilson sympathized deeply with the objects of the Mexican revolution. He regarded the Mexicans as a disinherited people, and his sympathy was with them rather than with the legal processes by which the revolution was being suppressed. He was a believer in the end being rendered futile. Mr. Fletcher's sympathies were never so liberal as Mr. Wilson's. Mr. Fletcher was on the ground, and he bore the brunt of property's appeal for redress from the processes of the revolutionary movement to restore the land to the people.

Mr. Fletcher split on this point with Mr. Wilson, and when the administration changed at Washington he became the State Department's resident in Mexico. He thinks what Mr. Fall thinks, and what these two gentlemen think is our present Mexican policy. Mr. Wilson is out of it. For 18 months the Fletcher-Fall crowd have had complete possession of our relations with Mexico. They have got nowhere. They demanded of Mexico that she reconstitute titles to land destroyed by it. (This refers, of course, to property acquired in Mexico by Americans.) Mexico has refused to do this. President Obregon has repeatedly explained that they cannot meet any such terms without forfeiting the fruits of the revolution. The Mexicans say that through a long period of time their country was given away by President Diaz. That dictator bestowed upon all sorts of people grants for which no better value was rendered the Mexican people than to have pleased the President or to have danced with the people whose land was being taken away from them in Mexico acquired it under the laws of Mexico at the time. No doubt most of them acquired it in good faith. Our Government says Mexico cannot take these lands away from Americans and enjoy our recognition. It reminds one of the line in one of Jack London's dialogues in which the old Westerner, being reminded that something is the law, exclaims: "We're not interested in the law. We're interested in what's right." Few questions are so fundamental as that. Most of the people who have lost their property in Russia have a perfect case legally, but they have a very bad one politically.

Mrs. John Beverly Robinson, 4339 West Pine boulevard, St. Louis, Mo., writes: "I have been a believer in prohibition for many years, but I have not been able to keep my secret going and their insatiable enthusiasm for a long time on nothing less."

Europe is going to invite our gold excess to an economic conference.

**FOR YOU.**  
 The New Year wings from heaven,  
 And love-born bells are ringing  
 For you their music now.

Upon the shining midnight  
 Of health and wealth and happiness,  
 For you, dear heart, they sing.

And the song they sing enchanting,  
 Is the song that fills the starlight,  
 And the joy of life foretells.

MRS. JOHN BEVERLY ROBINSON,  
 4339 West Pine boulevard, St. Louis, Mo.

It seems that business staggers every time it seems prices have taken a drop too much.—Norfolk Virginian Pilot.

The Germans are making a woolen cloth dyed with yellow that is moth proof. If this is propaganda it comes in fascinating form.—New Haven Journal-Courier.

been disinherited. He knew only that our citizens lost properties secured by them in good faith under Mexican law. Someone will have to fix up a working agreement between Mexico and the United States. Mexico is our principal foreign customer, as we are hers. Mexico is not a small country, as many of us are disposed to think. She is a very large and a very rich country, and there is no such thing as a business recovery in either country until the differences are patched up. If Mr. Fletcher's departure for Belgium means that we are to have a more liberal man as our expert on Mexico and one more disposed to compromise the differences between the two republics, then the new year is really getting off nicely in our State Department. If he is only taking a bigger post and someone as uncompromising as himself is to succeed him as our expert on Mexico, then the new year promises no better relations with her than we had in the old.

**Midwinter in Missouri.**  
 A certain low Republican was taking a crowd of men on the street yesterday that it was a mistake about taxes being higher this year than last year—that his taxes this year are \$30 less than last year. On examination of the tax books we find the afterward gentleman's taxes for this year are \$25 more than last year—and that the taxes for both years remain unpaid.—Carrollville Democrat-Argus.

Sheep Kivindai got off the following last week. Billy met one of his good Republican friends coming out of the collector's office at Benton after paying his taxes. "Good morning, Uncle Jimmy," said the sheep, "what do you know 'bout progress?" "I only know two things for sure," said Uncle Jimmy, "one is there will never be another watermelon auction in Scott County, and the other is," as he held out his tax receipt showing an increase in his taxes of nearly 50 per cent over last year, "that it will be a cold day in July when another Republican is elected to office in Scott County."—Hillside Impulse.

The scientist who thinks all the people who drink moonshine will be dead by 1924 is in a fair way to set a date for a sort of millennialism. Since drinking people must be the ones who render futile the laws of the dry, it necessarily follows that if all the drinkers were dead prohibition would become a success. Millennia have excellently served the world for the purpose of enthusiasm. The drys need more enthusiasm if they are to get from Congress permission to search our homes without warrants, something Congress has withheld from everyone else. We suggest that they go in for 1924. A lot of people have kept their secrets going and their insatiable enthusiasm for a long time on nothing less.

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#### The MIRROR of PUBLIC OPINION

This column is designed to reproduce without bias the latest comment by the leading publicists, newspapermen and periodicals on the questions of the day.

#### GERMANY'S CREDIT.

From the New York Telegraph.  
**PREMIERS** Lloyd George and Briand are about to confer on the subject of Germany's reparations to the victorious allies with a reasonable certainty that out of their deliberations will come a plan for the adjustment of the debts of the Teutonic republic on a basis which will provide for regulated payments. Britain and France view with comparative equanimity the news that Germany will default in her reparations payments for January and February.

The German Government is virtually bankrupt, but the industries of Germany are stable, sturdy and strong. With the industries as the basis of credit, Germany is a good risk, without them she is no better than Bolshevik Russia or the late Khilafat, wronged, wronged, wronged. Somewhere, there must be provided the collateral for a loan which shall put Germany part way straight. There are two available courses. One is for the German Government to take over German industry and the other is for Germany to take over the German Government. It is quite generally understood, and likewise it is quite generally appreciated among the creditors of Germany, that longer to continue the issuance of paper marks of the German Government is the fastest of assurances are current that this unlimited issuance of fiat money is to be curtailed.

#### WAR AND THE BUDGET.

From the New York World.  
**AS** the budget stands, the five larger items of the expenditure, the War and Navy Departments, Pensions, the Veterans' Bureau and interest on bonds, will show in 1922 a reduction of only 2 per cent from 1921 with the armistice four years and more in the past. These items alone amount to more than \$2,300,000,000 and with the addition of smaller expenditures scattered through the list the true war total for 1922 is estimated at about \$2,900,000,000. Such costs were greatly increased for this country by the Spanish War and never fell back to anything like the old proportions. Yet the entire expenditures of the Government for every purpose during the four full years 1918-19 inclusive were \$250,000,000 less than the \$2,900,000,000 which war costs alone will reach in one single year of peace—if the conference fails to meet the ardent hopes of humanity. Like other purchasers and employers, the United States must pay prices undreamed of in 1915. Yet Government costs other than military will be only \$600,000,000. Appropriations for past and future wars will be 85 per cent of the entire vast total of an estimated \$2,900,000,000. This is what past wars and war threats and preparations for future conflicts do to the prosperity of nations.

The scientist who thinks all the people who drink moonshine will be dead by 1924 is in a fair way to set a date for a sort of millennialism. Since drinking people must be the ones who render futile the laws of the dry, it necessarily follows that if all the drinkers were dead prohibition would become a success. Millennia have excellently served the world for the purpose of enthusiasm. The drys need more enthusiasm if they are to get from Congress permission to search our homes without warrants, something Congress has withheld from everyone else. We suggest that they go in for 1924. A lot of people have kept their secrets going and their insatiable enthusiasm for a long time on nothing less.

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#### "NONVIOLENCE" TO CONTINUE BY VOTE OF INDIA CONGRESS

Policy in Struggle for Home Rule to Be Unchanged in Spite of Failure in Last Year.

By CHARLES MEERZ.

A Special Correspondent of the

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—India's

"separation" from the British empire is made to hinge upon British policy—the Indian National Congress has voted to continue tactics of "non-violence"—the struggle for Swaraj, or home rule, is to go on despite failure of the movement to win within a year, as its leaders promised.

This seems to be the upshot of deliberations in the "All-India National Congress" meeting at Ahmedabad—Congressmen in Washington, as far as can be learned in Washington from reports received here.

Earlier in the week, Indian Nationalist leaders in Washington asserted they had received cables to the effect that "separation" had definitely been voted by the Congress. It was suggested that the critical point in the Indian situation was not this question of "separation." For more than a year, Nationalist leaders in India have openly talked about "raising the flag of freedom."

An actual vote by the Congress for "separation" might not of its own weight have affected the course of events in the near future.

Of more importance was the question whether the Congress would vote to continue its program of non-violence or whether it would resort to more militant tactics. Such a shift in policy would have altered the whole Indian situation fundamentally, and brought matters to a crisis.

It is impossible to say that violence is not coming to India. With in the last few weeks, M. E. Gandhi, leader of the Nationalist movement, has been in the eyes of his followers a saint in the eyes of the world. A politician he is willing to speak his mind, has described a crowd in an important Indian city in these terms:

"Excitement runs high in India. And though Gandhi again and again warned his followers that 'violence' was not the solution, he has nevertheless been instances of violence. It is impossible to say there will be more, or as the Nationalist enthusiasm expands. All that can be said at present writing and on the basis of reports received, is that in the Congress Gandhi seems to have decided that the situation is not so grave as the word. His policy of non-violence has apparently been affirmed."

**Situation Still Explosive.**  
 So far as "separation" is concerned, that phase of the National problem seems to have been dealt with in a resolution of appeal to the British administration. "Congress declares 'It does not wish to declare complete independence in case the British 'make common cause with the people of India,' securing redress of the Punjab of Khilafat wrongs (two items on the Nationalist program).

On the other hand, if the British Government remains hostile, the Congress will strive to oppose over the 'Liberal' element, who has been advocating an end to 'co-operation' with the Government and the beginning of a campaign of home rule by boring for within."

It is certainly no exaggeration to say that despite the reported affirmation of "non-violence" by Congress, the situation in India is explosive. Roused by such events as the Amritsar massacre and prospect of the "Black Cohort" led by a non-resident whose followers by no means fully grasp the theories of fighting with arms weapons such as boycotts of goods and spinning wheels to drive Britain's vast Indian trade in India, a large part of India's powerful masses struggles dangerously toward something known as "Swaraj."

**Will Celebrate Half Century on the Amateur Stage.**  
 Gustavus Tuckerman, secretary of the City Club, will celebrate the 50th anniversary of his entrance into amateur theatricals by playing the part of old Scrooge, dramatic version of Dickens' "Christmas Carol," which will be presented by the Artists' Guild theater by Players.

Tuckerman played his first part in 1872, at a presentation of "The Merry Wives of Windsor," given by the City Club of Gloucester, Mass. He has since then been a regular member of the City Club, and has been in numerous productions here, including the part of William Clark in the Missouri Centennial drama, and summer has been active in the principal playground festivals in St. Park.

The "Christmas Carol" will be presented also tomorrow, and tonight. There is a prologue, spoken by James Drummond, in the first of the three acts, which will be a pageant of Christmas of past, present and future.

## NONVIOLENCE TO CONTINUE BY VOTE OF INDIA CONGRESS

Policy in Struggle for Home Rule to Be Unchanged in Spite of Failure in Last Year.

By CHARLES MIERZ, Special Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—India's "separation" from the British empire is made to hinge upon British policy—the Indian National Congress has voted to continue tactics of "non-violence"—the struggle for Swaraj, or home rule, is to go on despite failure of the movement within a year, as its leaders promised.

This seems to be the upshot of deliberations in the "All-India National Congress" meeting. Also debated was far as can be learned in Washington from reports received here.

Earlier in the week, India Nationalist leaders in Washington asserted they had received cables to the effect that "separation" had definitely been voted by the Congress.

It was suggested that the critical point in the Indian situation was not this question of "separation." For more than a year, Nationalist leaders in India have openly talked about "raising the flag of freedom."

An actual vote in the Congress for "separation" might not of its own weight have affected the course of events in the near future.

Gandhi Against Violence.

Of more importance was the question whether the Congress would vote to continue its program of non-violence or whether it would scrap that program in favor of tactics greater militant. Such a shift in policy would have altered the whole Indian situation fundamentally, and brought matters to a crisis.

It is impossible to say that violence is not coming to India. Within the last few weeks, M. E. Gandhi, leader of the Nationalist movement, said in the eyes of his followers, and soonest that "violence is suicide." There have nevertheless been instances of violence. It is impossible to say there will be no more, or as the Nationalist enthusiasts expect, that there will be greater scale. All that can be said, at present writing and on the basis of reports received, is that in the Congress Gandhi seems to have decided that "violence is suicide."

On the other hand, "if the British Government remains hostile, the Congress will take over Germany." This policy of non-violence has apparently been reaffirmed.

Situation Still Explosive.

So far as "separation" is concerned, that phase of the Nationalist problem seems to have been dealt with in a resolution of appeal to the British administration. The Congress declares "It does not wish to declare complete independence" in case the British "make common cause with the people of India in securing redress of the Punjab and Khilafat wrongs" (two leading items on the Nationalist program).

On the other hand, "if the British Government remains hostile, the Congress will take over Germany." This policy of non-violence has apparently been reaffirmed.

Finally, from the information available, it seems that in the Congress Gandhi has been victorious over the "Liberal" element, which has been advocating an end to "non-cooperation" with the Government and the beginning of a campaign to win home rule by boring from within.

It is certainly no exaggeration to say that despite the reported reaffirmation of "non-violence" by the Congress, the situation in India is explosive. Roused by such events as the Amritsar massacre and the prospect of the "Black Coler Bill" led by a non-violent movement, the Congress is not fully grasping his theories—fighting with strange weapons such as boycotts of a Prince and spinning wheels to destroy British's vast Indian trade in cloth.

A large part of India's poverty-stricken masses struggles dangerously toward something known as "Swaraj."

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Gustav Tuckermann, secretary of the City Club, will celebrate the fiftieth anniversary of his entrance into amateur theatricals by playing tonight the part of old Scrooge in a dramatic version of Dickens' "Christmas Carol," which will be presented at the Artists' Guild theater by the Players.

Tuckermann played his first role in 1872, at a presentation of "The Christmas Carol" given by the Dramatic Club of Gloucester, Mass., his home town. He took part in college theatricals at Harvard, and has been seen in amateur productions here. He was the part of William Clark in the Missouri Centennial drama, and each summer has been active in the municipal playground festivals in Forest Park.

The "Christmas Carol" will be presented also tomorrow and Friday nights. There is a prologue, to be spoken by James Drummond, and in the first of the three acts, which will be a pageant of Christmas spirits of past, present and future.

## WILL DEPART ON TRIP TO JAPAN NEXT MONTH

MISS HEDWIG AULEPP.



MISS HEDWIG AULEPP.

## Social Items

Mr. and Mrs. N. S. Wood of 5061 Cabanne avenue announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Elizabeth Wood, to Thomas Howard Gize, formerly of Commerce, Ga. Miss Wood is a graduate of Mary Institute and has attended National Park Seminary in Washington, D. C., and Washington University. She is a member of Gamma Phi Beta sorority. Mr. Gize was graduated at the University of Missouri and is a member of the Gamma Institute of Technology. The wedding will take place in the spring.

Miss Louise Trask has chosen Jan. 28 as the date of her marriage to John Charles Harris. The ceremony will be performed at 8:30 o'clock at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Walter B. Trask, the Rev. Dr. Donald C. MacLeod officiating. A reception for the immediate families and a few close friends will follow. The bride will be attended by her sisters, Miss Margaret Trask and Miss Eleanor Trask, as bridesmaid and flower girl respectively. James Preston will serve Mr. Harris as best man. The prospective bride was educated at Washington University and is a member of the Phi Delta Theta fraternity. During the war she served overseas with the Washington University ambulance unit.

Mrs. David Woods of 7069 Kingsbury boulevard will entertain with a tea Jan. 9 in honor of Miss Mildred Smith and Miss Mildred Lucking, whose weddings will take place within the next month. She will be assisted in receiving by her daughters, Mrs. Albert Hoppel and Miss Frances Woods. The girls, serving as bridesmaid and flower girl respectively, will be Miss Corinne Lucking, Carolyn Nettleship, Alvera Platt, Dorothy May, Elizabeth Woods, Maurine Cottrell, Marie Reid, Mary Belle Wood and Mrs. Elmer Grimm.

Mrs. W. J. Cord announced the engagement of her daughter, Miss Mary Cord, to George W. McElhinney Jr., at a luncheon which she gave Wednesday at her home, 6036 Washington boulevard. Mr. McElhinney is the son of Mr. and Mrs. George McElhinney of New York City. The couple will be married with a house party at their country home in St. Charles during the holidays. Their guests included, Mr. and Mrs. George Bryant of Mexico, Mr. and Mrs. George Meyer of New York, and Miss Cord.

Announcement has been made of the engagement of Miss Rose Sher, daughter of Mrs. B. Sher, 5755 Kingsbury boulevard, and Adolph Fremder, son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Fremder of 5336 Enright avenue.

Mrs. R. J. Russell of the Buckingham Hotel will entertain with a luncheon Thursday, complimenting Mrs. W. J. and Mrs. Adelburg of Cleveland, O.

The Entertainment Committee of the St. Louis Woman's Club announced a card party to be given Thursday, Jan. 12.

Miss Hedwig Aulepp, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Aulepp Jr. of Webster Groves, accompanied by her aunt, Miss Feickert, will sail Feb. 21 for Honolulu. They will go to Japan later returning to St. Louis July 1.

Mrs. Thomas J. Jones of New York who is the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. C. Jones Jr. and Mrs. Jones of 5521 Cates avenue, will return home Friday.

ARMORED TRIPLANE IS SUCCESS

Kelly Field Commandant Passes Judgment After 15-Minute Trial.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Jan. 4.—The first flight of an armored triplane, one of the few machines of its kind in the United States army, took place today at Kelly Field, San Antonio, Tex., and was pronounced satisfactory by Maj. John Reynolds, commander of the field. The plane was in the air only 15 minutes. Other flights will be necessary before the worth of the machine can be fully determined, Maj. Reynolds said.

The triplane is driven by two Liberty motors of 400-horsepower each and is equipped with eight machine guns and a one-pound cannon for firing down on infantry troops. The motor and three cockpits are protected by steel plates.

## PAVLOWA DEPICTS LOVELORN GYPSY IN A VARIED PROGRAM

Danceuse and Her Troupe Present Two Ballets and Several Special Numbers.

Mme. Pavlova invoked the tragic muse for her concluding program last night at the Odeon, and mingled with poignant the story of the lovelorn gypsy heroine of "Amarilla," which she presented here last year.

She had two other appearances in the popular and luxurious Pavlova's caprice, with M. Vajinski, and in a Bacchanale, to music of Glazounoff, in which she danced with delicate abandon. Her partner was Lazzari, Novikov, an Italian.

The program opened with Dvorak's overture, "Carnival," directed by Theodore Suler. Then came the one-act ballet, "Coppelia," also familiar here, with Miss Hilda Eustova and M. Dombrowski and Zaleski in the principal roles.

The two big ballets were followed by seven diversions, presented by various members of Mme. Pavlova's capable but scarcely distinguished groups. M. Karavaioff's leaps and whirligig gyrations in a "Hopak," to music of Seroff, or anything else from anywhere, he could quote the cost of each article, in francs or taels or reals, or whatever the coinage might be. Vance, as already said, knew nothing about all this, and he cared less.

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WEST INDIES CRUISES

From New York to Havana, Jamaica, Panama, Canal, Venezuela, Windward and Leeward Islands, Virgin Islands, Porto Rico, Nassau and Bermuda.

MEGANTIC (20,000 tons disp.) Jan. 17, Feb. 18, Mar. 20

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RED STAR LINE

AMERICAN LINE

NEW YORK, CHICAGO, HAMBURG, DANTZIG

International Mercantile Marine Co.

Where shall I begin? It is hard to choose among the men whose stories other men most enjoy.

As a starter, meet Mark Smith—the Hon. Mark Smith of Arizona. He is the Hon. Mark Smith, for all Washington knows, he was born a Congressman. Then he was a United States Senator. The Republican landslide relieved him of his seat, but even if he does happen to be at this moment a member of the International Joint Commission. For 37 years he has been a figure in Washington, in the art of narrative, serious or comic, he has few equals. To hear him reminiscing is to get a "close-up" of the great men in our history through the last few years' tales, and an outline of our politics such as can be gleaned from no printed book.

Somewhere once said "of Senator Mark Smith that the mention of any famous man's name in his presence was sure to result in a story so pithy that it would fasten the subject indelibly in the hearer's memory. I never fails. I remember sitting at dinner with him when his reminiscence mood was particularly active. Tom Reed's name came up. "Reed always knew how to say the right thing in fewer words than anybody else," observed Mr. Smith. "One day I stopped beside his desk in the House and he showed me a letter. The writer asked him to give a definition of the word 'statesman.' Reed wrote his answer across the paper as follows: 'A statesman is a successful politician who is dead.'"

In a certain Congress where the preponderance of Democrats was so large that a few of them overflowed into the Republican side of the House, Mr. Smith had a seat next to that of William McKinley. A spirited debate was punctuated by a bit of brilliant and lucid oratory from John G. Carlisle.

"After Carlisle had finished," recalled Mr. Smith, in telling the story, "McKinley turned to me and said, 'It is impossible for a clouded thought to occupy that man's mind.' I think it was the highest compliment I ever heard paid—and Carlisle deserved it."

The late Zebulon B. Vance, North Carolina's "Zeb," strays among Mr. Smith's entertaining memories. Vance was not only famous for his witty stories, he also possessed a genius for repartee on the floor of the Senate, often discomfiting his Republican opponents by arousing

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Write or call for it

St. Louis Union Trust Co.

BRIDGES AND LOUISIANA

Capital and Surplus, \$10,000,000

PHOTOPLAY THEATERS

YOU WILL REGRET IT ALL YOUR LIFE IF YOU DON'T GO TO SEE THE PHOTOPLAY EPIC OF ALL TIME

"OVER THE HILL"

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**I Tell You, BELLORE**  
Laxative Cold  
**WILL** Cure That  
For Sale at All Drug

**Quite a Co**

What makes  
much as the  
So with you  
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**PORTLAND**

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Twelfth  
Grand A  
SUBURBAN  
Manley  
Duquesne  
Jones; U  
L. Jones  
Boeckma  
Groves, G  
John G  
MAIL OR  
mail. M  
Send yo

**UNION**  
12th and

Lessor of Modern  
University

all the burdens laid upon  
other men in naval com-  
mand during the war, I am con-  
vinced there was none so heavy as  
and just because they were  
the young school in the navy  
and power and less com-  
mand ideas than those in com-  
mand effort to push against the  
weight of official opposition  
the greater. It gives some  
of what the navy is and  
be to say that 75 per cent  
efficiency was absorbed by the  
city and that with the rank-  
per cent the enemy had to  
be.

to make this statement of  
the German battle cruiser  
on the Dogger Bank by  
force need only to be read  
Young as intelligence officer  
to Lord Fisher with the  
dispatches of the engage-  
ment. He writes, after describing  
and worn Lord Fisher  
as he sat in his office waiting  
report.

ing his hard, wise old eye  
he said: "Well, tell me  
it. How was it they got  
What's the explanation?  
Did you get the lot? And  
efficiency—I counted on her  
and you hear that the gun-  
practically undamaged. I don't  
hand it."

writes that Lord Fisher heard  
in silence, brushed aside  
invention as though it had been  
there. You saw it. What  
think? What is your opin-

and him what I thought, which  
very simple and could be ex-  
plained in one sentence. Lord Fisher  
no reply except a brief "Oh  
at for perhaps a minute star-  
red at me during which time  
in wonder whether I had  
perhaps been a little too frank  
does not mention what he told  
Fisher, but one can deduce  
the context that it was some-  
about one of Admiral Beatty's  
minutes having developed into  
a critical stage of the battle.

writings he speaks of the de-  
ficiencies of the ships with the same  
The ammunition. It  
was not always dependable  
Tiger, one of the most pow-  
erful ships in the squadron, went  
the battle with a force of dock-  
mechanics still at work com-  
ing her structure. It is said,  
though not proven, that this ship  
did not make a hit with her  
battery in the fight and that  
the fighting was done only by  
the British vessels.

freedom with which the writ-  
tress himself is due to the  
he explains with great relief  
part of his work, that he is  
from Admiralty domination and  
in civilian life. His work is  
with the most ardent pa-  
m and his criticisms are not  
destructive sort. And in spite  
limited field it covers, for  
interest to the reader it might  
that this book is one of the  
readable yet published about  
British navy in the war.

## I Tell You, Folks

## BELLOPIN

Laxative Cold Tablets

WILL Cure That Cold!

For Sale at All Drug Stores

Sure Relief  
FOR INDIGESTION6 BELLANS  
Hot water  
Sure Relief

BELLANS

25c and 75c Packages Everywhere

No Car Is  
Quite Itself without  
a Concrete RoadWhat makes a "crack" train? The roadbed as  
much as the rolling stock.So with your automobile. Any car is a better  
car on a good road.The car with the highest gas mileage has a  
higher mileage on Concrete.The car with the quickest "pick-up" picks up  
quicker on firm, unyielding Concrete.The best non-skid tire holds better on the gritty  
Concrete surface.The car with the lowest depreciation has a  
lower depreciation on Concrete.Motorists know these facts—and motorists,  
if they insist, can get the kind of roads they want.Our Booklet R-3 tells other interesting things  
about Concrete roads. Write for your copy.

## PORTLAND CEMENT ASSOCIATION

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ST. LOUIS, MO.A National Organization to Improve and  
Extend the Uses of Concrete

Offices in 21 Other Cities

Income Tax Time Again  
—a ReminderNow that most of you are once more  
paying state and federal income taxes, let us remind  
you of these facts:

1. Owners of Union Electric 7%  
preferred shares, whose net yearly income is \$5000  
or less, pay no federal income tax on the dividends;  
the company pays it. The safe and sure 7% divi-  
dends are net, tax-free, cash income for shareholders.

2. Dividends of these shares are ex-  
empt from the Missouri state income tax.

Each share is backed by more than  
\$350 of state-appraised, state-regulated, income-  
producing public service property, kept always in a  
high condition of efficiency. Each share pays its  
owner \$7 a year in cash dividends—\$1.75 Jan. 1,  
\$1.75 April 1, \$1.75 July 1 and \$1.75 Oct. 1—paid  
by check mailed to shareholders and cashable at any  
bank. The company maintains a constant per cash  
market for the shares, so that in case of need you can  
always get your money back without the loss of a  
dollar.

The shares are sold only by the com-  
pany, direct to investors. The price is \$100 a share,  
cash, \$101 on a ten-payment plan under which  
buyers get 7% interest on monthly installments.  
Issuance and sale of the shares is authorized by the  
state, to finance the growth of the business.

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ST. LOUIS: Securities Dept., Union Electric Bldg.,  
Twelfth and Locust Sts.; South Side Office, 3151 S.  
Grand Av.SUBURBAN—Union Electric Offices—Festus, E. T.  
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Duquesne; Washington, J. S. Rinehart; Pacific, T. F.  
Jones; Union, Geo. Schlagerhauf; St. Charles, W.  
L. Jones; Luxembourg, C. E. Alstatt; Wellston, Louis  
Boeckmann; Maplewood, Gilbert Wherry; Webster  
Groves, Lockwood and McClure Aves.; Valley Park,  
John Goree.MAIL ORDERS will be filled promptly by registered  
mail. Mail or telephone us your address, and we will  
send you a circular or a salesman with full details.UNION ELECTRIC LIGHT & POWER CO.  
12th and Locust Streets, St. Louis, MissouriLABOR FOR CREDIT  
EXTENSION TO SOLVE  
UNEMPLOYMENT PROBLEM

Continued From Page 17.

the United States Inland Waterways  
Commission—by the construction of  
levees and dams, by dredging, by the  
control of stream flow through the  
creation and protection of water-re-  
taining forests.

"Development of inland and coast-  
wise canal system along the Atlantic  
and gulf coasts, thus affording cheap  
transportation of bulky freight and  
giving protected passage to our  
coastwise shipping, in substantial ac-  
cordance with the plans of the  
United States Inland Waterways  
Commission.

"Engineers appointed by the In-  
ternational Joint Commission of the  
American and Canadian govern-  
ments have reported that the cost of  
the proposed St. Lawrence Ship  
Canal, including the development of  
1,464,000 horsepower, will be \$252-  
000,000. Constructed and paid for  
on an equal basis by the two govern-  
ments this project would furnish a  
considerable amount of employment  
for American labor and industry.

"Further development of rivers  
and harbors in this country in ac-  
cordance with the foregoing and  
with the report of the Chief of En-  
gineers.

"Expenditure of approximately  
\$45,000,000 for rivers and harbors in  
the fiscal year, 1923, and an addi-  
tional \$7,500,000 for the Muscle  
Shoals (Ala.) project is recom-  
mended by Maj. Gen. Beach, Chief  
of Army Engineers, in his annual re-  
port.

"Work was stopped on the project  
last April because Congress refused  
to appropriate further funds.

## Public Highways.

"4. Public Highways (Roads)—  
The principle of the public roads  
bill enacted by Congress several  
years ago, and now re-enacted by  
the recent Congress—appropriating  
\$75,000,000 and calling for a like  
expenditure by the states—is sound.  
Bills before Congress calling for an  
additional expenditure of \$100,000-  
000 during the coming year should  
be immediately enacted—an appar-  
ently large sum, but by no means  
excessive in view of the enormous  
area of this country.

"5. Forestry—Development in the  
national forests of roads, trails, tele-  
phone lines, fire towers and other  
permanent equipment for preventing  
and putting out devastating forest  
fires in accord with the principles  
laid down by the U. S. Forestry  
Service.

"There are more than 150,000,000  
acres of national forests. Penna-  
vania, with 1,250,000 acres of State  
forests, is spending \$500,000 a year  
for this purpose.

"Reclamation by planting and  
otherwise of more than 80,000,000  
acres of man-made desert, once rich  
forested land. Forest devastation is  
adding to this desert yearly some 3-  
000,000 acres—an area as large as  
the State of Connecticut.

## Housing and Railroads.

"6. Housing—The President's un-  
employment conference declared:  
"The savings deposits of the people  
are the natural economic source of  
loans for home building. The aggre-  
gate is ample for this purpose,  
even though a portion is protected  
by adequate investment in more  
liquid securities to meet withdraw-  
als. There would be no difficulty  
in the financing of homes if the  
fundamental principle of the use of  
long-term deposits for home-loan  
and long-term purposes were gen-  
erally followed."

"The American Federation of  
Labor went on record in 1919 as de-  
manding the use of the credit of the  
Federal Government for housing  
purposes. Leading housing organi-  
zations now urge a Federal Home  
Loan Bank similar to the Federal  
Farm Loan Bank.

"The President's unemployment  
conference reported the total con-  
struction shortage of the country as  
being between \$10,000,000,000 and  
\$20,000,000,000 and declared that  
"more than 2,000,000 people could  
be employed if construction would  
be resumed. Assuming that a con-  
siderable part of this number are  
now at work, it is certain that sev-  
eral hundreds of thousands of ad-  
ditional men could be employed. Most  
of these could be set at work by a  
properly constituted Federal home  
loan bank.

"7. Railroads—If labor's recom-  
mendation is that there be a new  
\$500,000,000 railroad expenditure.  
This sum might be expected to give  
direct employment to several hun-  
dred thousand men.

## "Problem Must Be Solved."

"The problem of unemployment  
can be solved. Seasonal unemployment  
can be almost eliminated. Cyclical  
unemployment is a social crime  
of the highest order and no society  
which permits it to continue can ex-  
pect to survive.

"As long as men and women, eager  
to work, in a country filled with un-  
told riches of materials and land,  
are denied the opportunity to work  
and to maintain themselves prop-  
erly, our society is bankrupt in its  
most important essential.

"The question is no longer open to  
debate. The problem of unemploy-  
ment must be solved. There is no  
alternative.

"Labor lays down its proposals. It  
supports every constructive move-  
ment where or by whom initiated.  
It brings forward in addition to  
those moves a program of proposals  
which will clear away the social  
waste and wreckage caused by un-  
employment and put the nation on  
the road to full and final remedy.

"These proposals are before Amer-  
ica. Labor demands that the prob-  
lem be attacked with full vigor and  
determination, with fearlessness and  
an eye single to solution with justice.  
"Working people must work to  
live. To deny the opportunity to  
work is to enforce death.

"The problem can be solved. It  
must be solved. The time for action  
and solution is, not tomorrow, but  
now!"

STIX, BAER & FULLER  
GRAND-LEADERA Great Purchase and Special Selling of  
First Quality Aluminumware  
Choice, 95cALL pieces are made of high-grade, heavy gauge aluminum. Owing to  
the exceptional values, we cannot accept C. O. D. or phone orders,  
and reserve the right to limit quantities.

In the collection are—

Aluminum Coffee Percolators  
In the popular panel shape, 6-cup capacity,  
with glass top and black ebony handle.Aluminum Covered Stewpans  
4-quart capacity, double-lipped style, with  
aluminum cover.Aluminum Double Boilers  
In the attractive panel shape, 2-quart ca-  
pacity, with aluminum cover that fits both  
vessels so they may be used separately.Aluminum Windsor Kettles  
5-quart capacity, with aluminum cover and  
bail handle.Aluminum Saucepan Sets  
Three-piece sets, in the double-lipped style  
in sizes 1, 1½ and 2 quart.Aluminum Double Roasters  
In the much wanted round shape, with side  
handles.Aluminum Teakettles  
5-quart capacity, with bail handle, and wood  
handle grip.Aluminum Stewpan Sets  
In the popular straight shape, double-lipped  
style, in sizes 1, 1½ and 2 quart.Aluminum Dishpans  
10-quart capacity, with side handles.Mixing Bowl Sets  
Made of heavy Mirro aluminum, in sizes  
1, 1½ and 2 quart.Pudding Pan Sets  
Of Mirro aluminum, in sizes 1, 1½ and 2  
quart.Aluminum Strainer Kettles  
In the large (6-quart) size, with bail handle,  
and wood handle grip. Fitted with aluminum  
strainer cover for pouring off liquids without  
removing cover.Aluminum Water Pails  
8-quart capacity, with bail handle and wood  
handle grip.Aluminum Covered Saucepans  
Come in the attractive panel shape, 4-quart  
capacity, with aluminum cover and metal  
handle.Mirro Aluminum Cake Pans  
In the popular panel shape, 9½ inches in  
diameter, with tube center.Aluminum Colanders  
In the popular bowl shape, 9-inch size, side  
handles.Aluminum Covered Fry Pans  
10½ inches in diameter, fitted with alumi-  
num cover.Aluminum Covered Kettles  
Come in the attractive panel shape, 4-quart  
capacity, with aluminum cover and bail  
handle.Aluminum Double Omelet  
Pans  
With metal handles that do not get hot.  
Also many other items to choose from at 95c1000 Wear-Ever Saucepans,  
1-Quart Size, 29cThese are made of high-grade alumi-  
num. While they last.

(Fifth Floor.)

## No Recurrence of

## Kidney Trouble

Prominent St. Louis woman used Mountain Valley  
Water on the recommendation of her Physician and  
secured relief from Kidney Trouble. Read her letter  
below:

St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 14, 1921

Mountain Valley Water Co., 3675 Olive St.,  
St. Louis, Mo.  
Gentlemen:

Some time ago my physician recommended that I use Mountain  
Valley Water for a form of kidney trouble. As I had used other min-  
eral waters without results, I was not inclined to want to try again;  
but after I had used one case, I noticed a real benefit and wish to  
say that I have had no recurrence of the trouble. There is no other  
water that I have ever heard of that can be compared with "Mountain  
Valley."

Yours sincerely,  
Mrs. C. E. Allen, Oak Court, St. Louis, Mo.

## Mountain Valley Water

## Bottled Health

From HOT SPRINGS, Arkansas, is Radio-Active, absolutely pure, delicious  
to the taste and refreshing.  
There is HEALTH in every drop of Mountain Valley Water. This wonder  
water is prescribed by physicians in cases of—Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Rheumatism, High Blood Pressure, Hard-  
ening of the Arteries, Gravel, Excessive Uric Acid, Stomach, Liver,  
Kidney and Bladder diseases.SO GOOD that it is used by hundreds solely for drinking and as a preventive  
of diseases. Many enthusiastic users have obtained relief through Mountain  
Valley Water from many ailments. Write or telephone for analysis and testi-  
monials from users.

Come In and Sample It—FREE

MOUNTAIN VALLEY WATER CO.

3675 Olive Street

Telephone Lindell 2781



## "California Syrup of Figs"

Delicious Laxative for Child's Liver and Bowels

Hurry mother! A teaspoonful of  
"California" Syrup of Figs today  
may prevent a sick child tomorrow.  
If your child is constipated, bilious,  
feverish, fretful, has cold, colic, or if  
stomach is sour, tongue coated, breath  
bad, remember a good "physic-laxa-  
tive" is often all that is necessary.  
Children love the "fruity" taste of  
genuine "California" Syrup of Figs  
which has directions for babies and  
children printed on the bottle. Say  
"California" or you may get an imi-  
tation fig syrup. Beware!

## Individuals and Corporations

Contemplating making a loan, secured by mort-  
gage on real estate, are invited to consult us.We Are Always in the Market for Good Loans  
IN ANY SUM, AT THE LOWEST RATES

You will receive our prompt and personal attention.

Hemmelmann-Spackler Real Estate Co.  
7th and Chestnut Sts.The POST-DISPATCH is the only St. Louis evening  
newspaper giving Associated Press news service.

## FRENCH WOULD SEIZE ART WORKS IN BERLIN

Clause in Peace Treaty Providing for Return of War Booty Not Carried Out.

(Copyright, 1921.)  
PARIS, Jan. 4.—The discovery by Anatole France of the beautiful Greek statue in the Berlin museum has led to a demand to seize all the artistic riches in German museums, beginning with the mysterious goddess. These treasures, it is contended, should be held until Germany has restored the priceless works of art stolen from France and Belgium during the German occupation.

As association of French and Belgian owners of the art treasures which were pillaged has been formed under Count Jean D'Annoigne. Recalling that, although, under the peace treaty Germany was ordered to give up this booty, practically none of it has been delivered, the association has appealed to the League of Nations Reparations Commission, to their own and to the German Governments, as well as to international organizations. They have adopted a resolution calling on the French and Belgian Governments "to act finally as victors, and to enforce the restitution of this plunder according to the terms of the treaty of Versailles."

There is no doubt that under the reparations clauses of the treaty the statue of the mysterious goddess could be impounded, despite the statement of Theodore Weigand, director of the Berlin museum, that he bought it outside of France. Details of the acquisition of the statue revealed at the time in German newspapers prove that it was conveyed out of France under circumstances which enable France to lay claim to it.

After the Italian antiquary, Viri, had succeeded in an action for the recovery of the statue against its registration by the authorities on the ground that it was only loaned to its German possessor, it was packed that same night in wrappings that had been prepared, placed in a special coach attached to the Geneva express and carried safely across the border, although the French railways were in the chaos of war time. The statue had been saved in three sections, which have been skillfully adjusted.

**CHICAGO OFFICIALLY IN NATIONAL CAMPAIGN FOR BEER AND WINE**

City Council, After a First Fight, Declines on Prohibition in Every City of 25,000 or Over.

By the Associated Press.  
CHICAGO, Jan. 4.—Argument on a motion dealing with the resolution adopted by the Chicago City Council last week calling for an amendment to the prohibition laws to allow the sale of beer and wine, yesterday resulted in a first fight on the floor of the Council Chamber between two Aldermen, with Mayor Thompson and the members of the Council as spectators.

The motion provided for the sending of copies of the resolution to every city of 25,000 or over and was finally passed by 50 to 7.

**Lexative**  
**Bromo Quinine**  
tablets  
The first and original Cold and Grip Tablet, the merit of which is recognized by all civilized nations.  
Be sure you get  
**BROMO**  
The genuine bears this signature  
**E. W. Brown**  
Price 30c.

**FACE DISFIGURED WITH PIMPLES**  
Hard and Red, Itched and Burned, Lost Sleep, Cuticura Heals.  
"My trouble began with indigestion which caused my face to break out with blackheads and pimples. The pimples were hard and red and itched over, and itched and burned a great deal. My face was disfigured and I lost a lot of sleep."  
"The trouble lasted about a year before I began using Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and after using two boxes of Cuticura Soap and two boxes of Cuticura Ointment I was healed in three months." (Signed) Miss Lucile Loper, R. F. D. 2, Fenwick, Mich., July 25, 1921.  
Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Tablets are all you need for all such cases. Bathe with Soap, soothe with Ointment, dust with Tablets.

Get Cuticura Free by Mail. Address: "Cuticura Laboratories, Dept. K, P. O. Box 46, New York, N. Y." Send 10c for Cuticura Soap and Ointment, 2c for Cuticura Tablets. No charge for postage.

## Special Purchase of Wool Jersey

\$2.50 Quality \$1.98  
at, Yard.....

34-inch Wool Jersey in dress weight, and of very dependable quality. In black, navy, dark brown, medium brown, henna, gray, sand, tan, rose, gold and several shades of medium blue.  
Third Floor

The Woman Who Appreciates Worth-While Savings Is Not Overlooking Our

## January Sale of Undermuslins

The savings alone should attract every economical shopper to this sale. But when they see the countless number of dainty Undergarments, some plainly tailored, others elaborately ornamented with laces, embroideries and other effects, they will comprehend the importance of supplying future as well as present needs during this event.



**Gowns**  
\$1.25 and \$1.50 Values at  
**93c**

Gowns of durable muslin, in round neck styles, with blue hem-stitched hems and shirtings at yoke. Also Windsor crepe Gowns in slip-over style in figured patterns and solid colors.

White Satin  
**Petticoats**  
\$2.95 Value at  
**\$2.45**

Petticoats of durable quality white satin, with double panel back and front and hemstitched bottoms. Very well made and neatly finished.

\$1 and \$1.25  
**Undergarments**  
**63c**

Muslin Envelope Chemises and Petticoats, with embroidery flourishes. Slipover muslin Gowns, crepe and batiste step-in Drawers, Corset Covers of lingerie cloth and Bloomers of white crepe or dimity; black sateen Bloomers.

**Philippine Lingerie**  
\$3.50 and \$3.95 Values at  
**\$2.39**

Slipover Gowns and Envelope Chemises; step-in open drawer combinations; Gowns with round, square or V necks—all hand scalloped and embroidered.

**Philippine Lingerie**  
\$4.50, \$4.95 to \$5.95 Values  
**\$2.89**

Drawers, Petticoats and Envelope Chemises, all beautifully hand scalloped and hand embroidered. Some also ornamented with cut work and Calada work. Also included are gowns to match some of the chemises.

**Camisoles**  
\$1.95 Value at  
**\$1.50**

Silk and Satin Camisoles; with tailored band tops, hemstitched and with embroidered flower designs; ribbon strap and built-up shoulders; slipover and open-front styles. Limited quantity.

\$1.50 Values in  
**Undergarments**  
**93c**

Anti-French step-in Drawers; cambrie Petticoats, Windsor crepe Gowns; also Gowns of Lingerie cloth and muslin. Marvelous Drawers, Princess Slips and Envelope Chemises in different styles. Trimmings of lace and embroidery.

**Sample Camisoles**  
\$2.95 to \$3.50 Values at  
**\$1.95**

Sample Camisoles of satin and crepe de chine; hand-embroidered designs on satin bands; lace yokes and other trimmings. Slipover and open-front styles.

Continuing the Season's Gala Event for Home-Makers—Our

## January Sale of Linens

The extreme savings offered in this sale were made possible by our representative personally purchasing in the European linen centers the vast assortments involved. Here the woman who seeks good Linens will find both plain and fancy kinds at savings which will enable her to replenish her stores at much less than she had thought possible.



### Pattern Tablecloths

All pure linen cloths, subject to slight stains or dropped threads; no mail or phone orders.  
\$7.95 value, 70x88-in. \$5.50  
\$8.95 value, 70x70 in. \$5.95  
\$10.95 value, 70x88-in. \$6.95  
\$12.95 value, 70x106-in. \$7.95  
\$13.45 value, 70x90-in. \$8.50  
\$19.95 value, 72x90-in. \$11.95

### Fancy Linens

At a Discount of **1/4**  
French Cluny Lace and Madeira Linens in a splendid collection; included are beautiful tea cloths, luncheon cloths, centerpieces, scarfs—your choice at one-fourth less regular marked prices.

### Jap Cloths

New one-piece blue and white cloths and Napkins, with hemstitched borders.  
\$1.75 cloths, 48x48-in. \$1.25  
\$2.25 cloths, 54x54-in. \$1.49  
\$2.75 cloths, 60x90-in. \$1.95  
\$1 Napkins, 12x12 in. doz. 75c

### Tablecloths

All-linen cloths of an excellent quality. Handsome designs with napkins to match.  
\$10.00 value, 72x72-in. \$7.50  
\$12.50 value, 72x90-in. \$9.50  
\$12.00 Napkins, 22x22-in. per dozen \$9.50

### Sheets and Cases

Made of finely woven bleached sheeting and nicely hemmed; suitable for all size beds.  
\$4.99-in. \$1.25  
\$6.99-in. \$1.35  
\$8.99-in. \$1.35  
\$12.99-in. \$1.45  
\$18.99-in. \$1.55  
\$18.99-in. \$1.69  
\$20.99-in. \$1.98  
42x38 Cases 39c

### Bedspreads

Crochet Marcelline designs, in size 80x90, for full-size beds; excellent quality.  
\$3.75 Scalloped Spreads \$2.75  
\$3.50 Hemmed Spreads \$2.55

### Bed Sheets

Made of good bleached sheeting in seamless style; four special lots.  
72x90-in. \$1.10  
81x90-in. \$1.25  
81x99-in. \$1.45  
81x99-in. \$1.66

### Bed Sets

Beautiful satin-finished Marcelline Sets with scalloped edge and cut-out corners; bolster to match.  
\$7.95 value, 80x90-in. \$6.45  
\$9.98 value, 88x98-in. \$7.95  
\$10.98 value, 86x96-in. \$9.50

## "Red Seal" Hair Nets

Thursday, Each 7c  
Dozen for 75c

A very serviceable Hair Net—in cap and fringe style and all shades except gray and white. An opportunity to secure quite a supply at a very moderate price.  
Imported English Spool Cotton; various colors, 100 yds., ea. 3c  
Evans Imported English 6-cord Sewing Thread; sizes 40 to 70; 200 yards; each 5c  
Imp. English Glazed Thread; white only; 1000-yard spools, 15c  
My Man's Collar Bands; sizes 13 to 16 1/2; imperfect 5c  
Tasso Dress Fasteners; black and white; all sizes; per card 7c  
Dressmakers' Shears; \$1 val. 45c  
3 and 4 inch Black Grosgrain Bindings; 60c & 50c qualities; per yard 20c

## Popular Silks at Savings

Special values that make for profitable silk buying tomorrow.

**\$4 Black Taffeta**  
Pure dye Chiffon Taffeta, in deep black only. Imported "Winterthur" quality; 40 in. wide.  
**\$2.98**

**\$1.98 Silk Jersey**  
All-silk pure white satin-stripe Jersey weave; 33 inches wide. Wears well and launders perfectly.  
**\$1.69**

**\$3 Canton Crepe**  
Silk-and-wool Canton Crepe, 40 inches wide, in staple colors; special yard.  
**\$1.98**

**\$3 Black Charmeuse**  
40-inch wide Charmeuse Satin, in rich raven black. Dependable wearing quality for dress wear.  
**\$1.98**

**\$1.98 Silk Taffeta**  
36 inches wide, in the popular colors. Good weight and excellent wearing quality; yard.  
**\$1.69**

**\$1.50 White Satin**  
Splendid weight and quality; white, all-silk Taffeta.  
**\$1.19**

## Crepe de Chine Negligees



\$12.95 Value \$8.95  
at.....

Extremely dainty Negligees, made in slipover style of excellent quality crepe de chine, with wide Japanese sleeves, ruffle trimmed. In light and dark colors.

**Breakfast Coats**  
\$19.95 to \$29.95 Values at...  
**\$16.95**

Breakfast Coats of two-toned satin; lace coats over crepe de chine slips—lace-trimmed, loose line models in light and medium color combinations. Also a few Japanese embroidered Kimonos.

**Negligees**  
\$32.50 to \$45.00 Values at...  
**\$25**

Limited quantity of lace-trimmed negligees, mostly samples and only one of a kind. Also a few Japanese embroidered kimonos in light and dark colors—in various attractive designs.

## Decided Savings in "Everwear" Hosiery

Oddments of stock and broken sizes, but all hose of splendid quality. A profitable opportunity to supply Hosiery needs for the entire family. (No replacement guarantee.)

**Men's 85c and 1 Silk Hose**  
Plain or drop-stitch Silk Hose, in black, white and colors; at.....  
**50c**

**Men's 50c Hosiery**  
Fiber silk and mercerized Hose. Double heels and toes. White and colors; at.....  
**32c**

**Women's 50c to 75c Hose**  
Mercerized Hose, in black, white and colors; regular and extra sizes; 3 pairs.  
**\$1.00; or, pair..... 35c**

**Women's \$1.10 to \$1.65 Hose**  
Silk Hose, with lace tops, heels and toes, in white and colors. Pair.....  
**75c**

**Men's 45c Hosiery**  
Cotton Hose, with double heels and toes; in black, white and colors. Pair.....  
**22c**

**Children's 39c to 50c Hose**  
Ribbed Hose, in black and white. Sizes 6 to 12 in lot.....  
**29c**

## Electrical Appliances

At Savings of **1/3**

A limited lot of Electric Suction Sweepers, Clothes Washers and Dishwashers which have been used as floor sample and demonstrator. All are in perfect working condition and have guaranteed motors.

**\$3 Junior Toasters**  
Flat type, can fry, toast, or boil at the table.....  
**\$1.89**

**\$11 Majestic Heaters**  
For warming up chilly corners; with copper reflector and cammed hood.....  
**\$7.89**



## Molly O Hats

You'll Want One of the  
**Molly-O Hats**  
Very Smart for Women, Misses and Children  
Remarkable **\$1.95**  
Values at...

A very jaunty Sport Hat, of brightly hued duvetye—ideal for street, motoring, or sports wear and as suitable for women as for the school miss or college girl.  
The Molly-O was designed for Mabel Normand to wear in the screen production by that name, now being shown at the New Grand Central and West End Lyric theaters.

## An Unusual Opportunity in French Beaded Bags

Offered in 2 Special Groups  
**\$12 Value—Special \$7.95**  
**\$20 Value—Special \$14.95**

100 imported Bags, charmingly styled and handsomely lined and beaded. All have shell-like frames, fringe bottoms and self-beaded handles. Bags that well-dressed women will be proud to carry.

In color combinations of black, blue, brown and gray.

## Sample Fireless Cookers

Tomorrow, choice may be had of our entire line of floor samples, including well-known makes, now offered at a saving of **1/3**

**\$1.50 Washtubs**  
Made of heavy galvanized iron in large, wide with watertight handles. Only 100 in the lot. Choice **\$1.09**

**\$14.50 Pastry Tables**  
White enameled finish, in good size with porcelain top and large four compartment at bottom. **\$9.95**

**Clairette Soap**  
Made by N. K. Fairbank Co.; 100 bars to a case in regular size. No phone or mail orders filled. **\$3.95**

**Clothes Baskets**  
\$1.45 value. **89c**  
Extra strong, made of splint wood with end handles and reinforced top. Only 100 in the lot, so early choosing is advisable.

**Imperfect Wash Boilers**; various sizes and shapes; warranted leak-proof; special at **1/2** price  
**Ice Cream Presses**; various sizes; imperfect. **1/2** price  
**\$1.35 Sad Iron Sets**; Famous-Barr brand; nickel plated. **\$1.35**  
**\$8.25 Laundry Stoves**.....  
**\$5.25**

**Washing Machines**  
\$19.45 value. **\$16.75**  
Special offering of high-grade washing machines in water motor power style. All have warranted motors.

# ST. LOUIS JANUARY WHITE SALES

Em Eagle Stamps—Restricted Articles Excepted New January Victor Records Are Now on Sale in the Music Salon—Sixth Floor

**A Thursday Feature—Men's Mayknit Union Suits**

**\$5 Value \$3.95**  
at.....

tan silk-and-worsted and white mercerized Hiale Union Suits, with soft-in shoulders, reinforced back and Richmond closed crotch; long-sleeve, ankle-length style; sizes 34 to 50.

Main Floor

## Share These Remarkable Values in HIRSH, WICKWIRE CLOTHES

On a Par With the Very Best Merchant-Tailored Apparel in America.

Available in this sale at far less than their wholesale prices, because of the savings effected by purchasing their entire stock. Offered in two big groups:

**Hirsh, Wickwire SUITS**

Made to Sell This Season at  
**\$45, \$50 and \$55**

Choice at

**Hirsh, Wickwire SUITS**

Made to Sell This Season at  
**\$60, \$65, \$70 and \$75**

Choice at

**\$25**

**\$35**

Smartest Styles for Men and Young Men

Suits, direct from the shops of one of America's best-known makers of quality clothes, are expertly tailored from the finest imported and domestic wools, and in such a splendid variety of patterns as to satisfy individual taste. Easily by supplying your needs here tomorrow.

An opportunity too important to be overlooked by the man who wears "quality" clothes.

Second Floor—Use Sixth or Seventh St. Elevators

Only by Inspecting Can You Appreciate the Excess Values Offered in

## The Outer-Apparel Sale

but a glance at the following groups to see that the savings are extreme, but the distinctive quality and the elegance of materials and trimmings can only be appreciated by inspection. In fact, we are practically sure that the well-dressed woman will find here what is a most extraordinary selection.

**Women's and Misses' Suits, Wraps, Frocks**

Originally \$79.50 to \$275

At Savings of..... **1/2**

Suits originally \$79.50 to \$275—Evening Wraps from the Costume Salon—street, afternoon and evening Frocks from the Costume Salon and Misses' Style Shop.

**Women's and Misses' Dresses & Coats**

Originally \$85 to \$350

At Savings of..... **1/3**

Coats of the most desirable kinds, with the majority trimmed with fur and embroideries. Street, afternoon and evening Frocks in the height of fashion.

**Dresses**

Originally \$29.75 to \$37.50

**\$20**

Afternoon Frocks, fabric, crepe, satin, Georgette, chiffon, satin and velvet—many from our Costume Salon. Most approved colors. Sizes 14 to 44.

**Entire Stock of Furs**

Offered in this Sale at Discount of..... **25%**

This event is making many a woman happy by enabling her to choose from our splendid assortments any Coat, Wrap, Stole, Cape, Choker, Set, Muff or other piece at this splendid saving.

**Coats**

Originally \$75 to \$100

**\$64**

Flare, belted, blouse and semi-fitted effects, in plain and fur-trimmed styles. Of the fashionable soft weave fabrics. Black, navy and favored shades. Sizes 14 to 44.

**Coats**

Originally \$110 to \$125

**\$88**

Elegant Coats of velvet, mouseline, evora, ermine, marvellous. Gowns and pan-velvet—trimmed with fox, beaver, wolf, squirrel, wolf and nutria. Sizes 14 to 44.

Beginning Tomorrow the Semi-Annual Sale That Many Men Await!

## Manhattan SHIRTS

At Reductions of 1/3 and More

The particular man will take full advantage of this opportunity to supply his needs at a saving. From our widely diversified assortments of the always-desirable Manhattan Shirts, so smart in pattern and of such excellent materials, individual taste can best be satisfied.

- \$2.50 Manhattan Shirts—now.....\$1.65
- \$3.00 Manhattan Shirts—now.....\$1.95
- \$3.50 Manhattan Shirts—now.....\$2.35
- \$4.00 Manhattan Shirts—now.....\$2.65
- \$4.50 Manhattan Shirts—now.....\$2.95
- \$5.00 Manhattan Shirts—now.....\$3.35
- \$6.00 Manhattan Shirts—now.....\$3.85
- \$7.00 Manhattan Shirts—now.....\$4.65
- \$7.50 Manhattan Shirts—now.....\$4.65



Specially Purchased and Selected Groups From Our Own Stock in This Sale of

## Smart Footwear

Offering **\$5.40**  
Grades at...



Up-to-the-Minute Styles for Women and Misses

An unusual opportunity is here presented to save substantially on the highly preferred styles in Dress Shoes of the one-strap type. Gracefully styled of black satin, patent leather, suede and dull kid, in plain and beaded effects.

Several hundred pairs in the lot, all with full Louis covered heels, in the high and Baby-French styles—kid lined and AAA to C widths.

## Basement Economy Store

### Women's Silk Teddies

**\$2.50 and \$1.85**  
Values.....

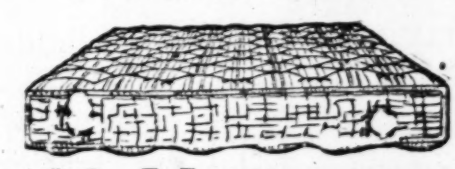
Over a dozen new styles from which to choose. All fashioned of very good grade washable satin and crepe de chine; front and back lace yokes; all sizes; built-up or ribbon strap shoulders.

**\$3.98 Silk Gowns**  
Tailored of crepe de chine in several styles, also some envelope chemises of crepe de chine; all sizes..... **\$2.95**

**\$1.98 & \$2.98 Bloomers**  
Women's tailored Bloomers of washable satin and crepe de chine; also step-ins; sizes 25 to 29; special..... **\$1.59**

**98c Silk Camisoles**  
Fancy models of washable satin and crepe de chine, with elaborate yokes or tailored tops..... **55c**

Basement Economy Store



### \$9 Mattresses

**Very Special at..... \$5.65**

Full bed size: 50-pound Mattresses, with sanitary cotton centers and layer of thick felt top and bottom. (Strongly tufted and finished with a deep red edge and covered with fancy art ticking.)

**\$3.50 Comforters**  
Warm, full bed size: filled with sanitary cotton and covered with figured satin in a variety of patterns..... **\$2.49**

**\$7.50 Blankets**  
Splendidly made wool Blankets for full size beds. Shown in pink, tan and gray, with ribbon-bound edges to match. Sizes 60x90 inches. Soft and fluffy. Pair..... **\$5.00**

**\$8 Bed Springs**  
Durable sagless link springs, for full-size iron or brass beds; limited quantity makes early selection wise..... **\$4.85**

**\$3.50 Plaid Blankets**  
Fancy Plaid Blankets, size 64x76 inches. Closely woven of good quality cotton yarns. Finished with overlocked edges. Pair..... **\$2.19**

Basement Economy Store

Here's Mighty Good News for Women and Misses—An Unusual Sale of

## DRESSES

**\$10, \$12.50 and \$15 Values**

Thursday, Special at

**\$6.95**

Of Silk and Wool



Truly the climax of value-giving is reached in this most extraordinary sale which offers about 500 cleverly styled Dresses, at an exceptionally low price considering the quality of the materials and the workmanship. If you are planning on purchasing a new Dress, by all means inspect these Dresses, for so extensive is the range of fabrics, colors, trimmings that you are assured of satisfactory choice.

Fashioned of Poiret twill, tricotine, satin, velveteen and other desirable fabrics, in up-to-the-minute models, many of which are copies of higher-priced effects. Novel trimmings add to their attractiveness. All sizes in the preferred colors.

## MARY PICKFORD'S CASE IS SET FOR JANUARY 30

Actress Scathed in Brief of Nevada Attorney-General Who Seeks Setting Aside of Decree

By the Associated Press. CARSON CITY, Nev., Jan. 4.—Argument in the Pickford case in which the State seeks to set aside the decree granted the movie actress, was set for Jan. 30 by the Supreme Court.

Miss Pickford swore she was a resident of Nevada and that she had no other home, the Attorney-General's brief said. "Yet," it added, "from the very day on which the decree was granted, she has been beyond the boundaries of the State of Nevada, and is now battling in the Nevada courts contending that she and her fraudulent decree cannot be reached by the courts of Nevada, because she has fled from their jurisdiction."

"When her counsel championed wrong, they cannot contend that they are inspired by high moral and ethical principles. When they denounced the Attorney-General for opposing unlawful and outrageous methods, they have assumed an attitude, which, if universally accepted, would lead to universal disrespect for law."

"The Legislature has determined in what divorce cases jurisdiction will exist in the Nevada courts. Can this determination be overturned by false testimony, fraud and collusion? We believe it is a safe statement to make that no other Attorney-General ever had a divorce case presented to him where there has been such untruthful evidence given for the purpose of leading a court of this State to hold that it has jurisdiction when in reality the jurisdiction did not exist."

"If married parties may, by false testimony, collusion or fraud, obtain a divorce by the methods pursued in this case, there can be no value connected with the long established principle that marriage and divorce are controlled by law. Then law must be set aside to satisfy the individual wishes of the marriage contract. Then the sovereignty of the State will be defied, its courts contemptuously abused, society impaired and the family and home disrupted."



## THRIFT

An Ideal Plan

Invest your savings or Christmas money with the Industrial Loan Company in exchange for a Savings Certificate, and you not only get five per cent, but your money is safe and can be drawn out any time you need it.

These certificates do not fluctuate in value, but are always cashable at the price you've paid for them.

We issue them, in pass book form, for any amount from \$1 to \$5000.

**Industrial Loan Company**  
714-718 Chestnut  
Capital \$500,000

## PLUTO WATER

America's Physic

WHEN NATURE WON'T PLUTO WILL



**Weber Scores 16 Points**  
**St. Louis Five—Final**  
**Score 20 to 18.**

acid—E. C. Condon of Ot-  
nada, won the internation-  
-country 4½-mile race  
L.

ACHESON OILDAG COMPANY, 30 East 42d Street, New York City

# CONFESION MAN REPRIDIATES GOES TO MURDER JURY

## Defendant in Hatchet Slaying Case Alleges Police Resorted to Third Degree Methods.

A man's confession made to the police by Thomas S. Beck, 37 years old, who was hatched to death with a hatchet in his room at 108 South Sixth street, May 17, last, was admitted in evidence yesterday by Judge Hogan at Beck's trial. A charge of first degree murder, which has repudiated the confession and his counsel objected to its admission on the ground that it was obtained by duress after policemen had beaten him severely.

The jury was excluded from the courtroom while Judge Hogan heard testimony concerning the confession and the manner in which it was obtained. It was brought out that following the murder the police obtained a statement from William Nelson, 22 years old, of 212 North Second street, who had been in Beck's room at the time of the murder, that he and Beck went to Cliff's room to ask the latter for a loan of \$200 to be used in starting a rooming house. Nelson's story was that Cliff, whom he and Beck regarded as a miser, refused the loan and that a quarrel followed, in the course of which both Nelson and Beck struck Cliff on the head with a hatchet.

Beck was arrested at 1821 Olive street and at first denied knowledge of the murder. Later he signed the confession which was introduced in evidence and which was substantially the same as that of Nelson, both men stating that after killing Cliff they took some money from his room.

Beck, testifying before Judge Hogan in the absence of the jury, asserted that when he signed the confession he had just regained consciousness after having been beaten into unconsciousness by police officers whom he named. He introduced as witnesses in his behalf two men who had been present with him in the Police Headquarters holdover, and they testified that he was severely bruised. The police officers whom he named testified that they did not mistreat him.

No Other Evidence in Case.

The State relies largely upon the confession for conviction, as there were no eyewitnesses to the murder. Nelson is charged jointly with Beck with the murder, but he took a severance and will be tried later. Beck's trial was resumed today.

## IDLE PHOTO ENGRAVERS DISCUSS WAGE SITUATION

The union photo engravers who refused to go to work in commercial houses yesterday at reduced wages and modified working conditions took this morning in the Holland Building and discussed the situation, but took no definite action toward settlement of the dispute. The employers refer to the trouble as a strike, and the workmen call it an affected. Only commercial engravers are affected, 192 brands being journeymen and 15 apprentices.

The strike or lockout was precipitated when the employers attempted to enforce a new contract calling for a reduction of \$1 a week in the wages of men earning above the minimum scale, which is \$35 a week, for a week of 44 hours, or a continuation of the prevailing wage on the basis of the 44-hour week, which would be an increase of four hours a week. The workmen had sought to renew the contract for a year at the prevailing wage and for the same hours, 44 a week, that they worked last year.

## Ex-Soldier's Frozen Body Found

KIRKSVILLE, Mo., Jan. 4.—A verdict of "death from an unknown cause" was returned yesterday by Coroner's jury following the finding near here Monday of frozen body of Ben S. Vanslick, 35 years old, world war veteran. Paul D. Higbee, prosecuting attorney, had pointed plainly to murder and that he would ask for a post mortem. Vanslick's nude body was found buried in the manger of a barn on his farm.

# DEATHS

**BOWMAN**—Helen Hall Bowman, wife of Ralph H. Bowman, died at her home, 1414 North Grand, at 8:30 a. m. on Tuesday, Jan. 3, 1922, at the age of 36 years. Burial will take place on Thursday, Jan. 5, at 1:30 p. m. in the Calvary cemetery. Friends are invited to attend the funeral.

**CLARK**—Entered into rest on Monday, Jan. 3, 1922, at 8:30 a. m. at the residence of Mrs. J. H. Clark, 1414 North Grand, at the age of 36 years. Burial will take place on Thursday, Jan. 5, at 1:30 p. m. in the Calvary cemetery. Friends are invited to attend the funeral.

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# ARE YOU COMING OR GOING?—Post-Dispatch Wants GET BEHIND the man who is a "goer" and TURN HIM into a "comer."

## ANSWERS TO QUERIES

As we have information bureaus, it is impossible to answer queries by mail or telephone. Query for Sunday must be mailed a week beforehand.

**READER**—St. Louis is not in any county.

**D. R.**—Inquire at the bird stores for the information.

**Q. R. 7**—A \$5 gold piece dated 1915 is worth from \$1.50 to \$2.00.

**S. R.**—Inquire at the Public Library concerning books on physiology.

**N. Y. Z**—Apply to the Chamber of Commerce for names of societies.

**PLATES**—Apply to any electric supply store for information concerning storage batteries.

**Q. R. K**—Write to the Chamber of Commerce for information on electric cars.

**B. B. C**—A gold dollar dated 1915 is worth from \$1.50 to \$2.00.

**P. O. R**—We advise you to consult a chemist for a formula to be used in the manufacture of turpentine in a mixture.

**C. F. H**—Inquire among the brokers of pipe and clay for information concerning the common stock in the companies you mention.

**W. R. E**—Read the book "The Making of a President" by Theodore Roosevelt.

**A. R. L**—Write to the Geological Survey, Interior Department, Washington, D. C., for information concerning the geological formation of land containing lead, zinc and oil.

## LEGAL INFORMATION.

(Prepared by a Member of the St. Louis Bar Association.)

**DIGORIS**—We do not know who the owner of the house is, but if the owner sells the house and you are forced to move by the new owner, you could sue him for any damage you incurred through moving.

**W. M. K**—Write to the Adjutant General for information concerning the soldiers' bonus application blank.

**N. P. I**—If you are holding a trade agreement signed by a man who has died, you could sue his estate for the balance of the agreement.

**MOTHER**—The costs of the divorce suit will fall on the husband if he does not contest it. The wife will have to specify the grounds for the divorce.

**F. A. E**—Federal farm loans run for one year and may be extended for a second year. The total period of three years. The amount that may be borrowed varies in accordance with the size of the farm.

**A. R. E**—You will have to pay the increased rent for the new year. If you cannot pay it, you will have to move.

## MEDICAL QUESTIONS.

(Answers prepared by a physician of authority. Health and sanitation questions of public interest will be considered. Diagnoses or treatment of individual cases will not be given. Answers will be given only if accompanied by stamped envelope.)

**F. A. R**—The remedy you mention may be taken at one dose.

**MRS. A. J**—Rolled oats with cream and milk is a good food. Also bran cereal and boiled rice.

**UNBORST**—You may apply to the clinic at the St. Louis Children's Hospital for treatment.

**F. A. R**—The remedy you mention may be taken at one dose.

**MRS. A. J**—Rolled oats with cream and milk is a good food. Also bran cereal and boiled rice.

**UNBORST**—You may apply to the clinic at the St. Louis Children's Hospital for treatment.

## STOCKHOLDERS' MEETINGS

**ST. LOUIS STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING**—The annual meeting of the St. Louis Stockholders' Association will be held at the Hotel St. Louis, 1414 North Grand, on Tuesday, Jan. 3, 1922, at 8:30 a. m. The purpose of the meeting is to discuss the situation of the stockholders and to elect officers for the coming year.

**FEDERAL IRON FOUNDRY CO.**—The annual meeting of the Federal Iron Foundry Company will be held at the Hotel St. Louis, 1414 North Grand, on Tuesday, Jan. 3, 1922, at 8:30 a. m. The purpose of the meeting is to discuss the situation of the stockholders and to elect officers for the coming year.

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## UNDERTAKERS

**PEETZ BROS.**—Undertakers, 1414 North Grand, St. Louis. Phone 1414.

**CHAS. L. GERAGHTY**—Undertaker, 1414 North Grand, St. Louis. Phone 1414.

**UNDERTAKERS**—A list of undertakers in St. Louis is available at the St. Louis Chamber of Commerce.

## CEMETERIES

**Memorial Park**—Perpetual Care—Perpetual Care—Non-Sectarian.

**PERSONAL**—A list of personal notices is available at the St. Louis Chamber of Commerce.

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# LOST AND FOUND

**WATCH AND CHAIN**—Lost, Monday evening, 1414 North Grand, St. Louis. Reward \$10.00.

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# DETECTIVES

**DETECTIVES**—A list of detectives is available at the St. Louis Chamber of Commerce.

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# TRADE SCHOOLS

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# EMPLOYMENT WANTED

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# STOVE REPAIRS

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# PRINTING AND ADDRESSING

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# WALL PAPER CLEANING

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# AUDITING AND ACCOUNTING

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# SITUATIONS—WOMEN, GIRLS

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# HELP WANTED

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## The Fortune Hunter

(AN ABSORBING LOVE STORY)

By RUBY AYERS

### FOURTEENTH INSTALLMENT.

The Fortune Hunter passed a hand across his eyes; he knew that she was driving him into a corner from which presently there would be no possible escape, and yet his instinct was still to fight her, because he feared the loss of her love.

He could not face that; it was the greatest thing life had ever given to him and he clung to it desperately, unable to see in his blindness that it was his truth she wanted; that she could forgive everything else if only he was honest with her.

He stammered out once more: "If you loved me," she answered, her eyes on his, "you would not lie to me."

She waited, but he did not speak, and with a little scornful smile she turned away and left him.

Anne kept out of the Fortune Hunter's way all the afternoon. She went to her room, pleading a headache.

Tommy was out on the river with Fernie; the Fortune Hunter had discovered that in their way these two were great friends; they talked of curious things, fished together and spent a great many hours making little model boats and engines.

"I don't know what Tommy sees in that man," Anne had complained many times. "He repulses me, but Tommy seems to like him."

The Fortune Hunter thought he could understand; there was something about Fernie which even he found attractive, in spite of his blunt, rude manners and sharp inequities.

Cherry Lodge seemed particularly lonely and deserted; Mr. Harding was out, and there was hardly a sound in the house when the Fortune Hunter went into the library and sat down to answer Irene's letter.

A diligent hunt through John Smith's papers upstairs had elicited the fact that her name was Irene Claver, and that her home for the past few months, at any rate, had been in San Francisco. There were many notes from her amongst the dead man's luggage, mostly affectionate, some of them threatening, others of two rather pathetic.

At any rate there seemed no doubt that it had been arranged that she should follow John Smith to England, and that by doing so she had carried out his wishes quite as much as her own. And this seemed to the Fortune Hunter as if it was going to be the fence that would finally throw him. He had no money with which to buy off this woman, and he doubted that she would be bought, even had he been in a position to do so. The best he could hope for was to keep her away from Somerset and gain a little time for himself.

He had brought some of John Smith's papers down to the study with him and for half an hour he laboriously made copies of his writings, fortunately an ordinary slovenly sort of hand, with no peculiarities.

But even then the task was a difficult one, and the letter when at last completed to Irene Claver, seemed to his critical eye an obvious copy.

The afternoon post left Somerset at 4 o'clock and he knew he could not afford to miss it. He took the sort of a woman he thought her would keep her word and come to Somerset if she received no reply to her letter.

So he hurriedly gazed and ad-

ressed the envelope and took it himself to the post. He had written as tactfully and kindly as possible, telling her that a meeting at present was impossible, hating himself because it had seemed necessary to address her affectionately—he who had never written a love letter to any woman in his life, hating himself for the added lies which every moment of the day now seemed to bring with them.

Anne kept her room for dinner. "The poor child has a headache," Mr. Harding said. "I think she must have been out in the sun without a hat." He smiled at the Fortune Hunter cheerily. "You must look after her better, John; she is not too strong, you know."

Tommy was not in to dinner either. "Oh, he'll have some supper with Fernie," Mr. Harding said. "I really believe he prefers bread and cheese at Long End Cottage to anything we can offer him here. Well, what are you going to do with yourself this evening? I promised Foster to go up and have a game of billiards with him; will you come along with me? I'm sure he'll be delighted."

The Fortune Hunter smiled wryly and refused.

"I'm not much of a hand at billiards," he said, then checked himself hurriedly, wondering if here he was on dangerous ground also; "at least I'm out of practice," he added.

When Mr. Harding had gone he sent a note up to Anne, begging her to come down. The day had been intolerable without her, and he began to realize what life would be like in the future if he never saw her again.

He waited impatiently in the hall for his answer, which the maid brought verbally. Miss Harding was so sorry, but would Mr. Smith excuse her? Her head was very bad and she was trying to sleep.

The Fortune Hunter walked away without answering; he knew that she was avoiding him intentionally.

He spent a wretched evening. It was past 11 when Tommy came home full of excitement about some new and wonderful steam engine Fernie had shown him. "You know, he's really a wonder," he said to the Fortune Hunter. "His face aglow. 'I wish I were half as clever.'"

"I don't know he was such a friend of yours," the Fortune Hunter answered dryly. "You must take me along to his place some day."

"Will you come?" Tommy looked pleased. "Mr. Fernie said he wished I would bring you sometimes."

The Fortune Hunter laughed. "Really? I'm honored," he said.

"He's not such a bad old codger," Tommy said lightly. "Anne hates him, but then, women always hate people they don't understand. He asked me a lot of questions about you."

"What sort of questions?"

"Oh, I don't know; he seemed interested. I thought, 'Well, I'm off to bed. Is uncle in?'"

"Not yet—he's gone up to play billiards with Foster."

Tommy went off, and, finding the silence of the house unbearable, the Fortune Hunter went to his own room.

(To Be Continued.)

## BURGESS BEDTIME STORIES

### Old Man Coyote Runs Away.

By Thornton W. Burgess

OLD MAN COYOTE just couldn't keep a secret from Farmer Brown's dooryard. He knew he had no business there. He knew that sooner or later he would be discovered. But he just couldn't keep away from there. You see the memory of that half of ham he had found there before sunset on New Year's day, half a ham which Farmer Brown had considered spoiled, but which Old Man Coyote thought was the finest dinner a Coyote could desire, kept his mouth watering for more.

So every night, no matter where he hunted, he managed to get back there just before it was time for jelly, round, red Mr. Sun to begin his daily climb up in the blue, blue sky. Each time his heart beat high with hope of finding another piece of ham there. Each time he was disappointed. Still he persisted.

"Where there has been one feast there may be another," he would say to himself. "And if ever there is I'll never get it by staying away."

So, like a gray shadow, he would

steal up behind the barn and then, keeping in the Blackest of the Black Shadows, would crawl around the barn and hen house, and over around Farmer Brown's own house. Once he caught one of the children of Rubber the Rat, who had started to run from the barn to the hen house, and that took the edge off the appetite that these winter days kept him thinking of his stomach most of the time.

Always he took the greatest care not to disturb Bowser the Hound. He knew just where Bowser slept, in a snug little house built just for him, and he would first make sure that Bowser was there and fast asleep. Then he would take the greatest care not to make the least sound. So young man with the high fine forehead and the blue-gray eyes set wide apart, Mr. Dell, had been there more than his looks in the last five years; during which he has published three clever books, married a wife and set up a real home in Croton, N. Y.

"Is your marriage responsible for your new ideas about marriage?" I questioned, frankly. "Is it a case of 'Philip drunk, Philip sober'—Philip the bachelor, Philip the husband?" Mr. Dell smiled a bit shyly. "Those things I said to you five years ago were perhaps not so many of my ideas as my experiments with ideas," he observed. "I should rather say that the change in my beliefs led to my marriage, than that my marriage was responsible for the change. And I'm far from being alone in the present point of view. I think it is shared by many of the younger generation. As one man said to me the other night, 'Ten years ago we were talking Havelock Ellis and single beds at home, now we're talking Freud and double beds.'"

"What young people today are asking themselves is, 'What do I want?' The answer, in the case of marriage, is that 'I—the normal individual—want a home, want a husband or wife, want children.' Very well, then. Let me take what I sincerely desire, even if, after an honest examination of my desires, I find I'm getting back to the Decalogue."

"In short we feel that nothing much is wrong with marriage, although there may be a lot to change in the social conditions that surround it."

Then I asked Mr. Dell about the "caveman stuff," which he seems to advocate in "The Briary Bush," as a method of keeping home happy.

"Of course," he explained, "no woman wants to be nagged and hectored by the man she marries. In some unions the woman is unmistakably superior, and the man is content to have it so. But I believe that, in the average marriage, the man's natural role is that of the caveman who guards, protects, pro-

## Old-Fashioned Marriages Best, Now Says Floyd Dell, Not the Week-End Unions

Author of Brilliant Novels of Modern Marriage Has Become a Convert and Recants His Radicalism of Five Years Ago—Advocates Conventionality.

By MARGUERITE MOORE MARSHALL

"TO make a success of marriage we must be cavemen and cavewomen—not cowards." That, modestly added Floyd Dell, author of "The Briary Bush," one of the latest and most brilliant novels of modern marriage, "is not my own. I believe it to be the conclusion which most of the young men and women of my generation are reaching. From ideas of individual freedom, separate domiciles for husband and wife and that sort of thing, we are getting back to the traditional view of married life—not because it is traditional, but because it is what we really want and we are sincere enough to say so."

I had asked Mr. Dell to discuss marriage for two reasons: First the book which contains his present ideas on the subject, and which is published by Alfred A. Knopf, has been called one of the best two best books of the year. Secondly, the book's conclusion, so startling in its sheer conventionality that, after all, the best marriage is the sort that mother used to make in complete contrast to the radical young author's own beliefs five years ago.

He then frankly advocated week-end matrimony, long before Fanny's protagonist. In an interview which he gave me he said: "Why should not the wife live with her family and the husband with his? Why should not the man do likewise? Then they could meet when and where they chose. Why should love with civilization or encumber civilization with love?"

"Marriage is an iniquitous arrangement devised by the devil himself for driving all the love out of the hearts of lovers. The whole story of marriage is told in the old riddle: 'Why do birds in their nests agree? Because if they don't they'll fall out.' Marriage is a nest so small that there is no room in it for disagreement. Now it may be all right for birds to agree, but human beings are not birds. They disagree, and home becomes a little hell."

If you are wise, you will build yourselves a little nest secure in the heart of civilization, and you will run away together to that nest whenever you are in the mood. And then you will come back refreshed to civilization and do your work in peace."

All of which I quoted with emphasis when I met again, in the office of The Liberator, of which he is an editor, this slight, pale, quiet young man with the high fine forehead and the blue-gray eyes set wide apart. Mr. Dell, ten years ago was more than his looks in the last five years; during which he has published three clever books, married a wife and set up a real home in Croton, N. Y.

"Is your marriage responsible for your new ideas about marriage?" I questioned, frankly. "Is it a case of 'Philip drunk, Philip sober'—Philip the bachelor, Philip the husband?" Mr. Dell smiled a bit shyly. "Those things I said to you five years ago were perhaps not so many of my ideas as my experiments with ideas," he observed. "I should rather say that the change in my beliefs led to my marriage, than that my marriage was responsible for the change. And I'm far from being alone in the present point of view. I think it is shared by many of the younger generation. As one man said to me the other night, 'Ten years ago we were talking Havelock Ellis and single beds at home, now we're talking Freud and double beds.'"

"What young people today are asking themselves is, 'What do I want?' The answer, in the case of marriage, is that 'I—the normal individual—want a home, want a husband or wife, want children.' Very well, then. Let me take what I sincerely desire, even if, after an honest examination of my desires, I find I'm getting back to the Decalogue."

"In short we feel that nothing much is wrong with marriage, although there may be a lot to change in the social conditions that surround it."

Then I asked Mr. Dell about the "caveman stuff," which he seems to advocate in "The Briary Bush," as a method of keeping home happy.

"Of course," he explained, "no woman wants to be nagged and hectored by the man she marries. In some unions the woman is unmistakably superior, and the man is content to have it so. But I believe that, in the average marriage, the man's natural role is that of the caveman who guards, protects, pro-

vides for his wife and family, and that the woman prefers him in such a role.

"It seems to me, also, that the average woman's most profound instinct for self-expression is through motherhood, and the care of her home. She may not realize this; she may desire other forms of expression, and it is a pity that society so often makes a choice necessary between motherhood and all other roles. Yet when the choice must be made, I believe the normal woman, like the cave-woman, will find her deepest satisfaction in having children."

"What else is marriage for? If it weren't for the children, there is no reason why we shouldn't take our love affairs as casually as our friendships. But we know, beyond any doubt, that a home is the best environment for the child. So far we haven't even Government support for it, whatever we may do in the future. Therefore, for the child's sake, we must have the individual home in which the mother cares for the child while the father supports them both."

"Are you opposed to the idea of the self-supporting wife?" I inquired. "The mere fact that a woman is married should not bar her from earning money," he replied. "But if, through earning her husband and she both lose—he in his sense of dignity as a protector, and she in her opportunity for motherhood, then I think the marriage suffers."

"What about the conventional objections to conventional marriage and home life—that the husband and wife are bored and get on each other's nerves?"

"These objections doubtless hold in the case of neurotic artists, who therefore would be well advised to practice week-end matrimony and be happy. For it's always best to be happy," threw in Mr. Dell, with his temperate little smile.

"But the normal man and woman, who are not neurotic, who are in love with each other, who are young, can live happily in the same home. In fact, that's the way they want to live. Marriage has not lasted all these centuries because people were compelled by law to live together, but because they wanted to live together. They've thought it was fun."

He even has a good word for wifely jealousy in "The Briary Bush," and he explained why when I asked him about it.

"The man who marries," he said, "expects to make the vow of faithfulness and wants his wife to hold him to it. If she tells him he is free, he either doesn't believe she means it—or, if he does believe, that doesn't please him, either. The great value of laws and prohibitions is that we are thus spared the necessity of making decisions. If a woman objects to her husband playing about, he can accept her decision. He doesn't have to stop and think. 'Now shall I—or shall I not?'"

"Also, if a man becomes convinced that his wife is willing to have him pay attention to another woman, he can't help feeling that she—the wife—doesn't really care for him. Jealousy that is not merely neurotic is the alarm call of love. It is the sign that something is wrong. Incidentally, it should make the jealous man or woman look to his or her fences, consider how he or she may have failed the loved one."

"Then you agree with W. L. George that freedom and marriage are incompatible states?" I summed up.

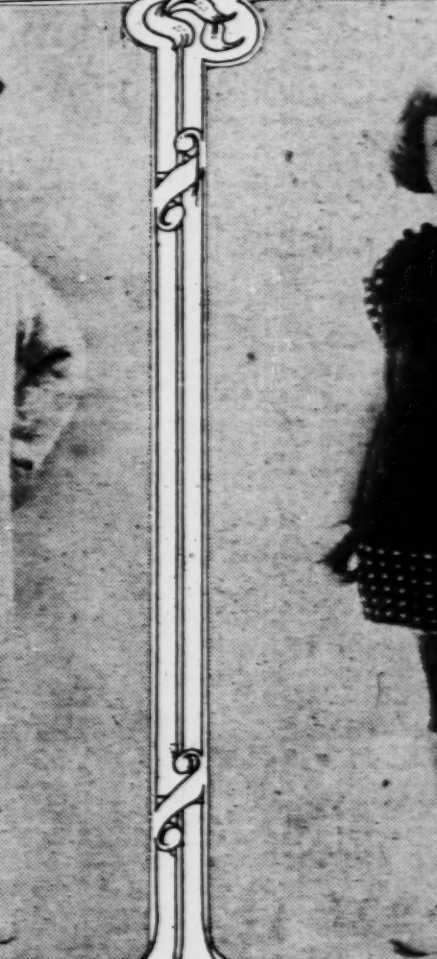
"There is nothing very noble about freedom when it means the evasion of responsibilities," argued Floyd Dell, with his quiet, almost shy, earnestness. "When the married talk about being 'free,' they usually mean dodging children and the support of their natural wants. The devotees of 'freedom' simply are cowards who are afraid of accepting their gifts."

"Freedom, as I see it, means the power of choice. You are free to go to lunch at one of two restaurants. But after you have chosen, that very choice has fixed a limit on your freedom. Likewise, you are free to marry or not to marry. But after you have married, freely exercising your

## Some Suggestions for Dressing



BEIGE WOOLLEN JERSEY COMBIE



SLIP ON FROCK OF TRICOT



LITTLE SWEATER OF FUR

## CHILD TRAINING AT HOME

One of a series of articles issued by the National Kindergarten Association  
MARTYRS AND MENACES

By MARGARET STEEL HARD.

WE are all familiar with the memorable scene enacted in Mrs. Ruggles' kitchen (The Bird's Christmas Carol) when Mrs. Ruggles, distraught and determined, struggled to implant the rules of polite behavior in the minds of her nine harum-scarum youngsters during the space of a few fleeting hours. The scene was occasioned by their almost immediate appearance at Mrs. Bird's dinner-table and their mother's terror lest they conduct themselves in too outrageous a manner.

Today, mothers are confronted with the same problem; though in a less acute and humorous degree. Children go forth to take part in a larger group than the immediate family one, and unless we have managed wisely and surely from the very beginning, we are beset with the same misgivings which Mrs. Ruggles endured; the almost certain knowledge that they may cause us mortification and chagrin.

It may be in the home that this realization comes. How many mothers, entertaining a caller, have suffered vexation because of the wilful demands and interruptions of an ill-behaved child? How many have experienced the disagreeable surprise of finding that habit of untidiness, inconsiderateness and inattention, overlooked at home, become appalling stumbling blocks at school. Outsiders look upon this child with mingled indignation and pity. Indignation that his parents have allowed things to come to such a pass; pity that the child must face existence so handicapped at the start.

The mistaken devotion which takes for granted that all restriction to a child's desires means deprivation, which cannot bear to see a child suffer temporary disappointment or punishment, allows him to develop an individuality which later will sap and prey upon all other individuals with whom he comes in contact.

The mother who trails after her power of choice, again by your own act you have limited your freedom. "Freedom," this new young advocate of matrimonial bondage would up with crisp contempt, "is always worth sacrificing for the sake of getting something done!"

So let the whither-do-we-drifters cheer up. Here's the word of one of the leaders of the much-berated "younger generation" that regular, old-fashioned marriage is best—avoid all substitutes!

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MAIL ORDERS GIVEN PROMPT ATTENTION

**UNCOMMON SENSE**

By JOHN BLAKE

**The Unpaid Debt.**

PERHAPS, when you arrived in it, the world owed you a living. You didn't ask to come. You were born helpless, without ideas, without the ability to get your own food. A new-born kitten was an intellectual giant compared to you.

But the world began paying its debt to you very promptly. If you had not been fed, and clothed, and more or less tenderly cared for the first few years of your life, you wouldn't be here now.

And it was not for what in the life of any of the lower animals would be a long time that you were compelled to go out and do anything for yourself.

And when you did go out, you discovered, if you were observing, that a great deal had already been accomplished for you.

Everything that you needed to eat or to wear was to be had in exchange for some sort of labor that was possible to you.

When you wanted bread, you did not have to plant and harvest wheat, and grind it into meal. That had been already done. The bread was there, at a price that it was in your power to pay.

Clothing was there, too, in the same condition—ready made. To secure it all you needed was to work—at something your hands knew how to do.

Even thought was to be had for the working—the thought of other men—of all the other men who had gone before you.

There it was, neatly printed, and bound into books—yours at an astonishingly low price.

So the world, after all, had made good its debt. And in the years that followed, the world, instead of a debtor, was probably your creditor. It gave you life, and beauty, and warmth, and considerable happiness, all at prices that your ancestors would have regarded as extremely reasonable.

In return you gave it—what?

A little useful labor, perhaps—just what you were compelled to give it to "get along."

But the debt remained, and probably will remain, yours to the end of your life. For only by supreme effort can anyone give the world as much as the world gave him—and thus get square.

Shakespeare and a few thousand others left the world still its creditor. But the most of us, though the world may have owed us a living at birth, soon became burdened with a debt to it that we never discharge—not even by paying the "debt to nature."

(Copyright, 1921.)



## MY FAVORITE STORIES

By IRVIN S. COBB

(One of a series of short funny stories by the celebrated American humorist which appear daily in the Post-Dispatch on this page.)



## THE VOICE OF PROTEST.

A DISTINGUISHED Bishop of the African Methodist Episcopal Church in North Carolina was entertaining a number of his preachers at a chicken supper, following the holding of the annual conference.

Except one very small and very black presiding elder, all present were of an impressive size and bearing. So probably it was only natural that in serving the guests the host should entirely overlook the little man.

Presently the time came for replenishing the plates, and now the Bishop saw the small figure wedged in behind two wide, broadclothed forms.

"Brother Jones," he inquired in his best pulpit voice, "will you have more chicken?"

"More!" shrieked Brother Jones, indignantly—"more? Huh! I ain't never had SOME yit!"

(Copyright, 1922.)

## METROPOLITAN MOVIES

By GENE CARR



"Bookbinders—bookkeepers—booksellers—boots—boot-makers"  
"Maybe I can help you find what you're looking for."  
"No use—I guess bootleggers are not listed yet."

## MORE TRUTH THAN POETRY

By James J. Montague.



## NOT SO ATTRACTIVE.

In the days when a King of a Balkan domain  
Lived the life we ascribe to one Rellly,  
When people delighted basked in his reign  
And valued their potentate highly,  
When he dwelt in a palace where care was unknown  
And was not allowed to intrude there,  
You will find that he clung to his little old throne  
As if he were actually glued there.

When one day he sickened, and presently died,  
And it fell that another was needed,  
There always were plenty of princes outside  
All ready to rule the way he did.  
And on every train that was bound to the town  
Came nobles of unquestioned merit  
All willing and eager to beg for the crown  
And establish their fitness to wear it.

Today, though the throne has been vacant a year—  
A throne that men once would have died for—  
And want-ads sent out through the land far and near,  
It hasn't been applied for.  
All the princes they've offered it to over there  
Have haughtily muttered "No thanks!"  
And so the Albanians, quite in despair,  
Have hurriedly sent for a Yankee.

All Yankees supposedly long for a throne,  
With a fierce and incurable mania,  
They yearn for a scepter and crown of their own,  
Although they are both in Albania.  
We don't want to pose, in this sapient song,  
As a skeptic, a scolder or scoffer,  
But we feel that this throne has been vacant so long  
That there must be some string to the offer!



## EDUCATIONAL.

The discussions about the open door have taught a lot of our fellow citizens that there is something in China besides laundries.

## CURIOUS PHENOMENON.

False teeth cost more than formerly, yet they are not a bit falseer than those bought 20 years ago.

(Copyright, 1921.)

## MUTT AND JEFF—YES, SOME PREDICTIONS ARE VERY UNRELIABLE—By BUD FISHER

(Copyright, 1921, by H. C. Fisher. Registered U. S. Patent Office.)



## S'MATTER, POP?—EASY COME! EASY GO!—By C. M. PAYNE

(Copyright, 1921.)



## BUNDLES ARE LIKE INSURANCE—YOU CAN'T ESCAPE 'EM—By RUBE GOLDBERG

(Copyright, 1921.)



## FOOLISH QUESTIONS—NO. 61.307

HEY, PORTER, ARE YOU BUSY?

NO, SUH—AH'M TAKIN' DE REST &amp; CURE

IN DE HOSPITAL

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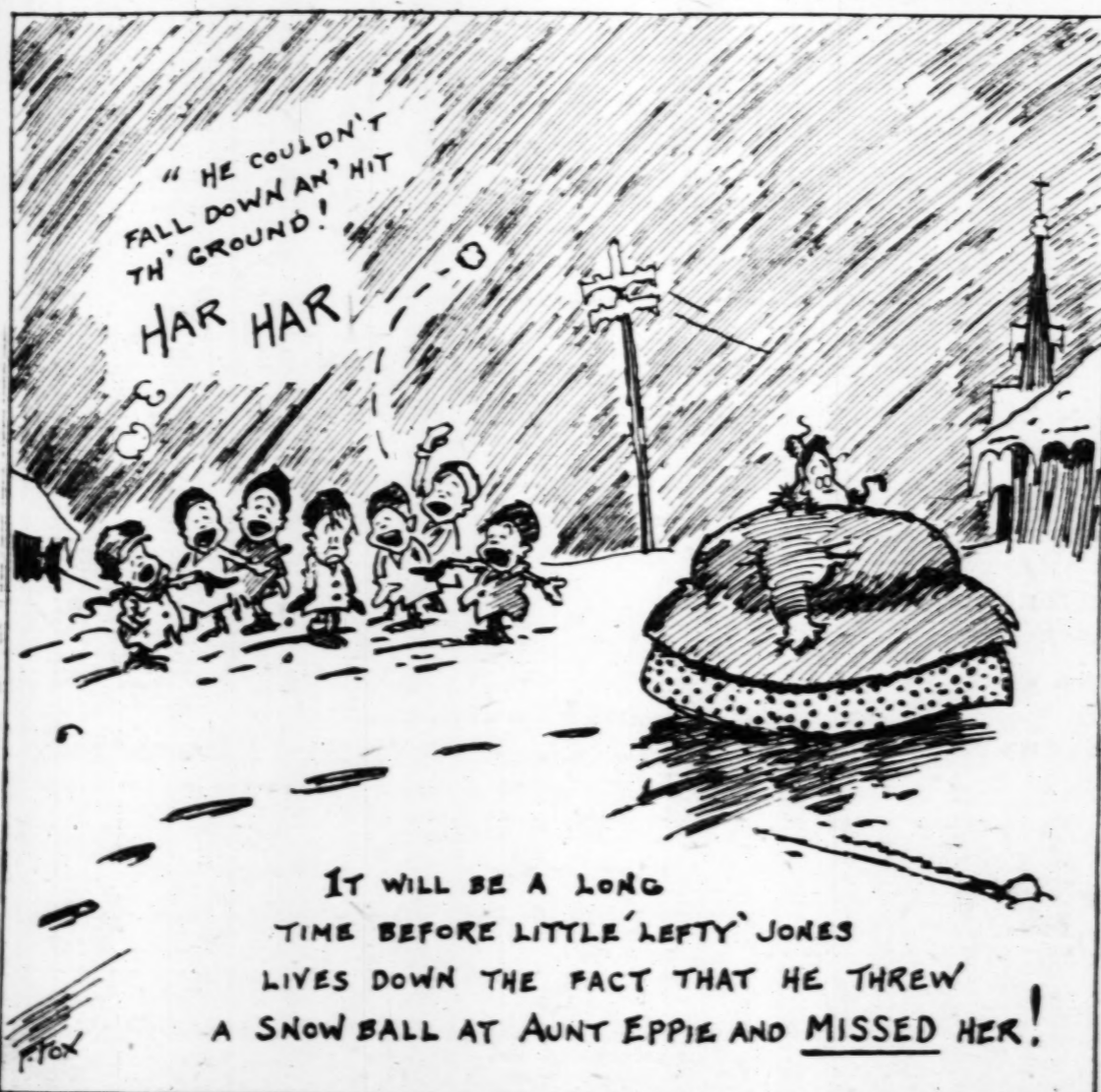
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## Aunt Eppie Hogg, the Fattest Woman in Three Counties—By Fontaine Fox.



## Lost.

"Why so pensive, Ella?"  
"I have just lost \$5,000,000."  
"What a—!"  
"Yes, Mr. Smith has broken our engagement."—Lustige Blatter (Berlin).

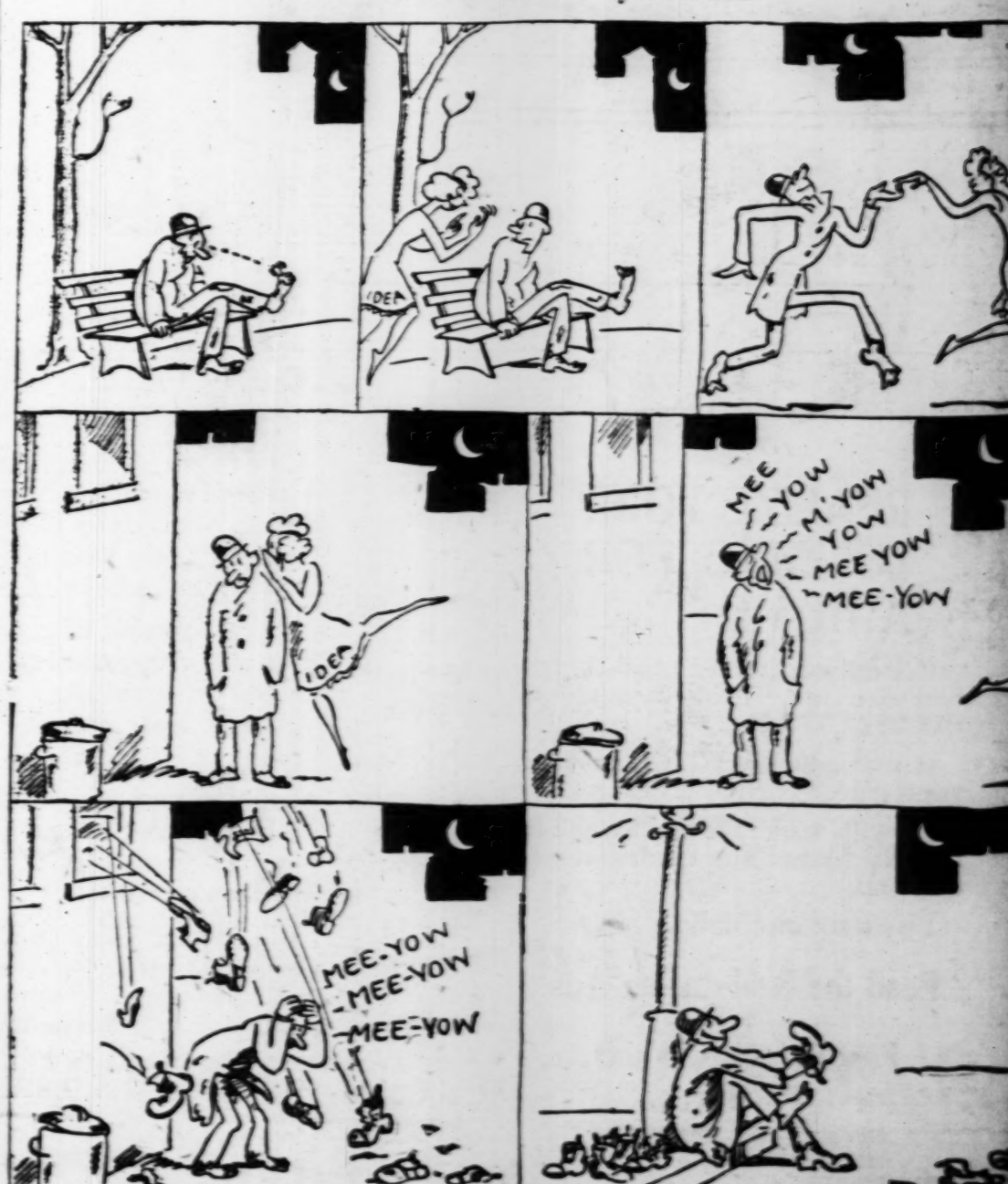
## On Probation.

"A woman never takes any stock in this lifelong devotion business."  
"What say?"  
"After a man has been devoted for 20 years he's merely on probation."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

## Main Chance.

Hub: That new partner of mine is never satisfied. He wants everything he sees.  
Wife: You must hurry and introduce our daughter to him.—Boston Transcript.

## ONCE UPON A TIME—By FRUEH

MAJ. OPIE TELLS  
SENATORS THE  
NEVER SHOTTestimony Follows  
Another Witness  
Saw 10 Men Had  
Sur-Tille.WAR RECORDS  
TWO HANGEDOne Witness Says  
Major Shoot  
Dugout; Part of  
Money Contra

By the Associated Press.  
WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—Major L. O. Opie, commander of the 18th Infantry, overseas, today before a Senate committee there was truth in charges by Frenchmen that he had shot down a man in battle.

The committee is here in connection with charges against Watson of Georgia. Previously, Herbert of Greenville, Miss., former service man, his "18 or 22" men, executed. The War Department previously submitted soldiers were hanged and that a total of 11 hanged in France at by general court-martial.

The witness did not many had been tried, men hanged, he said, men on the gallows. One of those put to a 7-year-old girl, he witness went over the claimed to have seen. Cadenhead produced photographs of purp scenes.

Criticism by Watson, as set forth to Senator Watson, French people should permitted to see the Braniffes asked.

"Yes, sir." "See any barbarity that some of the me doped."

Pressed by Chairman Cadenhead said all he saw were around. At this point C. Bethel, who was G. Judge-Advocate Gen. stated that of the 11 by the War Depart place in December, 1915, and the others the armistice.

Cadenhead declared feeling against officer voluntarily offered to after seeing the stat that there were only at in-Sur-Tille.

"I had seen more said, "and it seemed some officers were a Senator Brandegee denhead could prod support his state mented "Andrew Sal plained that the spe lum," and that he burst, Long Island, be summoned.

Says He Saw So Two witnesses call to charges that Maj. ion, Va., had shot France, were excus developed they had knowledge of the m

A moment later, H. O. Smith of Dublin been in an institution since the war, declar Opie shoot a soldier

While in a dugout comrades and four "era," said Smith, "I take a gun and de a man. The man William Woolwine a dugout, about 10 it. Opie was 10 a wine."

"What did Maj. O asked. "He said: "hine out."

"What was said ig?" "Not a wor Maj. Opie gave no

"How many sho One. It hit Woolv He was dead whe up."

Smith, in a letter said he had be the French and A ments, but in testin he had received on "Why did you a was asked. "A frie Continued on Pa